UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2024

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number: 001-40528

Sprinklr, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware	45-4771485
(State or other Jurisdiction of	(IRS Employer
Incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
441 9th Avenue, 12th Floor	
New York, NY	10001
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (917) 933-7800

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.00003 per share	CXM	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
Emerging growth company			

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🛛

As of May 31, 2024, the registrant had 148,652,353 shares of Class A common stock and 116,574,592 shares of Class B common stock, each with a par value of \$0.00003 per share, outstanding.

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Investors and others should note that we announce material financial information to our investors using our investor relations website, press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. We also use Sprinklr's blog and the following social media channels as a means of disclosing information about the Company, our products, our planned financials and other announcements and attendance at upcoming investor and industry conferences, and other matters. This is in compliance with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD:

- Sprinklr Company Blog (http://sprinklr.com/blog)
- Sprinklr LinkedIn Page (http://www.linkedin.com/company/sprinklr)
- Sprinklr X (formerly known as Twitter) Account (https:/x.com/sprinklr)
- Sprinklr Facebook Page (https://www.facebook.com/sprinklr/)
- Sprinklr Instagram Page (https://www.instagram.com/sprinklr)

In addition, investors and others can view Sprinklr videos on YouTube (https://www.YouTube.com/c/sprinklr).

Information posted through these social media channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, in addition to reviewing our press releases, SEC filings, public conference calls and webcasts, investors should monitor Sprinklr's blog and its other social media channels. The information we post through these channels is not a part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The channel list on how to connect with us may be updated from time to time and is available on https://www.sprinklr.com and our investor relations website.



SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements contained in this Form 10-Q other than statements of historical fact, including statements regarding our future operating results and financial position, our business strategy and plans and our objectives for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words "believe," "may," "will," "potentially," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "would," "project," "plan," "expect" and similar expressions that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning the following:

- our expectations regarding our revenue, expenses and other operating results;
- our ability to acquire new customers and successfully engage new and existing customers;
- our ability to achieve and maintain our profitability;
- future investments in our business, our anticipated capital expenditures and our estimates regarding our capital requirements;
- · the costs and success of our marketing efforts and our ability to promote our brand;
- our growth strategies for our Unified Customer Experience Management ("Unified-CXM") platform;
- our reliance on key personnel and our ability to identify, recruit and retain skilled personnel;
- · our ability to effectively manage our growth, including any international expansion;
- · our ability to obtain, maintain, protect, defend or enforce our intellectual property or other proprietary rights and any costs associated therewith;
- the effects of global economic uncertainty, including as a result of increases in inflation rates, higher interest rates, recent bank closures, and the Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Hamas wars (including an escalation or geographical expansion of these conflicts) on our business, financial condition and share price;
- · our ability to compete effectively with existing competitors and new market entrants; and
- the growth rates of the markets in which we compete.

You should not rely on forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and operating results. The outcome of the events described in these forward-looking statements is subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors described in the section titled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q. The results, events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur, and actual results, events or circumstances could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based on information available to us as of the date of this Form 10-Q. And, while we believe that information provides a reasonable basis for these statements, that information may be limited or incomplete. Our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain, and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely on these statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures or investments.

Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Sprinklr," "the Company," "we," "our," "us" or similar references in this Form 10-Q refer to Sprinklr, Inc. and its subsidiaries.



Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Assets Image: Current assets Cach and cach equivalents \$ 126.815 \$ 164.024 Marketable securities 483.264 498,531 Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$6.2 million and \$5.3 million, respectively 187,772 267,731 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 85.960 700,000 Code will and other intragible assets 50,086 50,145 Operating lease right-of-use assets 108,840 100,0376 Operating lease right-of-use assets 108,840 108,755 Othat assets 108,840 108,755 Ital assets \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Current assets \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Current assets \$ 10,613 \$ 3,4691 Accounts payable \$ 1,91,613 \$ 3,4691 Accounts payable \$ 1,91,613 \$ 1,91,613		Α	April 30, 2024		uary 31, 2024
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Property and equipment, net 32,758 32,176 Goodwill and other intangible assets 50,086 50,145 Operating lease assets 48,604 31,058 Other non-current assets 108,840 108,755 Total assets \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,223,100 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,223,100 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,224,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,24,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,91,63 \$ 3,691 Current liabilities and stockholders' equity 6,661 5,730 5,730 5,744 5,91,160 \$ 5,81,160 5,837 5,504 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 <	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		85,969		70,690
Goodwill and other intangible assets 50,086 50,145 Operating lease right-of-use assets 108,840 31,058 Other non-current assets 108,840 108,755 Total assets \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 1,223,110 Liabilities \$ 1,124,108 \$ 1,223,110 Accounts payable \$ 19,163 \$ 34,691 Accounts payable 64,271 93,187 Operating lease liabilities, current 64,271 93,187 Operating lease liabilities, current 64,0324 508,160 Deferred revenue 370,229 374,552 Total current liabilities, non-current 14,74 1,474 Deferred revenue, non-current 14,74 1,474 Operating lease liabilities, non-current 513,177 543,406 Counts pain and contingencies (Note 8) 513,177 543,406 Stockholders' equity 4 4 Class A common stock, 0,0003 par value, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 151,438,417 and 151,136,870 shares issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively	Total current assets		883,820		1,000,976
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Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 19,163 \$ 34,691 Accounts payable 64,271 93,187 Operating lease liabilities, current 6,661 5,730 Deferred revenue 370,229 374,552 Total current liabilities 460,324 508,160 Deferred revenue, non-current 710 506 Deferred revenue, non-current 11,474 1,474 Operating lease liabilities, non-current 513,177 5,704 Other liabilities, non-current 513,177 543,406 Commitments and contingencies (Note 8) 513,177 543,406 Stockholders' equity: Class A common stock, \$0,00003 par value, 2,000,0000 shares authorized; 115,438,417 and 151,136,870 shares issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively 4 4 Class B common stock, \$0,00003 par value, 31,0000,000 shares authorized; 116,675,616 and 122,128,581 shares issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively 4 4 Treasury stock, at cost, 14,130,784 shares as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively 23,831) (23,831) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (52,224) (38,36) (38,36) <td>Total assets</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,124,108</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,223,110</td>	Total assets	\$	1,124,108	\$	1,223,110
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Additional paid-in capital 1,205,948 1,182,150 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (5,224) (3,836) Accumulated deficit (565,970) (474,787) Total stockholders' equity 610,931 679,704			4		4
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (5,224) (3,836) Accumulated deficit (565,970) (474,787) Total stockholders' equity 610,931 679,704	Treasury stock, at cost, 14,130,784 and 14,130,784 shares as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively		(23,831)		(23,831)
Accumulated deficit (565,970) (474,787) Total stockholders' equity 610,931 679,704	Additional paid-in capital		1,205,948		1,182,150
Total stockholders' equity 610,931 679,704 0 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,224)		(3,836)
	Accumulated deficit		(565,970)		(474,787)
	Total stockholders' equity		610,931		679,704
		\$	1,124,108	\$	1,223,110

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended April 30,		
	 2024		2023
Revenue:			
Subscription	\$ 177,363	\$	157,665
Professional services	18,595		15,698
Total revenue	 195,958		173,363
Costs of revenue:			
Costs of subscription	32,570		27,476
Costs of professional services	 18,555		14,461
Total costs of revenue	51,125		41,937
Gross profit	 144,833		131,426
Operating expense:			
Research and development	22,539		20,761
Sales and marketing	87,484		89,202
General and administrative	 29,101		24,656
Total operating expense	139,124		134,619
Operating income (loss)	5,709		(3,193)
Other income, net	 7,500		4,759
Income before provision (benefit) for income taxes	13,209		1,566
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	2,575		(1,242)
Net income	\$ 10,634	\$	2,808
Net income per share, basic	\$ 0.04	\$	0.01
Weighted average shares used in computing net income per share, basic	271,664		265,584
Net income per share, diluted	\$ 0.04	\$	0.01
Weighted average shares used in computing net income per share, diluted	284,032		281,344

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended April 30,			
	 2024	2023		
Net income	\$ 10,634	\$ 2,808		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(594)	195		
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments, net of tax	(794)	95		
Total comprehensive income, net of tax	\$ 9,246	\$ 3,098		

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Commo	nd Class B on Stock	Additional Paid-in		ry Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Amount	Loss	Deficit	Equity
Balance at January 31, 2024	273,265	\$ 8	\$ 1,182,150	14,131	\$ (23,831)	\$ (3,836)	\$ (474,787)	\$ 679,704
Stock-based compensation - equity classified awards	_	_	14,156	_	_	_	—	14,156
Exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units	3,189	_	9,642	—	—	_		9,642
Common stock repurchased and retired, including accrued excise tax	(8,340)	—	_	—	—	—	(101,817)	(101,817)
Other comprehensive loss	—	_	_	—	—	(1,388)		(1,388)
Net income	—	—	_	—	—	—	10,634	10,634
Balance at April 30, 2024	268,114	\$ 8	\$ 1,205,948	14,131	\$ (23,831)	\$ (5,224)	\$ (565,970)	\$ 610,931
Balance at January 31, 2023	263,741	\$ 9	\$ 1,074,149	14,131	\$ (23,831)	\$ (4,384)	\$ (496,611)	\$ 549,332
Stock-based compensation - equity classified awards	_	_	13,730	_	_	_	—	13,730
Exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units	3,790	—	12,692	—	—	—	—	12,692
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	290	_	290
Net income	—	—		—	—	_	2,808	2,808
Balance at April 30, 2023	267,531	\$ 9	\$ 1,100,571	14,131	\$ (23,831)	\$ (4,094)	\$ (493,803)	\$ 578,852

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	 Three Months Ended April 30,		
	2024		2023
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 10,634	\$	2,80
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	4,508		3,51
Bad debt expense	1,038		15
Stock-based compensation, net of amounts capitalized	13,855		13,31
Non-cash lease expense	1,949		90
Deferred income taxes	(339)		(3,32
Net amortization/accretion on marketable securities	(4,452)		(3,59
Other non-cash items, net	79		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	78,646		28,13
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(15,824)		8,37
Other non-current assets	1,011		(17
Accounts payable	(15,103)		(8,19
Operating lease liabilities	(1,557)		(88
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(29,125)		(20,14
Deferred revenue	(3,665)		(2,72
Other liabilities	 57		38
Net cash provided by operating activities	 41,712		18,56
Cash flow from Investing activities:			
Purchases of marketable securities	(134,172)		(102,46
Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable securities	153,097		78,19
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,545)		(1,62
Capitalized internal-use software	 (2,977)		(2,68
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 13,403		(28,57
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	9,642		12,69
Payments for repurchase of Class A common shares	(99,984)		-
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(90,342)		12,69
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(1,231)		(19
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(36,458)		2,47
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	172,429		188,38
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 135,971	\$	190,86
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 1,656	\$	1,22
			,
Supplemental disclosure for non-cash investing and financing:			
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 19,676	\$	78
Accrued purchases of property and equipment	\$ 1,046	\$	61
Stock-based compensation expense capitalized in internal-use software	\$ 551	\$	67
Accrued for share repurchases, including excise tax	\$ 4,728	\$	-

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization and Description of Business

Description of Business

Founded in 2009, Sprinklr, Inc. ("Sprinklr" or the "Company") provides enterprise cloud software products that enable organizations to do marketing, advertising, research, care, sales and engagement across modern channels including social, messaging, chat and text through its Unified Customer Experience Management ("Unified CXM") software platform.

The Company was incorporated in Delaware in 2011 and is headquartered in New York, New York, USA with 20 operating subsidiaries globally.

2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, ("U.S. GAAP"), and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), regarding interim financial reporting. As permitted under those rules, certain footnotes or other financial information that are normally required by U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted, and accordingly the balance sheet as of January 31, 2024, and related disclosures, have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but do not include all of the information required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the Company's annual consolidated financial information of the Company's condensed consolidated financial information. The results of operations for the three months ended April 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year.

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto for the year ended January 31, 2024 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "2024 10-K") filed with the SEC on March 29, 2024.

There have been no material changes in the significant accounting policies as described in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2024 included in the 2024 10-K.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates and assumptions made in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, revenue recognition, fair value assumptions for stock-based compensation, software costs eligible for capitalization and the allowance on the Company's accounts receivable. The Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and on assumptions that it believes are reasonable and adjusts those estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates and assumptions.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Segments

The Company operates in one operating segment because the Company's offerings operate on its single Customer Experience Management Platform, the Company's products are deployed in a similar way, and the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), the chief executive officer, evaluates the Company's financial information and assesses the performance of the Company on a consolidated basis. The CODM does not receive discrete financial information about asset allocation, expense allocation, or profitability by product or geography. Because the Company operates in one operating segment, all required financial segment information can be found in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The following table reconciles cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash from the condensed consolidated balance sheets to amounts reported in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

(in thousands)	Apr	il 30, 2024	January 3	31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,815	\$	164,024
Restricted cash included in prepaid expenses and other current assets ⁽¹⁾		1,330		1,494
Restricted cash included in other non-current assets ⁽²⁾		7,826		6,911
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	135,971	\$	172,429

⁽¹⁾Consists primarily of cash that is restricted and is associated with certain credit card programs.

⁽²⁾Consists primarily of collateral for letters of credit issued in lieu of deposits on certain leases and customer contracts, as well as security deposits in lieu of letters of credit for customer contracts.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance

Changes in the allowance account for the periods presented were as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30,		
(in thousands)	2024	2023	
Allowance, beginning of period	\$ 5,267 \$	3,156	
(Write-offs) recovery of uncollectible accounts	(73)	137	
Provision for (recovery of) expected credit losses	1,044	(155)	
Allowance, end of period	\$ 6,238 \$	3,138	

Concentration of Risk and Significant Customers

The Company's financial instruments that are potentially subject to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Although the Company deposits its cash with multiple financial institutions, its deposits generally exceed federally insured limits.

To manage credit risk related to accounts receivable, the Company maintains an allowance for credit losses. The allowance is determined by applying a loss-rate method based on an aging schedule using the Company's historical loss rate. The Company also considers reasonable and supportable current and forecasted information in determining its estimated loss rates, such as external forecasts, macroeconomic trends, or other factors, including customers' credit risk and historical loss experience. The Company's accounts receivable at April 30, 2024 are derived from invoiced customers located primarily in North America and Asia.

No single customer accounted for more than 10% of total revenue during the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023.

In addition, the Company relies upon third-party hosted infrastructure partners globally to serve customers and operate certain aspects of its services, such as environments for development testing, training, sales demonstrations, and production usage. Given this, any disruption of or interference at the Company's hosted infrastructure partners would impact the Company's operations and could adversely impact its business.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Pending Adoption

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2023-07, Segment Reporting - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07") requiring an enhanced disclosure of significant segment expenses on an annual and interim basis. ASU 2023-07 is effective for the Company's annual periods beginning fiscal year 2025 and interim periods beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2026 on a retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2023-07 will have on its disclosures within its consolidated financial statements.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09,*Income Taxes - Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*("ASU 2023-09") requiring enhancements and further transparency to certain income tax disclosures, most notably the tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. ASU 2023-09 is effective for the Company's annual periods beginning fiscal year 2026, on a prospective basis and retrospective application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2023-09 will have on its disclosures within its consolidated financial statements.

3. Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenues primarily from (i) subscription revenue, which consists of subscription fees from customers accessing the Company's cloud-based software platform and applications, as well as related customer support services; and (ii) professional services revenue, which consists of fees associated with providing services that educate and assist the Company's customers with the configuration and optimization of the Company's software platform and applications. Professional services revenue also includes managed services fees where the Company's consultants work as part of its customers' teams to help leverage the subscription service to execute on their customer experience management goals.

Costs to Obtain Customer Contracts

Costs to obtain customer contracts, including commissions earned, that are considered incremental and recoverable are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the anticipated period of benefit. The Company determines the period of benefit by taking into consideration the length of its customer contracts, customer relationship period, technology lifecycle, and other factors. The Company currently estimates the period of benefit for which costs are amortized over to be five years. Sales commissions paid for renewals are not commensurate with commissions paid on the initial contract given the substantive difference in commission rates in proportion to their respective contract values. Amortization expense is recorded in sales and marketing expense within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts as of April 30, 2024 were \$132.2 million, of which \$39.5 million is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets and \$92.7 million within other non-current assets. Capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts as of January 31, 2024 were \$135.8 million, of which \$42.5 million is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets and \$93.4 million within other non-current assets.

During the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company amortized \$12.1 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, of costs to obtain customer contracts, included in sales and marketing expense.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists primarily of customer billings made in advance of performance obligations being satisfied and revenue being recognized. The Company recognized revenue of \$161.7 million and \$140.9 million for the three months ended April 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively, that was included in the deferred revenue balances at the beginning of the respective periods.

The Company receives payments from customers based on billing schedules as established in its contracts. Contract assets represent amounts for which the Company has recognized revenue in excess of billings pursuant to the revenue recognition guidance. At April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, contract assets were \$4.0 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, and were included in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Remaining Performance Obligation

Remaining Performance Obligation ("RPO") represents contracted revenues that had not yet been recognized and includes deferred revenues and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized in future periods. As of April 30, 2024, the Company's RPO was \$922.5 million, approximately \$570.4 million of which the Company expects to recognize as revenue over the next 12 months and the remaining balance will be recognized thereafter.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Disaggregation of Revenues

The Company disaggregates its revenue from contracts with customers by geographic region, as it believes that it best depicts how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of its revenues and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

The following table summarizes the revenue by region based on the shipping address of customers who have contracted to use the cloudbased software platform:

	Three	Three Months Ended April 30,		
(in thousands)	2024	2024 2023		
Americas	\$	15,268 \$	105,642	
EMEA		65,911	54,220	
Other		14,779	13,501	
Total revenue	\$	95,958 \$	173,363	

The United States was the only country that represented more than 10% of the Company's revenues, comprising \$07.0 million and \$98.1 million during the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

4. Marketable Securities

The following is a summary of available-for-sale marketable securities, excluding those securities classified within cash and cash equivalents on the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

	 April 30, 2024						
(in thousands)	Amortized Cost		Unrealized Gains		Unrealized Losses		Fair value
Corporate bonds	\$ 95,301	\$	14	\$	(72)	\$	95,243
Municipal bonds	995		—		(1)		994
U.S. government and agency securities	158,542		—		(254)		158,288
Certificates of deposit	64,129		18		(35)		64,112
Commercial paper	 164,739		19		(131)		164,627
Marketable securities	\$ 483,706	\$	51	\$	(493)	\$	483,264

	January 31, 2024						
(in thousands)	 Amortized Cost		Unrealized Gains		Unrealized Losses		Fair value
Corporate bonds	\$ 98,642	\$	71	\$	(10)	\$	98,703
Municipal bonds	982		3		_		985
U.S. government and agency securities	185,464		140		(33)		185,571
Certificates of deposit	46,496		48		(1)		46,543
Commercial paper	 166,595		155		(21)		166,729
Marketable securities	\$ 498,179	\$	417	\$	(65)	\$	498,531

As of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, the maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities did not exceed 12 months. Interest income from cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities was \$8.3 million and \$6.0 million for the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

There were 137 and 64 debt securities in an unrealized loss position as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively. The estimated fair value of these debt securities, for which an allowance for credit losses has not been recorded, was \$357.6 million and \$178.7 million as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively. There wereno expected credit losses recorded against the Company's investment securities as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024.

Unrealized losses on the Company's debt securities are not considered to be credit-related based upon an analysis that considered the extent to which the fair value is less than the amortized basis of a security, adverse conditions specifically related to the security, changes to credit rating of the instrument subsequent to Company purchase, and the strength of the underlying collateral, if any.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Refer to Note 5, Fair Value Measurements, for information about the fair value of the Company's fair value hierarchy for short-term marketable securities.

5. Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs utilized to determine such fair value:

	April 30, 2024			January 31, 2024						
(in thousands)		Level 1		Level 2	Total	 Level 1		Level 2		Total
Financial Assets:										
Cash Equivalents:										
Money market funds	\$	41,634	\$	—	\$ 41,634	\$ 52,647	\$	—	\$	52,647
U.S. government and agency securities		_		2,632	2,632	_		_		
Marketable Securities:										
Corporate bonds		_		95,243	95,243	_		98,703		98,703
Municipal bonds		_		994	994	_		985		985
U.S. government and agency securities		_		158,288	158,288	_		185,571		185,571
Certificates of deposit		_		64,112	64,112	_		46,543		46,543
Commercial paper				164,627	164,627	_		166,729		166,729
Total financial assets	\$	41,634	\$	485,896	\$ 527,530	\$ 52,647	\$	498,531	\$	551,178

The Company classifies its highly liquid money market funds within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued based on quoted market prices in active markets. The Company classifies its commercial paper, corporate and municipal debt securities, U.S. government and agency securities and certificates of deposit within Level 2 because they are valued using inputs other than quoted prices that are directly or indirectly observable in the market, including readily available pricing sources for the identical underlying security which may not be actively traded.

The Company's primary objective when investing excess cash is preservation of capital, hence the Company's marketable securities consist primarily of U.S. government and agency securities, high credit quality corporate debt securities and commercial paper. The Company has classified and accounted for its marketable securities as available-forsale securities, as it may sell these securities at any time for use in the Company's current operations or for other purposes, even prior to maturity. As of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, for fixed income securities that were in unrealized loss positions, the Company has determined that (i) it does not have the intent to sell any of these investments and (ii) it is not more likely than not that it will be required to sell any of these investments before recovery of the entire amortized cost basis. In addition, as of April 30, 2024, the Company anticipates that it will recover the entire amortized cost basis of such fixed income securities before maturity.

The Company regularly reviews the changes to the rating of its debt securities by rating agencies as well as reasonably monitors the surrounding economic conditions to assess the risk of expected credit losses. As discussed in Note 4, *Marketable Securities*, as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, there wereno securities that were in an unrealized loss position for more than 12 months. The Company has not recorded any impairments in the periods presented.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Balance Sheet Components

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	April 30, 2024	January 31, 2024
Prepaid hosting and data costs	\$ 20,912	\$ 1,673
Prepaid software costs	6,564	4,854
Prepaid marketing	1,444	1,208
Capitalized commissions costs, current portion	39,476	42,486
Contract assets	4,007	4,326
Security deposits, short-term	1,858	1,923
Taxes recoverable	3,409	3,561
Restricted cash	1,330	1,494
Employee advances	1,511	2,614
Other	5,458	6,551
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 85,969	\$ 70,690

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended April 30,			
(in thousands)	2024	2023		
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 1,605 \$	1,491		
Amortization expense for capitalized internal-use software	\$ 2,903 \$	2,028		

The Company capitalized internal-use software costs, including stock-based compensation, of \$3.5 million and \$3.4 million for the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	April 30, 2024	January 31, 2024
Bonuses	\$ 7,604	\$ 23,314
Commissions	5,106	18,502
Employee liabilities ⁽¹⁾	18,974	19,019
Purchased media costs ⁽²⁾	1,193	1,683
Accrued sales and use tax liability	8,706	8,522
Accrued income taxes	5,675	4,529
Accrued deferred contract credits	1,821	2,204
Vendor and travel costs payable	2,509	4,160
Professional services	1,282	1,142
Asset retirement obligation	395	400
Withholding taxes payable	1,168	944
Other	9,838	8,768
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 64,271	\$ 93,187

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$3.2 million and \$1.4 million of accrued employee contributions under the Company's 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") at April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Purchased media costs consist of amounts owed to the Company's vendors for the purchase of advertising space on behalf of its customers.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Leases

The Company has leases for corporate offices under non-cancelable operating leases with various expiration dates. The Company did not have any finance leases during the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023.

On August 2, 2023, the Company entered into a 10-year operating lease agreement for a new corporate headquarters located in New York, NY. The Company has the option to extend the term for 60 months, which is not included in our right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities as the lease renewal is not reasonably certain to be exercised. The lease commenced on April 29, 2024 with payments beginning in December 2024.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

	7	Three Months Ended April 30,					
(in thousands)		2024		2023			
Operating lease cost	\$	2,862	\$	2,395			
Variable lease cost		329		302			
Short-term lease cost		142		207			
Total lease cost	\$	3,333	\$	2,904			

The weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate were as follows:

	April 30, 2024	January 31, 2024
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	7.67	6.20
Weighted average discount rate	8.99 %	10.11 %

The maturities of lease liabilities under non-cancelable operating leases, net of lease incentives, were as follows:

(in thousands)	Apri	30, 2024
Fiscal year ended January 31, 2025 (remaining nine months)	\$	7,951
2026		10,205
2027		9,657
2028		8,191
2029		7,263
2030		1,540
Thereafter		27,769
Total minimum lease payments		72,576
Less: imputed interest		(20,983)
Total	\$	51,593



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Letters of Credit

In April 2023, the Company terminated its credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB"), while keeping its existing letters of credit in lieu of deposits on certain leases. As the Company no longer has a credit facility with SVB, it was required to collateralize these letters of credit with cash, totaling approximately \$1.3 million outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, which the Company has therefore classified within restricted cash. Due to its long-term nature, this restricted cash is recorded within other non-current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During 2023, the Company entered into cash collateral agreements with J.P. Morgan Bank in lieu of a letter of credit facility, through which approximately **\$**.4 million and \$5.4 million is outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively. Due to its long-term nature, this restricted cash is recorded within other non-current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company, various subsidiaries, and certain current and former officers may be named as defendants in various lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings arising from the normal course of business. The Company also may become involved with contract issues and disputes with customers. With respect to litigation in general, based on the Company's experience, management believes that the amount of damages claimed in a case are not a meaningful indicator of the potential liability. Claims, suits, investigations and proceedings are inherently uncertain and it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of cases. The Company believes that it has valid defenses with respect to the legal matters pending against the Company and intends to vigorously contest each of them.

The Company makes a provision for a liability relating to legal matters when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These provisions are reviewed at least quarterly and adjusted to reflect the impacts of negotiations, estimated settlements, legal rulings, advice of legal counsel and other information and events pertaining to a particular matter. In management's opinion, resolution of all current matters is not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company's condensed consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial position. However, if an unfavorable ruling were to occur in any specific period, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations for that period. At April 30, 2024, the Company had no provision for liability under existing litigation.

Other Contractual Commitments

Other contractual commitments consist primarily of non-cancelable minimum guaranteed purchase commitments for various data, hosting and software services. During the three months ended April 30, 2024, the lease for the new corporate headquarters located in New York, NY commenced, which impacts the Company's cash requirements. See Note 7 *Leases* for additional information. There were no other significant changes in the Company's material cash requirements as compared to the material cash requirements from known contractual and other obligations described in the 2024 10-K.

9. Stockholders' Equity

On January 4, 2024, the Company announced that its board of directors authorized and approved a share repurchase plan (the "2024 Share Repurchase Program"), which authorizes the Company to periodically repurchase up to \$100 million of its Class A common stock through December 31, 2024. On March 26, 2024, the Company's board of directors approved an additional \$100 million of repurchases under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program. Repurchases are executed from time to time, subject to general business and market conditions and other investment opportunities, through open market or negotiated off market purchases effected pursuant to a written trading plan under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

During the three months ended April 30, 2024 the Company repurchased 8,340,641 shares of its Class A common stock for a cost of \$01.2 million including commissions. All of the Company's repurchases are subject to a one percent excise tax enacted by the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "IRA"). The Company also accrued excise taxes of \$0.6 million as part of the cost basis of shares acquired in its consolidated statement of stockholders' equity during the three months ended April 30, 2024. All of the shares repurchased have been retired. As of April 30, 2024, the remaining amount authorized for share repurchase under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program was \$69.4 million. Between May 1, 2024 and May 31, 2024, the Company purchased an additional 3,290,257 shares of its Class A common stock for a cost of \$0.1 million including commissions.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

10. Stock-Based Compensation

Equity Award Plans

The Company has two equity incentive plans, the Sprinklr, Inc. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan") and the Sprinklr, Inc. 2011 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2011 Plan"). The 2011 Plan was terminated as to future awards in June 2021 upon the adoption of the 2021 Plan, although it continues to govern the terms of any equity grants that remain outstanding under the 2011 Plan.

The 2021 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance-based stock units ("PSUs"), and other forms of awards to employees, directors and consultants, including employees and consultants of the Company's affiliates, as permitted by law.

In June 2021, the Company also adopted its ESPP, under which employees can purchase common stock through payroll deductions at a price equal to 15% of the lower of the fair market value of the Class A common stock on (i) the first trading day of each offering period and (ii) the last trading day of each related offering period.

Summary of Stock Option Activity

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the three months ended April 30, 2024 is as follows:

Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
(in thousands)		(in years)
23,267	\$ 6.66	5.9
(1,772)	5.46	
(274)	10.61	
21,221	\$ 6.71	5.7
		•
18,635	\$ 6.08	5.5
20,994	\$ 6.68	5.7
	Options (in thousands) 23,267 (1,772) (274) 21,221 18,635	Options Exercise Price (in thousands) 23,267 \$ 6.66 (1,772) 5.46 (274) 10.61 21,221 \$ 6.71 18,635 \$ 6.08

Summary of Restricted Stock Unit Activity

A summary of the Company's RSU activity for the three months ended April 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
	(in thousands)	
Outstanding as of January 31, 2024	9,259	\$ 12.61
Granted	4,872	12.34
Released	(1,417)	12.66
Forfeited	(1,236)	11.99
Outstanding as of April 30, 2024	11,478	\$ 12.55

Performance-Based Stock Units

As of April 30, 2024, the Company had 780,000 PSUs outstanding. These awards vest over a five-year period if certain performance and market conditions are met. The performance condition was met in June 2021 and the market conditions have not yet been met as of April 30, 2024. If the market conditions are not met on or prior to January 28, 2026, the associated awards will not vest and will be subsequently cancelled.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

Stock-based compensation expense included in operating results was allocated as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30,				
(in thousands)		2024		2023	
Costs of subscription	\$	283	\$	300	
Costs of professional services		317		403	
Research and development		2,574		3,067	
Sales and marketing		5,604		5,955	
General and administrative		5,077		3,585	
Stock-based compensation, net of amounts capitalized		13,855		13,310	
Capitalized stock-based compensation		551		670	
Total stock-based compensation	\$	14,406	\$	13,980	

11. Net Income Per Share

The Company has two classes of common stock: Class A common stock and Class B common stock. The rights of the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock are identical, except with respect to voting, conversion and transfer rights. As the liquidation and dividend rights are identical, the undistributed earnings are allocated on a proportionate basis to each class of common stock and the resulting basic and diluted net income per share attributable to common stockholders are, therefore, the same for both Class A and Class B common stock on both an individual and combined basis.

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders (the numerator) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (the denominator) for the period. Diluted net income per share is calculated by giving effect to all potential dilutive common stock equivalents, which includes stock options, restricted stock units and other awards.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share:

	Three Months Ended April 30,							
(in thousands, except per share data)		2024		2023				
Net income per share – basic:								
Numerator:								
Net income	\$	10,634	\$	2,808				
Denominator:								
Weighted-average shares outstanding used in computing net income per share, basic		271,664		265,584				
Net income per common share, basic	\$	0.04	\$	0.01				
Net income per share – diluted:								
Numerator:								
Net income	\$	10,634	\$	2,808				
Denominator:								
Weighted-average shares outstanding used in computing net income per share, basic		271,664		265,584				
Weighted-average effect of diluted securities:								
Stock options		8,523		12,339				
RSUs		3,334		3,115				
Common stock warrants		511		306				
Weighted-average shares outstanding used in computing net income per share, diluted		284,032		281,344				
Net income per common share, diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.01				



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Potentially dilutive securities that were not included in the diluted per share calculations because they would be anti-dilutive were as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30,				
(in thousands)	2024	2023			
Stock options	2,436	7,467			
PSUs	780	3,649			
RSUs	1,003	769			
ESPP	24	298			
Total shares excluded from net income per share	4,243	12,183			

12. Income Taxes

The Company computes its year-to-date provision for income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to year-to-date pretax income or loss and adjusts the provision for discrete tax items recorded in the period. During the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded an income tax provision of \$2.6 million and benefit of \$1.2 million, respectively.

The Company's effective tax rate generally differs from the U.S. federal statutory tax rate primarily due to a full valuation allowance related to the Company's U.S. deferred tax assets, partially offset by state taxes and the foreign tax rate differential on non-U.S. income. Additionally, following an assessment of the realizability of our deferred tax assets in Brazil and Japan, the Company released its previously established valuation allowances on these assets, resulting in a \$3.3 million tax benefit being recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2023.

The Company regularly evaluates the realizability of its deferred tax assets and establishes a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some or all the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence. As of April 30, 2024, the Company continues to maintain a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets of the U.S. entity only.

The IRA was signed into law on August 16, 2022. The bill was meant to address the high inflation rate in the U.S. through various climate, energy, healthcare, and other incentives. These incentives are meant to be paid for by the tax provisions included in the IRA, such as a new 15 percent corporate minimum tax, a new one percent excise tax on stock buybacks, additional IRS funding to improve taxpayer compliance, and other items. At this time, none of the IRA tax provisions are expected to have a material impact to the Company's fiscal year 2025 tax provision. The Company will continue to monitor for updates to the Company's business along with guidance issued with respect to the IRA to determine whether any adjustments are needed to the Company's tax provision in future periods.

13. Restructuring Charges

In February 2023, the Company implemented an approved plan for restructuring its global workforce by approximately4% to reduce operating costs and better align its workforce with the needs of its business. The majority of the associated costs, including severance and benefits, were incurred in the first half of fiscal year 2024. For the three months ended April 30, 2023, the Company incurred a total of \$5.2 million in restructuring costs of which \$5.0 million and \$0.2 million are recorded within sales and marketing expense and general and administrative expense, respectively, on the Company's condensed consolidated statement of operations. As of January 31, 2024, all restructuring costs had been paid.



Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Related Party Transactions

The Company engaged Lyearn Inc. ("Lyearn"), a learning management system company that is wholly owned by Ragy Thomas, our Founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, in connection with the provision of digital training services to the Company's employees and certain Sprinklr customers. The Company paid approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million to Lyearn in connection with the digital training services provided to employees during the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company made no payments to Lyearn in connection with the digital training services provided to a customer during each of the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Company recognized immaterial expenses during each of the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023. As of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, the Company had outstanding payables of \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, related to the arrangements.

With regard to the development of certain human productivity features for the Company, the Company is leveraging its collaborative relationship with Lyearn to serve Company imperatives in the areas of employee assessment, goal-setting, and activity measurement against goals, and other employee feedback and assessment, to assist and accelerate the Company's efforts to identify the optimal tools and processes that will be deployed long-term to meet these business imperatives. These collaborative services are provided to the Company by Lyearn at no cost.

This related party transaction has been reviewed and approved by the audit committee of the Company's board of directors.

15. Subsequent Events

On June 3, 2024, the Company's board of directors approved an additional \$100 million of repurchases under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q"), and our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2024 (the "2024 10-K"), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 29, 2024. This discussion, particularly information with respect to our future results of operations or financial condition, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties as described under the heading "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Form 10-Q. You should review the disclosure under the heading "Risk Factors" in this Form 10-Q. For a discussion of important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

Overview

Sprinklr empowers the world's largest and most loved brands to make their customers happier.

We do this with a new category of enterprise software – Unified Customer Experience Management ("Unified-CXM") – that enables every customer-facing function across the front office, from Customer Service to Marketing, to collaborate across internal silos, communicate across digital channels, and leverage a complete suite of capabilities to deliver better, more human customer experiences at scale – all on one unified, AI-powered platform.

Our Unified-CXM platform utilizes an architecture purpose-built for managing Customer Experience Management ("CXM") data and is powered by proprietary AI, collaborative workflow, seamless automation, broad-based listening and customer-led governance to help enterprises analyze massive amounts of unstructured and structured data.

We generate revenue from the sale of subscriptions to our Unified-CXM platform and related professional services. Our platform includes products that are licensed on a peruser basis as well as products that are licensed based on different tiers of volume.

We believe that our Unified-CXM platform is highly effective for organizations of all sizes, and we have a highly diverse group of customers across a broad array of industries and geographies. We focus primarily on selling our platform to large global enterprises, as we believe that we have significant competitive advantages attracting and serving such organizations given their complex needs and the broad capabilities our platform offers.

Our customers include global enterprises across a broad array of industries and geographies, as well as marketing agencies and government departments along with non-profit and educational institutions. Our customers are located in over 80 countries, and our AI powered CXM platform recognizes over 150 languages. We define our large customers as customers with greater than or equal to \$1.0 million in subscription revenue on a trailing 12-month basis, as of the period presented. As of April 30, 2024, we had 138 large customers, compared to 115 as of April 30, 2023.

Key Business Metrics

We review a number of operating and financial metrics, including the following key metrics, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans and make strategic decisions.

RPO and cRPO

Remaining Performance Obligation ("RPO") represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized and includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized in future periods. Current RPO ("cRPO") represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized and includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized in the next 12 months. As of April 30, 2024, our RPO expected to be recognized as revenue was \$922.5 million and our cRPO was \$570.4 million.

Net Dollar Expansion Rate

We believe that net dollar expansion rate ("NDE") is an indicator of the value that our platform delivers to customers. We calculate NDE to measure our ability to retain and expand subscription revenue from our existing customers. NDE compares our subscription revenue from the same set of customers across comparable periods and reflects customer renewals, expansion, contraction and churn. We calculate NDE by dividing (i) subscription revenue in the trailing 12-month period from those customers who were on our platform during the most recent prior 12-month period by (ii) subscription revenue from the same customers in the preceding prior 12-month period. This calculation is net of upsells, contraction, cancellation or expansion during the period but excludes subscription revenue from new customers. Our NDE, on a trailing 12-month basis, was 114.6% and 122.2% for the 12-month periods ending April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease year-over-year was driven by a combination of elevated churn exacerbated by the current macroeconomic environment.



Macroeconomic Considerations

Unfavorable conditions in the economy both in the United States and abroad may negatively affect the growth of our business and our results of operations. For example, macroeconomic events, including rising inflation, the U.S. Federal Reserve raising interest rates, recent bank closures, and the Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Hamas wars (including an escalation or geographical expansion of these conflicts), have led to economic uncertainty globally. Historically, during periods of economic uncertainty and downturns, businesses may slow spending on information technology, which may impact our business and our customers' businesses. While we have experienced growing inflationary pressures on the cost of wages, rent and data, the net result of inflationary impacts and our efforts to mitigate these impacts have not been material to us during the periods included in this report.

The effect of macroeconomic conditions may not be fully reflected in our results of operations until future periods. If, however, economic uncertainty increases or the global economy worsens, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be harmed. For further discussion of the potential impacts of macroeconomic events on our business, financial condition, and operating results, see the section titled "Risk Factors" included in Part II, Item 1A of this Form 10-Q and Part I, Item 1A of the 2024 10-K.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenue

We generate revenue from the sale of subscriptions to our Unified-CXM cloud-based software platform and related professional services.

Subscription revenue consists primarily of fees from customers accessing our proprietary Unified-CXM platform, as well as related support services. Subscription revenue is generally recognized ratably over the related contract term beginning on the commencement date of each contract, which is generally the date our service is made available to customers. Our subscriptions typically have a term of one to three years. Historically, we have experienced seasonality in our sales cycle, as a large percentage of our customers make their purchases in the fourth quarter of a given fiscal year and pay us in the first quarter of the subsequent year. This seasonality may be reflected to a much lesser extent, and sometimes may not be immediately apparent, in our revenue, due to the fact that we recognize subscription revenue over the term of the applicable subscription agreement.

Professional services revenue consists of fees associated with providing services that assist our customers with the configuration and optimization of our Unified-CXM software. These fees also include managed services fees where our consultants work as part of our customers' teams to help leverage the subscription services to execute on their customer experience management goals and enablement services which consist of initial design, configuration and education services.

Costs of Revenue

Costs of Subscription Revenue

Costs of subscription revenue consists primarily of costs to host our software platform, data costs, including cost of third-party data utilized in our platform, personnel-related expenses for our subscription and support operations personnel, including salaries, benefits, bonuses, stock-based compensation, professional fees, software costs, travel expenses, the amortization of our capitalized internal-use software and allocated overhead expenses, including facilities costs for our subscription and support operations. We expect that costs of subscription revenue will increase in absolute dollars as we expand our customer base and make continued investments in our cloud infrastructure and support organization.

Costs of Professional Services Revenue

Costs of professional services revenue consists primarily of personnel-related expenses for our professional services personnel, professional fees, software costs, subcontractor costs, travel expenses and allocated overhead expenses, including facilities costs, for our professional services organization. We expect that our costs of professional services revenue will increase in absolute dollars as we expand our customer base.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Gross profit is total revenue less total costs of revenue. Gross margin is gross profit expressed as a percentage of total revenue. We expect that gross profit and gross margin will continue to be affected by various factors, including our pricing, our mix of revenues and the costs required to deliver those revenues.

Our gross margin on subscription revenue is significantly higher than our gross margin on professional services revenue, and as a result our gross margin may vary from period to period if our mix of revenue or costs of revenue fluctuates. In addition, because personnel-related expenses represent the largest component in costs of professional services revenue, we may experience changes in our professional services gross margin due to the timing of delivery of those services. We expect that our gross margin may vary from period to period.



Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses consist of research and development, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense consists primarily of costs relating to the maintenance, continued development and enhancement of our cloud-based software platform and includes personnel-related expense for our research and development organization, professional fees, travel expenses and allocated overhead expenses, including facilities costs. Research and development expenses are expensed as incurred, except for internal-use software development costs that qualify for capitalization. We expect research and development expenses in absolute dollars as we continue to invest in enhancing and expanding the capabilities of our Unified-CXM platform.

Sales and Marketing Expense

Sales and marketing expense consists primarily of personnel-related expenses for our sales and marketing organization, professional fees, software costs, advertising, marketing, promotional and brand awareness activities, travel expenses and allocated overhead expense, including facilities costs. Sales commissions earned by our sales force are considered incremental and recoverable costs of obtaining a contract with a customer and are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit. We expect sales and marketing expense to generally increase in absolute dollars as we continue to drive the growth of our business. We continue to optimize our sales and marketing expense and seek efficiencies in our investments.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense includes personnel costs associated with administrative services, such as legal, human resources, information technology, accounting, and finance functions, as well as professional fees, software costs, travel expenses and allocated overhead expense, including facilities costs and any corporate overhead expenses not allocated to other expense categories.

We expect our general and administrative expense to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to grow our business. We also anticipate that we will incur additional costs for employees and third-party consulting services, which may cause our general and administrative expense to fluctuate as a percentage of revenue from period to period.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net, consists of interest income on invested cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities, interest expense, foreign currency transaction gains and losses and other expenses and gains.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes consists primarily of income taxes related to foreign and U.S. jurisdictions in which we conduct business. Our annual estimated effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to a full valuation allowance related to our U.S. deferred tax assets, partially offset by U.S. current state taxes and foreign tax rate differential on non-U.S. income and discrete items relating to releases of valuation allowances in certain foreign jurisdictions.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our condensed consolidated statements of operations data for the periods indicated:

	Three	Three Months Ended April 30,						
(in thousands)	2024		2023					
Revenue:								
Subscription	\$	177,363 \$	157,665					
Professional services		18,595	15,698					
Total revenue		195,958	173,363					
Costs of revenue:								
Costs of subscription ⁽¹⁾		32,570	27,476					
Costs of professional services (1)		18,555	14,461					
Total costs of revenue		51,125	41,937					
Gross profit		144,833	131,426					
Operating expense:								
Research and development ⁽¹⁾		22,539	20,761					
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾		87,484	89,202					
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾		29,101	24,656					
Total operating expense		139,124	134,619					
Operating income (loss)		5,709	(3,193)					
Other income, net		7,500	4,759					
Income before provision (benefit) for income taxes		13,209	1,566					
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		2,575	(1,242)					
Net income	\$	10,634 \$	2,808					

 $^{(1)}$ Includes stock-based compensation expense, net of amounts capitalized, as follows:

	Three Months Ended						
(in thousands)		2024		2023			
Costs of subscription	\$	283	\$	300			
Costs of professional services		317		403			
Research and development		2,574		3,067			
Sales and marketing		5,604		5,955			
General and administrative	_	5,077	_	3,585			
Stock-based compensation expense, net of amounts capitalized	\$	13,855	\$	13,310			

The following table sets forth our condensed consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of total revenue⁽¹⁾:

	Three Months Ende	ed April 30,
	2024	2023
Revenue:		
Subscription	91 %	91 %
Professional services	9 %	9 %
Total revenue	100 %	100 %
Costs of revenue:		
Costs of subscription	17 %	16 %
Costs of professional services	9 %	8 %
Total costs of revenue	26 %	24 %
Operating expense:		
Research and development	12 %	12 %
Sales and marketing	45 %	51 %
General and administrative	15 %	14 %
Total operating expense	71 %	78 %
Operating income (loss)	3 %	(2)%
Other income, net	4 %	3 %
Income before provision (benefit) for income taxes	7 %	1 %
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	1 %	(1)%
Net income	5 %	2 %

⁽¹⁾ Totals may not foot due to rounding

Comparison of the Three Months Ended April 30, 2024 and 2023

Revenue

	Three Months Ended April 30,						
(in thousands)		2024		2023	:	\$ Change	% Change
Subscription	\$	177,363	\$	157,665	\$	19,698	12 %
Professional services		18,595		15,698		2,897	18 %
Total revenue	\$	195,958	\$	173,363	\$	22,595	13 %

The increase in subscription revenue was primarily due to (i) an increase in revenue from existing customers driven by the purchase of additional quantities of current subscription solutions and additional add-on solutions within our platform and (ii) an increase in demand for our solutions from new customers.

The increase in professional services revenue was primarily due to increased managed services and implementations performed in the three months ended April 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period.

Costs of Revenue and Gross Margin

	Three Months	Ended	April 30,		
(in thousands)	2024		2023	\$ Change	% Change
Costs of subscription revenue	\$ 32,570	\$	27,476	\$ 5,094	19 %
Costs of professional services revenue	18,555		14,461	4,094	28 %
Total costs of revenue	\$ 51,125	\$	41,937	\$ 9,188	22 %
Gross margin - subscription	82 %	ó	83 %		
Gross margin - professional services	0 %	6	8 %		

The increase in costs of subscription revenue was primarily due to (i)higher costs related to third-party cloud infrastructure necessary to meet our increased customer demand, which included a \$3.6 million increase in our data and hosting costs and (ii) a \$0.9 million increase in the amortization of capitalized research and development costs.

The increase in costs of professional services revenue was partially due to (i) a\$2.3 million increase in subcontractor costs and (ii) higher personnel-related costs of \$1.6 million as a result of increased headcount.

Gross margin for subscription decreased by 1 percentage point, primarily driven by increased costs associated with third-party cloud infrastructure and data Gross margin for professional services decreased by 8 percentage points as we increased our investment in Contact Center as a Service ("CCaaS") service delivery personnel in the first quarter of fiscal year 2025 to support future growth in our CCaaS solution.

Research and Development Expense

	Three Months					
(in thousands)	2024		2023	\$ Change	% Change	
Research and development	\$ 22,539	\$	20,761	\$ 1,778	9	%
% of revenue	12 %	5	12 %			

The increase in research and development expense was primarily due to (i) a \$0.7 million increase in research and development personnel costs resulting from an increase in headcount of research and development employees as we continue to add to and enhance our product, (ii) a \$0.5 million increase in rent and facilities-related costs and (iii) an increase in recruiting costs of \$0.3 million.

Sales and Marketing Expense

	 Three Months l	_			
(in thousands)	2024	2023		\$ Change	% Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 87,484	\$ 89,202	\$	(1,718)	(2) %
% of revenue	45 %	51 %			

The decrease in sales and marketing expense was primarily due to the net impact of (i) a \$5.0 million decrease in restructuring costs as we restructured our global workforce during the three months ended April 30, 2023, (ii) an increase in personnel costs of \$1.9 million as a result of higher headcount and (iii) an increase of \$0.8 million as a result of higher marketing related expenses.

General and Administrative Expense

	Three Months	Endee	l April 30,			
(in thousands)	 2024		2023	-	\$ Change	% Change
General and administrative	\$ 29,101	\$	24,656	\$	4,445	18 %
% of revenue	15 %	5	14 %			

The increase in general and administrative expense was primarily due to a\$3.1 million increase associated with personnel-related costs driven by higher general and administrative headcount as well as increased stock compensation expense, primarily related to new grants during fiscal year 2025.

	Three Months Ended April 30,						
(in thousands)		2024		2023	-	\$ Change	% Change
Other income, net	\$	7,500	\$	4,759	\$	2,741	58 %
% of revenue		4 %		3 %			

The increase in other income, net was primarily attributable to a \$2.3 million increase in interest income from our money market and short-term investment accounts as a result of higher interest rates and higher average balances in our money market and short-term investment accounts.

Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes

	Three Months E	nded April 30,		
(in thousands)	2024	2023	\$ Change	% Change
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ 2,575	\$ (1,242)	\$ 3,817	(307)%
% of revenue	1 %	(1)%		

The change in the tax provision (benefit) for the three months ended April 30, 2024 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2023 was primarily related to \$3.3 million release of valuation allowance in certain foreign subsidiaries during the three months ended April 30, 2023.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our results determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe that the following non-GAAP financial measures associated with our condensed consolidated statements of operations are useful in evaluating our operating performance:

- Non-GAAP gross profit and non-GAAP gross margin;
- Non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin; and
- Non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per share.

We define these non-GAAP financial measures as the respective U.S. GAAP measures, excluding, as applicable, stock-based compensation expense and related charges and amortization of acquired intangible assets. We believe that it is useful to exclude stock-based compensation expense-related charges and amortization of acquired intangible assets in order to better understand the long-term performance of our core business and to facilitate comparison of our results to those of peer companies over multiple periods.

In addition, we believe that free cash flow is also a useful non-GAAP financial measure. Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for purchases of property and equipment and capitalized internal-use software. We believe that free cash flow is a useful indicator of liquidity as it measures our ability to generate cash, or our need to access additional sources of cash, to fund operations and investments. We expect our free cash flow to fluctuate in future periods with changes in our operating expenses and as we continue to invest in our growth. We typically experience higher billings in the fourth quarter compared to other quarters and experience higher collections of accounts receivable in the first half of the year, which results in a decrease in accounts receivable in the first half of the year.

However, non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in their usefulness to investors because they have no standardized meaning prescribed by U.S. GAAP and are not prepared under any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. In addition, other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison. As a result, our non-GAAP financial measures are presented for supplemental informational purposes only and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our consolidated financial statements presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

A reconciliation is provided below for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with U.S. GAAP

	Three Months Ended April 30,					
(in thousands)	 2024		2023			
Non-GAAP gross profit and non-GAAP gross margin:	 					
U.S. GAAP gross profit	\$ 144,833	\$	131,426			
Stock-based compensation expense and related charges (1)	607		712			
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 145,440	\$	132,138			
Gross margin	 74 %		76 %			
Non-GAAP gross margin	74 %		76 %			
Non-GAAP operating income:						
U.S. GAAP operating income (loss)	\$ 5,709	\$	(3,193)			
Stock-based compensation expense and related charges (2)	14,624		14,115			
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	50		50			
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 20,383	\$	10,972			
Operating margin	 3 %		(2)%			
Non-GAAP operating margin	10 %		6 %			

⁽¹⁾Employer payroll tax related to stock-based compensation for the periods ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 was immaterial as it relates to the impact to gross profit.

(2) Includes \$0.8 million and \$0.8 million of employer payroll tax related to stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.



Three Months Ended April 30,											
2024				2023							
(in tl	housands)	Pe	er Share- Basic]	Per Share- Diluted	(in tl	iousands)	Per Share-	Basic		
\$	10,634	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	\$	2,808	\$	0.01	\$	0.01
	14,624		0.05		0.05		14,115		0.05		0.05
	50		0.00		0.00		50		0.00		0.00
	14,674		0.05		0.05		14,165		0.05		0.05
\$	25,308	\$	0.09	\$	0.09	\$	16,973	\$	0.06	\$	0.06
	271,664						265,584				
	284,032						281,344				
Three Months Ended April 30,											
							20	24		2023	
						\$		41,712	\$		18,560
								(2,545)			(1,625)
								(2,977)			(2,683)
						\$		36,190	\$		14,252
		14,624 50 14,674 \$ 25,308 271,664	(in thousands) \$ 10,634 \$ 14,624 50 14,674 \$ \$ \$ 25,308 \$ 271,664 \$ \$	(in thousands) Per Share-Basic \$ 10,634 \$ 0.04 14,624 0.05 50 0.00 14,674 0.05 \$ 25,308 \$ 0.09 271,664 \$ 0.01	2024 (in thousands) Per Share- Basic \$ 10,634 \$ 0.04 \$ 14,624 0.05 \$ 50 0.00 \$ 14,674 0.05 \$ \$ 25,308 \$ 0.09 \$ 271,664 \$ \$	2024 (in thousands) Per Share- Basic Per Share- Diluted \$ 10,634 \$ 0.04 \$ 0.04 \$ 14,624 0.05 0.05 50 0.00 0.00 14,674 0.05 0.05 \$ 25,308 \$ 0.09 \$ 0.09 271,664 \$ \$ 0.09 \$ 0.09	2024 (in thousands) Per Share- Basic Per Share- Diluted (in the (in the s) \$ 10,634 \$ 0.04 \$ 0.04 \$ 0.04 \$ 14,624 0.05 0.05 \$ \$ 14,674 0.05 0.05 \$ \$ \$ 25,308 \$ 0.09 \$ 0.09 \$ \$ 271,664 284,032 \$ \$ \$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

06.03.24 - CXM - Board UWC (Stock Repurchase Updates June 2024)(executed)Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

As of April 30, 2024, our principal sources of liquidity were \$126.8 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$483.3 million of highly liquid marketable securities. We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash from operations will be sufficient to meet our working capital needs, capital expenditures and financing obligations for at least the next 12 months and over the long-term. The majority of our cash is held in the United States and we do not anticipate a need to repatriate cash held outside of the United States. Further, it is our intent to indefinitely reinvest these funds outside the United States, and, therefore, we have not provided for any United States income taxes.

Letters of Credit and Restricted Cash

In April 2023, we terminated our credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB"), while keeping our existing letters of credit in lieu of deposits on certain leases. As we no longer have a credit facility with SVB, we were required to collateralize these letters of credit with cash, totaling approximately \$1.3 million, which we therefore have classified within restricted cash. Due to its long-term nature, this restricted cash is recorded within other non-current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During 2023, we entered into cash collateral agreements with J.P. Morgan Bank in lieu of a credit facility, through which approximately \$6.4 million is outstanding as of April 30, 2024. Due to its long-term nature, this restricted cash is recorded within other non-current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Material Cash Requirements

Our expected material cash requirements consist of contractually obligated expenditures. We have agreements in place with data and service providers that require us to make certain minimum guaranteed purchase commitments through fiscal year 2028, which totaled \$131.1 million as of January 31, 2024, of which \$69.5 million is due within twelve months. We had no material changes to these purchase commitments as of April 30, 2024. In addition, we lease certain office facilities under operating lease arrangements that expire on various dates through fiscal year 2029. In August 2023, we signed a 10-year lease for a new corporate headquarters in New York, NY, which commenced on April 29, 2024 with payments beginning in December 2024. Refer to Note 7, *Leases*, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of our leases.



On January 8, 2024, we entered into a share repurchase plan (the "2024 Share Repurchase Program"), whereby we may repurchase up to \$100 million of our Class A common stock. On March 26, 2024, the Board approved an additional \$100 million of repurchases under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program. During the three months ended April 30, 2024, we repurchased approximately 8.3 million shares of our Class A common stock for a cost of \$101.2 million including commissions. As of April 30, 2024, the remaining amount available for repurchase under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program was \$69.4 million. Between May 1, 2024 and May 31, 2024, we purchased an additional 3,290,257 shares of our Class A common stock for a cost of \$40.1 million including commissions. On June 3, 2024, the Board approved an additional \$100 million of repurchases under the 2024 Share Repurchase Program. For additional information regarding the 2024 Share Repurchase Program, see "Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities" included in Part II, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q and Notes 9, *Stockholders' Equity* and 15, *Subsequent Events* included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Future Funding Requirements

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our growth rate, the expansion of our direct sales force, strategic relationships and international operations, the timing and extent of spending to support research and development efforts and the continuing market acceptance of our solutions. We historically have expanded our business in part by investing in strategic growth initiatives, including acquisitions of products, technologies and businesses. We may finance such acquisitions using cash, debt, stock or a combination of the foregoing; however, we have used cash and stock as consideration for substantially all of our historical business acquisitions. We continually examine our options with respect to terms and sources of existing and future short-term and long-term capital resources to enhance our operating results and to ensure that we retain financial flexibility, and may from time to time elect to raise capital through the issuance of additional equity or the incurrence of debt. Sales of additional equity could result in dilution to our stockholders. If we raise funds by borrowing from third parties, the terms of those financing arrangements would require us to incur interest expense and may include negative covenants or other restrictions on our business that could impair our operating flexibility. We can provide no assurance that financing will be available at all or, if available, that we would be able to obtain financing on terms favorable to us. If we are unable to raise additional capital when needed, we would be required to curtail our operating activities and capital expenditures, and our business operating results and financial condition would be adversely affected.

Cash Flows

The following table shows a summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	 Three Months Ended April 30,						
(in thousands)	2024	2023					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,712 \$	18,560					
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 13,403 \$	(28,577)					
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$ (90,342) \$	12,692					

Our net income and cash flows provided by operating activities are influenced significantly by our investments in headcount to support growth and in costs of revenue to deliver our services. In fiscal year 2024, our shift into net income was the result of our increased subscription revenue and related billings, and increased interest income from our marketable securities, as well as the amount of non-cash charges that we incur. Non-cash charges primarily include depreciation and amortization, amortization/accretion on marketable securities, stock-based compensation, and non-cash lease expense. Our largest source of operating cash is cash collections from customers using our Unified-CXM platform and related services. Our primary uses of cash from operating activities are for employee-related costs, costs to deliver our revenue and marketing expenses.

We expect our free cash flow to fluctuate in future periods with changes in our operating expenses and as we continue to invest in our growth. We typically experience higher billings in the fourth quarter compared to other quarters, primarily due to higher renewal activity, and experience higher collections of accounts receivable in the first half of the year, which results in a decrease in accounts receivable in the first half of the year.

Operating Activities

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, cash provided by operating activities was \$41.7 million, which consisted of net income of \$10.6 million, adjusted for non-cash expenses of \$16.6 million and \$14.5 million of net cash flows provided as a result of changes in operating assets and liabilities. The \$14.5 million of net cash flows provided as a result of changes in our operating assets and liabilities reflected a \$78.6 million decrease in accounts receivable due to reduced billings and increased collections. This increase to cash flow from operations was partially offset by (i) a \$29.1 million decrease in accrued expenses and other current liabilities primarily due to the timing of bonus and commission payments, (ii) a \$15.8 million increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets due to higher prepaid hosting and data costs, (iii) a \$15.1 milliondecrease in accounts payable due to timing of vendor payments, and (iv) a \$3.7 million decrease in deferred revenue as a result of recognized revenue exceeding billings.

For the three months ended April 30, 2023, cash provided by operating activities was \$18.6 million, which consisted of net income of \$2.8 million, adjusted for non-cash expenses of \$11.0 million, and \$4.8 million of net cash flows provided as a result of changes in operating assets and liabilities. The \$4.8 million of net cash flows provided as a result of changes in our operating assets and liabilities reflected (i) a \$28.1 million decrease in accounts receivable due to increased collections and (ii) a \$8.4 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets due to decrease in prepaid hosting and data costs. These increases to cash flows from operations were partially offset by (i) a \$20.1 million decrease in accounts receivable due to timing of bonus and commission payments, (ii) an \$8.2 million decrease in accounts payable due to timing of vendor payments, and (iii) a \$2.7 million decrease in deferred revenue as a result of revenue recognized on the deferred revenue balances at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Investing Activities

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, cash provided by investing activities was \$13.4 million and primarily consisted of \$153.1 million of sales and maturities of marketable securities, partially offset by \$134.2 million of purchases of marketable securities.

For the three months ended April 30, 2023, cash used in investing activities was \$28.6 million and primarily consisted of \$102.5 million of purchases of marketable securities, partially offset by \$78.2 million of sales and maturities of marketable securities.

Financing Activities

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, cash used infinancing activities was \$90.3 million, which consisted of payments for the 2024 Share Repurchase Program of \$100.0 million, offset by \$9.6 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

For the three months ended April 30, 2023, cash provided by financing activities was \$12.7 million, which consisted solely of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Critical accounting estimates are those estimates that, in accordance with U.S. GAAP, involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Management has determined that our most critical accounting estimates are those relating to revenue recognition and stock-based compensation expense, including historical common stock valuations and performance-based award valuations. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors and adjust those estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates and assumptions.

Refer to Note 2, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of our significant accounting policies. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and accounting estimates as compared to those disclosed in the 2024 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for more information regarding recently issued accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market risk is the risk to earnings or asset and liability values resulting from movements in market prices. Our market risk exposures include (i) foreign exchange risk related to transactions and earnings in currencies other than the U.S. dollar; and (ii) interest rate risk due to changes in the relationship between the interest rates on our assets. There were no material changes in these market risks since January 31, 2024, as disclosed in the 2024 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO"), and Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO"), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their



objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of April 30, 2024. Based on such evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the three months ended April 30, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Refer to Note 8, Commitments and Contingencies - Legal Matters, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a description of current legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those described below. You should consider and read carefully all of the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information contained in this Form 10-Q, including the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes. The occurrence of any of the following risks or additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. In such case, the trading price of our Class A common stock could decline and stockholders may lose all or part of their investment.

Summary of Selected Risk Factors Associated with Our Business

The following is only a summary of the principal risks associated with an investment in our Class A common stock. Material risks that may adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Our recent rapid growth may not be indicative of our future growth. Our rapid growth also makes it difficult to evaluate our future prospects and may increase the risk
 that we will not be successful.
- We have incurred significant net losses in recent years, we may incur losses in the future and we may not be able to generate sufficient revenue to achieve and maintain profitability.
- If we fail to effectively manage our growth and organizational change, our business and results of operations could be harmed.
- Our actual operating results may differ significantly from any guidance provided.
- Our results of operations and financial metrics may be difficult to predict. As a result, we may fail to meet or exceed the expectations of investors or securities analysts, which could cause our stock price to decline.
- Any failure of our Unified Customer Experience Management ("Unified-CXM") platform to satisfy customer demands, achieve increased market acceptance or adapt to
 changing market dynamics would adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and growth prospects.
- The market for Unified-CXM solutions is new and rapidly evolving, and if this market develops more slowly than we expect or declines, develops in a way that we do not expect, or if we do not compete effectively, our business could be adversely affected.
- Our business depends on our customers renewing their subscriptions and on us expanding our sales to existing customers. Any decline in our customer renewals or expansion would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.
- · We use artificial intelligence in our products, which may result in operational challenges, legal liability, reputational concerns and competitive risks.
- Our business and growth depend in part on the success of our strategic relationships with third parties, as well as on the continued availability and quality of feedback data from third parties over whom we do not have control.
- Any failure to obtain, maintain, protect, defend or enforce our intellectual property rights could impair our ability to protect our proprietary technology and our brand and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- We are subject to stringent and changing obligations related to data privacy and security. Our actual or perceived failure to comply with such obligations could lead to
 regulatory investigations or actions, litigation or mass arbitration demands, fines and penalties, disruptions of our business operations, reputational harm, loss of revenue
 or profits, loss of customers or sales, and other adverse business consequences.
- If we or the third parties with whom we work experience a cybersecurity breach or other security incident or unauthorized parties otherwise obtain access to our customers' data, our data or our Unified-CXM platform, our Unified-CXM platform may be perceived as not being secure, our reputation may be harmed, demand for our Unified-CXM platform may be reduced and we may incur significant liabilities.
- Our stock price may be volatile, and the value of our Class A common stock may decline.

- Our directors, executive officers and their respective affiliates are able to exert significant control over us, which limits your ability to influence the outcome of important transactions, including a change of control.
- · Unstable market and economic conditions and catastrophic events may have serious adverse consequences on our business, financial condition and share price.

Risks Related to Our Growth

Our recent rapid growth may not be indicative of our future growth. Our rapid growth also makes it difficult to evaluate our future prospects and may increase the risk that we will not be successful.

Our revenue was \$196.0 million and \$173.4 million for the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. You should not rely on the revenue growth of any prior quarterly or annual period as an indication of our future performance. Even if our revenue continues to increase, our revenue growth rate may decline in the future as a result of a variety of factors, including the maturation of our business. Overall growth of our revenue depends on a number of factors, including our ability to:

- · price our products effectively so that we are able to attract new customers and expand sales to our existing customers;
- expand the functionality and use cases for the products we offer on our Unified-CXM platform;
- provide our customers with support that meets their needs;
- continue to introduce our products to new markets outside of the United States;
- · successfully identify and acquire or invest in businesses, products or technologies that we believe could complement or expand our Unified-CXM platform; and
- increase awareness of our brand on a global basis and successfully compete with other companies.

We may not successfully accomplish any of these objectives, and, as a result, it is difficult for us to forecast our future results of operations. If the assumptions that we use to plan our business are incorrect or change in reaction to changes in the markets in which we operate, or if we are unable to maintain consistent revenue or revenue growth, our stock price could be volatile, and it may be difficult to achieve and maintain profitability. You should not rely on our revenue for any prior quarterly or annual periods as an indication of our future revenue or revenue growth.

We have incurred significant net losses in recent years, we may incur losses in the future and we may not be able to generate sufficient revenue to achieve and maintain profitability.

Other than the recent fiscal year ended January 31, 2024, we have incurred significant net losses in recent years, including a net loss of \$55.7 million for the year ended January 31, 2023. We had an accumulated deficit of \$566.0 million and \$474.8 million as of April 30, 2024 and January 31, 2024, respectively. We expect that our costs will increase over time and our losses may continue, as we expect to invest significant additional funds in our business and incur costs relating to operating as a public company. To date, we have financed our operations principally through subscription payments by customers for use of our Unified-CXM platform and equity and debt financings. We have expended and expect to continue to expend substantial financial and other resources on:

- our Unified-CXM platform, including investing in our research and development team, developing or acquiring new products, features and functionality and improving the scalability, availability and security of our Unified-CXM platform;
- our technology infrastructure, including expansion of our activities with public cloud service providers, enhancements to our network operations and infrastructure design, and hiring of additional employees for our operations team;
- · sales and marketing, including expansion of our direct sales organization and marketing efforts; and
- · additional international expansion in an effort to increase our customer base and sales.

These investments may be more costly than we expect and may not result in increased revenue or growth in our business. Any failure to increase our revenue sufficiently to keep pace with our investments and other expenses could prevent us from achieving and maintaining profitability or positive cash flow on a consistent basis. If we are unable to successfully address these risks and challenges as we encounter them, our business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely affected. In the event that we fail to achieve or maintain profitability, the value of our Class A common stock could decline.

If we fail to effectively manage our growth and organizational change, our business and results of operations could be harmed.

We have experienced, and may continue to experience, rapid growth and organizational change, which has placed, and may continue to place, significant demands on our management, operational and financial resources. In addition, we operate globally and sell subscriptions in more than 80 countries. We plan to continue to expand our international operations into other countries in the future, which will place additional demands on our resources and operations. We also have experienced significant growth in the number of



enterprises, end users, transactions and amount of data that our Unified-CXM platform and our associated hosting infrastructure support.

In order to grow our business, we must continue to attract new customers in a cost-effective manner and enable such customers to realize the benefits associated with our Unified-CXM platform. We may not be able to attract new customers to our Unified-CXM platform for a variety of reasons, including as a result of their use of traditional approaches to customer experience management, their internal timing or budget or the pricing of our Unified-CXM platform compared to products and services offered by our competitors. After a customer makes a purchasing decision, we often must also help them successfully implement our Unified-CXM platform in their organization, a process that can last several months.

In addition, we have expanded and may attempt to further grow our business by selling our Unified-CXM platform to U.S. federal, state, and local, as well as foreign, governmental agency customers. Growing our business by increasing the number of governmental agency customers we service would subject us to a number of challenges and risks. Selling to such agencies can be highly competitive and time-consuming, often requiring significant upfront time and expenses without any assurance that these efforts will generate a sale. We may not satisfy certain government contracting requirements necessary to attain certification to sell our Unified-CXM platform to certain governmental agency customers. Such government contracting requirements may change and in doing so restrict our ability to sell into the government sector until we have attained the revised certification. Government demand and payment for our products are affected by public sector budgetary cycles and funding authorizations, with funding reductions or delays adversely affecting public sector demand for our products or activities are perceived to be harmful, could result in public criticism and reputational risks, which could engender dissatisfaction among potential customers, investors and employees with how we address political and social concerns in our business activities. If we are unable to grow our business by increasing the number of governmental agency customers we service, or if we fail to overcome the challenges and risks associated with selling to such entities, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Our actual operating results may differ significantly from any guidance provided.

Our guidance, including forward-looking statements, is prepared by management and is qualified by, and subject to, a number of assumptions and estimates that, while presented with numerical specificity, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Many of these uncertainties and contingencies are beyond our control and are based upon specific assumptions with respect to future business decisions, some of which will change. We generally state possible outcomes as high and low ranges, which are intended to provide a sensitivity analysis as variables are changed but are not intended to represent that actual results could not fall outside of the suggested ranges.

Guidance is necessarily speculative in nature, and it can be expected that some or all of the assumptions of the guidance furnished by us will not materialize or will vary significantly from actual results. In particular, guidance offered in periods of extreme uncertainty, such as the uncertainty caused by macroeconomic conditions, is inherently more speculative in nature than guidance offered in periods of relative stability. Accordingly, any guidance with respect to our projected financial performance is necessarily only an estimate of what management believes is realizable as of the date the guidance is given. Actual results will vary from the guidance and the variations may be material. Investors should also recognize that the reliability of any forecasted financial data will diminish the farther in the future that the data is forecasted.

Actual operating results may be different from our guidance, and such differences may be adverse and material. In light of the foregoing, investors are urged to put the guidance in context and not to place undue reliance on it. In addition, the market price of our Class A common stock may reflect various market assumptions as to the accuracy of our guidance. If our actual results of operations fall below the expectations of investors or securities analysts, the price of our Class A common stock could decline substantially.

Our results of operations and financial metrics may be difficult to predict. As a result, we may fail to meet or exceed the expectations of investors or securities analysts, which could cause our stock price to decline.

Our results of operations and financial metrics, including the levels of our revenue, gross margin, profitability, cash flow and deferred revenue, have fluctuated in the past and may vary significantly in the future. As a result, period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations may not be meaningful, and the results of any one period should not be relied upon as an indication of future performance. Our results of operations may fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, many of which are outside of our control, and, as a result, may not fully reflect the underlying performance of our business. Fluctuation in results of operations may negatively impact the value of our Class A common stock. Factors that may cause fluctuations in our results of operations include, without limitation, those listed below:

variability in our sales cycle, including as a result of the budgeting cycles and internal purchasing priorities of our customers;

the payment terms and subscription term length associated with sales of our Unified-CXM platform and their effect on our bookings and free cash flow;
- the addition or loss of large customers, including through acquisitions or consolidations;
- · the timing of sales and recognition of revenue, which may vary as a result of changes in accounting rules and interpretations;
- · the amount and timing of operating expenses related to the maintenance and expansion of our business, operations and infrastructure;
- network outages or actual or perceived security breaches or other incidents;
- general economic, market and political conditions;
- customer renewal rates;
- · increases or decreases in the number of elements of our services or pricing changes upon any renewals of customer agreements;
- pricing adjustments made to existing customer agreements;
- changes in our pricing policies or those of our competitors;
- the mix of services sold during a period;
- the timing of our recognition of stock-based compensation expense for our equity awards, particularly in cases where awards covering a large number of our shares are tied to a specific event or date; and
- the timing and success of introductions of new platform features and services by us or our competitors or any other change in the competitive dynamics of our industry, including consolidation among competitors, customers or strategic partners.

The cumulative effects of the factors discussed above could result in large fluctuations and unpredictability in our quarterly and annual results of operations. This variability and unpredictability also could result in our failing to meet the expectations of industry or financial analysts or investors for any period. If our revenue or results of operations fall below the expectations of analysts or investors or below any guidance we may provide, or if the guidance we provide is below the expectations of analysts or investors, the price of our Class A common stock could decline substantially. Such a stock price decline could occur even if we have met any previously publicly stated guidance we may provide.

Any failure of our Unified-CXM platform to satisfy customer demands, achieve increased market acceptance or adapt to changing market dynamics would adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and growth prospects.

We derive, have derived and expect to continue to derive the substantial majority of our revenue from subscriptions to our Unified-CXM platform. As such, the market acceptance of our Unified-CXM platform is critical to our success. Demand for our Unified-CXM platform is affected by a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, including the extension of our Unified-CXM platform for new use cases, the timing of development and release of new products, features and functionality introduced by us or our competitors, technological change and the growth or contraction of the market in which we compete.

In addition, we expect that an increasing focus on customer satisfaction and the growth of various communications channels and new technologies will profoundly impact the market for Unified-CXM solutions. We believe that enterprises increasingly are looking for flexible solutions that bridge across traditionally separate systems for experience management, marketing automation and customer relationship management. If we are unable to meet this demand to manage customer experiences through flexible solutions designed to address a broad range of needs, or if we otherwise fail to achieve more widespread market acceptance of our Unified-CXM platform, our business, results of operations, financial condition and growth prospects may be adversely affected.

The market for Unified-CXM solutions is new and rapidly evolving, and if this market develops more slowly than we expect or declines, develops in a way that we do not expect, or if we do not compete effectively, our business could be adversely affected.

We believe that our success and growth will depend to a substantial extent on the widespread acceptance and adoption of Unified-CXM solutions in general, and of our Unified-CXM platform in particular. The market for Unified-CXM solutions is new and rapidly evolving, and if this market fails to grow or grows more slowly than we currently anticipate, demand for our Unified-CXM platform could be adversely affected. The Customer Experience Management ("CXM") market also is subject to rapidly changing user demand and trends. As a result, it is difficult to predict enterprise adoption rates and demand for our Unified-CXM platform, the future growth rate and size of our market or the impact of competitive solutions.

The expansion of the CXM market depends on a number of factors, including awareness of the Unified-CXM category generally, ease of adoption and use, cost, features, performance and overall platform experience, data security and privacy, interoperability and accessibility across devices, systems and platforms and perceived value. If Unified-CXM solutions do not continue to achieve market acceptance, or if there is a reduction in demand for Unified-CXM solutions for any reason, including a lack of category or use case awareness, technological challenges, weakening economic conditions, data security or privacy concerns, competing technologies and



products or decreases in information technology spending, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

The market for Unified-CXM solutions is also highly competitive. Our competitors may be able to respond more quickly and effectively than we can to new or changing opportunities, technologies, standards or enterprise requirements. With the introduction of new technologies, the evolution of our Unified-CXM platform and new market entrants, we expect competition to intensify in the future. Pricing pressures and increased competition generally could result in reduced sales, reduced margins, losses or the failure of our Unified-CXM platform to achieve or maintain more widespread market acceptance, any one of which could harm our business.

While we do not believe that any of our competitors currently offer a full suite of Unified-CXM solutions that competes across the breadth of our Unified-CXM platform, certain features of our Unified-CXM platform compete in particular segments of the overall Unified-CXM category. Our main competitors include, among others, experience management solutions, including solution media solutions, home-grown solutions and tools, adjacent Unified-CXM solutions, such as social messaging, customer service and support solutions, traditional marketing, advertising and consulting firms and customer relationship management and enterprise resource planning solutions. Further, other established SaaS providers and other technology companies not currently focused on Unified-CXM may expand their services to compete with us. Some of our competitors may be able to offer products or functionality similar to ours at a more attractive price than we can or do, including by integrating or bundling such products with their other product offerings. Additionally, some potential customers, particularly large organizations, have elected, and may in the future elect, to develop their own internal Unified-CXM solutions.

Acquisitions, partnerships and consolidation in our industry may provide our competitors even more resources or may increase the likelihood of our competitors offering bundled or integrated products that we may not be able to effectively compete against. In particular, as we rely on the availability and accuracy of various forms of customer feedback and input data, the acquisition of any such data providers or sources by our competitors could affect our ability to continue accessing such data. Furthermore, we also are subject to the risk of future disruptive technologies. If new technologies emerge that are able to collect and process experience data, or otherwise develop Unified-CXM solutions at lower prices, more efficiently, more conveniently or with functionality and features enterprises prefer to ours, such technologies could adversely impact our ability to compete. If we are not able to compete successfully against our current and future competitors, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

Our business depends on our customers renewing their subscriptions and on us expanding our sales to existing customers. Any decline in our customer renewals or expansion would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

In order for us to maintain or improve our results of operations, it is important that we maintain and expand our relationships with our customers and that our customers renew their subscriptions when the initial subscription term expires or otherwise expand their subscription program with us. Our customers are not obligated to, and may elect not to, renew their subscriptions on the same or similar terms after their existing subscriptions expire. Some of our customers have in the past elected, and may in the future elect, not to renew their agreements with us or otherwise reduce the scope of their subscriptions, and we do not have sufficient operating history with our business model and pricing strategy to accurately predict long-term customer renewal rates. In addition, the growth of our business depends in part on our customers expanding their use of our Unified-CXM platform, which can be difficult to predict.

Our customer renewal rates, as well as the rate at which our customers expand their use of our Unified-CXM platform, may decline or fluctuate as a result of a number of factors, including the customers' satisfaction with our Unified-CXM platform, defects or performance issues, our customer and product support, our prices, mergers and acquisitions affecting our customer base, the effects of global economic conditions, the entrance of new or competing technologies and the pricing of such competitive offerings or reductions in the enterprises' spending levels for any reason. If our customers do not renew their subscriptions, renew on less favorable terms or reduce the scope of their subscriptions, our revenue may decline and we may not realize improved results of operations from our customer base, and, as a result, our business and financial condition could be adversely affected.

We rely on third-party data centers and cloud computing providers, and any interruption or delay in service from these facilities could impair the delivery of our Unified-CXM platform and harm our business.

We currently serve our customers from third-party data centers and cloud computing providers located around the world. Some of these facilities may be located in areas prone to natural disasters and may experience events such as earthquakes, floods, fires, severe weather events, power loss, computer or telecommunication failures, service outages or losses, and similar events. They also may be subject to break-ins, sabotage, intentional acts of vandalism and similar misconduct or cybersecurity issues, human error, terrorism, improper operation, unauthorized entry and data loss. In the event of significant physical damage to one of these data centers, it may take a significant period of time to achieve full resumption of our services, and our disaster recovery planning may not account for all eventualities. We also may incur significant costs for using alternative equipment or taking other actions in preparation for, or in reaction to, events that damage the data centers that we use. Although we carry business interruption insurance, it may not be sufficient to compensate us for the potentially significant losses, including the potential harm to the future growth of our business that may result from interruptions in our services or products.



As we grow and continue to add new third-party data centers and cloud computing providers and expand the capacity of our existing third-party data centers and cloud computing providers, we may move or transfer our data and our customers' data. Despite precautions taken during this process, any unsuccessful data transfers may impair the delivery of our Unified-CXM platform. Any damage to, or failure of, our systems, or those of our third-party data centers or cloud computing providers or the systems of a customer that hosts our software in their private cloud, could result in interruptions on our Unified-CXM platform or damage to, or loss or compromise of, our data and our customers' data, including personal data. Any impairment of our or our customers' data or interruptions in the functioning of our Unified-CXM platform, whether due to damage to, or failure of, third-party data centers, cloud computing providers or the cloud computing providers of our customers or unsuccessful data transfers, may reduce our revenue, result in significant fines, cause us to issue credits or pay penalties, subject us to claims for indemnification and other claims, litigation or disputes, result in regulatory investigations or other inquiries, cause our customers to terminate their subscriptions and adversely affect our reputation, renewal rates and our ability to attract new customers. Our business will also be harmed if our existing and potential customers believe that our Unified-CXM platform is unreliable or not secure.

Further, our leases and other agreements with data centers and cloud computing providers expire at various times, and the owners of our data center facilities and cloud computing providers have no obligation to renew their agreements with us on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. Additionally, certain of our data center and clouding computing provider agreements may be terminable for convenience by the counterparty. If services are interrupted at any of these facilities or providers, such agreements are terminated, or we are unable to renew these agreements on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or if one of our data center or cloud computing providers is acquired or encounters financial difficulties, including bankruptcy, we may be required to transfer our servers and other infrastructure to new data centers and cloud computing providers, and we may incur significant costs and possible service interruptions in connection with doing so. In addition, if we do not accurately plan for our data center and cloud computing arrangements, and our customers could experience service outages that may subject us to financial liabilities, result in customer losses and dissatisfaction, and materially adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

If we are not able to effectively develop platform enhancements, introduce new products or keep pace with technological developments, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Our future success will depend on our ability to adapt and innovate. To attract new customers and increase revenue from our existing customers, we will need to enhance and improve our existing platform and introduce new products, features and functionality. Enhancements and new products that we develop may not be introduced in a timely or cost-effective manner, may contain errors or defects, and may have interoperability difficulties with our Unified-CXM platform or other products. We have in the past experienced delays in our internally planned release dates of new products, features and functionality, and there can be no assurance that these developments will be released according to schedule. We also have invested, and may continue to invest, in the acquisition of complementary businesses and technologies that we believe will enhance our Unified-CXM platform. However, we may not be able to integrate these acquisitions successfully or achieve the expected benefits of such acquisitions. If we are unable to successfully develop, release, acquire or integrate new products, features and functionality, or enhance our existing platform to meet the needs of our existing or potential customers in a timely and effective manner, or if a customer is not satisfied with the quality of work performed by us or with the technical support services rendered, we could incur additional costs to address the situation, and our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Similarly, our customers and users of our Unified-CXM platform are increasingly accessing our Unified-CXM platform or interacting via mobile devices. We are devoting valuable resources to solutions related to mobile usage, but we cannot assure you that these solutions will be successful. If the mobile solutions we have developed for our Unified-CXM platform do not meet the needs of current or prospective customers, or if our solutions are difficult to access, customers or users may reduce their usage of our Unified-CXM platform or cease using our Unified-CXM platform altogether and our business could suffer.

In addition, because our Unified-CXM platform is designed to operate on a variety of networks, applications, systems and devices, we will need to continually modify and enhance our Unified-CXM platform to keep pace with technological advancements in such networks, applications, systems and devices. If we are unable to respond in a timely, user-friendly and cost-effective manner to these rapid technological developments, our Unified-CXM platform may become less marketable and less competitive or obsolete, and our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

We use artificial intelligence in our products and operations, which may result in operational challenges, legal liability, reputational concerns and competitive risks.

In addition to the use of our own artificial intelligence ("AI") features within our products, we have also incorporated generative artificial intelligence ("Generative AI") features into our product offerings and internal operations through third-party partners integrated with our products and tools, which has the potential to result in adverse effects to our financial condition, results or reputation. Generative AI features and services leverage existing and widely available technologies, such as those owned by OpenAI or alternative large language model providers. The use of Generative AI processes at scale is relatively new and may lead to



challenges, concerns and risks that are significant or that we may not be able to predict, especially if our use of these technologies in our products and services becomes more important to our operations over time.

Use of AI or Generative AI in our products and services may be difficult to deploy successfully due to operational issues inherent to the nature of such technologies, including the development, maintenance and operation of deep learning datasets, and our customers' reluctance or failure to adopt or implement our new products as intended. For example, AI and Generative AI algorithms use machine learning and/or content creation which, depending on the reliability of the model, may lead to flawed, biased, unexplained, and inaccurate results, which could lead to customer rejection or skepticism of such products. Emerging ethical issues surround the use of AI or Generative AI, and if our deployment or use of AI or Generative AI becomes controversial or is challenged by our current or prospective customers, we may be subject to reputational risk. Any sensitive information (including confidential, competitive, proprietary, or personal data) that we or our customers input into the third-party Generative AI features in our products could be leaked, disclosed to others or used for improper purposes, including if sensitive information is used to train the third parties' Generative AI models, in breach of our contractual agreements. Additionally, where the product ingests personal data or where it makes connections using such data, these AI or Generative AI processes may reveal or generate other personal or sensitive information which we could lose control over or impair our ability to fulfill certain data subject requests in compliance with certain privacy laws, such as requests to delete certain personal data ingested by the product. Further, unauthorized use or misuse of Generative AI by our employees, customers or others, including violation of internal policies or procedures or guidelines or contractual agreements and terms (including Acceptable Use or other policies and third-party terms), may result in disclosure or misuse of confidential company and customer data, reputational harm, privacy law violations, legal liability, or regulatory actions, including algorithmic disgorgement. Improper use of AI and Generative AI could result in biased outcomes and could lead to decisions that could harm certain individuals (or classes of individuals), and adversely impact their rights, employment, and ability to obtain certain pricing, products, services, or benefits. In addition, use of Generative AI may also lead to novel and urgent cybersecurity risks (such as if a bad actor "poisons" the Generative AI with bad inputs or logic), including the misuse of personal or business confidential data, which may adversely affect our operations and reputation. Further, use of our AI systems for unintended use cases may alter the associated legal obligations upon Sprinklr, without our knowledge. We may not be able to detect, mitigate and remediate such misuse, and limitations of liability in contracts may be inadequate to address legal liability, fines, penalties and other regulatory actions resulting from such misuse.

As a result, the integration of Generative AI into our products and operations may not be successful despite expending significant time and monetary resources to attempt to do so. Our investments in deploying such technologies may be substantial, and they may be more expensive than anticipated. If we fail to deploy Generative AI as intended, our competitors may incorporate Generative AI technology into their products or services more successfully than we do, which may impair our ability to effectively compete in the market.

Uncertainty in the legal regulatory regime relating to AI may require significant resources to modify and maintain business practices to comply with U.S. and foreign laws, the nature of which cannot be determined at this time as they continue to evolve and solidify. Several jurisdictions around the globe have already proposed or enacted laws or guidelines governing AI. For example, the Biden administration recently issued an executive order on AI that requires companies developing certain types of AI models to notify the federal government of certain safety test results and other information. As another example, European regulators have finalized the text of the EU Artificial Intelligence Act ("EU AI Act"), which imposes a number of obligations on various parties related to the use of certain AI-powered systems, and we expect that other jurisdictions will adopt similar laws. Other jurisdictions may decide to adopt similar or more restrictive legislation that may require us of such technologies challenging. Additionally, certain privacy laws extend rights to consumers (such as the right to delete certain personal data) and regulate automated decision making, which may be incompatible with AI. These obligations may make it harder for us to conduct our business using AI, create potential for regulatory fines or penalties, require us to change our business practices, retrain our AI, prevent or limit our use of AI or Generative AI, or delete or disgorge certain algorithms. For example, the US Federal Trade Commission has required other companies to turn over or delete or disgorge valuable insights or trainings generated through the use of AI, or the AI models or algorithms themselves, where

they allege the company has violated privacy and consumer protection laws. If we cannot use AI or Generative AI, or that use is restricted, our business may be less efficient, or we may be at a competitive disadvantage. Further, intellectual property ownership and liability for violation of terms of use, open source licenses, infringement or misappropriation of intellectual property and violation of privacy or publicity rights are issues arising from the use of AI technologies that legislators are still attempting to establish and with which courts are still grappling. In addition, access to data from third-party sources, including data suppliers, may become more restricted in the future, which could negatively impact our development and deployment of products, including AI technologies, that rely on such data. Therefore, the use of AI technologies in connection with our products or operations may impact our business model or result in the inability to establish ownership of intellectual property or exposure to claims relating to the foregoing.

Moreover, our employee and personnel use Generative AI technologies to support their work, and the disclosure and use of personal data, is subject to various privacy laws and other privacy obligations. Our use of this technology could result in additional compliance costs, regulatory investigations and actions, and lawsuits if we do not use (or are perceived to not use it) it in accordance with our internal policies and governance, applicable laws or other obligations. Output from Generative AI systems that we use may infringe on third party intellectual property rights without us being aware. However, if we are unable to use Generative AI, it could make our

business less efficient and result in competitive disadvantages. Additionally, sensitive information of the Company or our customers could be leaked, disclosed, or revealed as a result of or in connection with our employees', personnel's, customers' or vendors' use of Generative AI technologies.

Our business and growth depend in part on the success of our strategic relationships with third parties, as well as on the continued availability and quality of feedback data from third parties over whom we do not have control.

We depend on, and anticipate that we will continue to depend on, various third-party relationships in order to sustain and grow our business, including technology companies whose products integrate with ours. Failure of any of these technology companies to maintain, support or secure their technology platforms in general, and our integrations in particular, or errors or defects in their technologies or products, could adversely affect our relationships with our customers, damage our brand and reputation and result in delays or difficulties in our ability to provide our Unified-CXM platform. For example, we rely on third parties to support certain components of our communication and voice services. Failure of any of these third-party providers to provide their services for any reason could adversely affect our relationships with our customers, damage our brand and reputation and result in delays or difficulties in our ability to provide certain services. We also rely on the availability and accuracy of various forms of client feedback and input data, including data solicited via survey or based on data sources across modern channels, and any changes in the availability or accuracy of such data could adversely impact our business and results of operations and harm our reputation and brand. In some cases, we rely on negotiated agreements with social media networks and other data providers. These negotiated agreements may provide increased access to application programming interfaces ("APIs") and data that allow us to provide a more comprehensive solution for our customers. These agreements are subject to termination in certain circumstances, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to renew those agreements or that the terms of any such renewal, including pricing and levels of service, will be favorable. We cannot accurately predict the potential impact of the termination of any of our agreements with social media networks and other data providers, including the impact on our access to the related APIs. There can be no assurance that following any such termination we would be able to maintain the current level of functionality of our platform in such circumstances, as a result of more limited access to APIs or otherwise, which could adversely affect our results of operations. In addition, there can be no assurance that we will not be required to enter into new negotiated agreements with data providers in the future to maintain or enhance the level of functionality of our platform, or that the terms and conditions of such agreements, including pricing and levels of service, will not be less favorable, which could adversely affect our results of operations. In particular, X (formerly known as Twitter) provides us with certain data that supports our Unified-CXM platform pursuant to an agreement that expires on February 28, 2025. If our agreement with X (formerly known as Twitter) expires, is not renewed on the same or similar terms or at all, or if it is terminated due to the failure or unwillingness of either party to perform its obligations thereunder, we may not be able to provide the same level of Unified-CXM insights to our customers and our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected.

We invest significantly in research and development, and, to the extent that our research and development investments do not translate into new solutions or material enhancements to our current solutions or we do not use those investments efficiently, our business and results of operations would be harmed.

A key element of our strategy is to invest significantly in our research and development efforts to improve and develop new technologies, features and functionality for our Unified-CXM platform. For each of the years ended January 31, 2024 and 2023, our research and development expenses were at least 10% of our revenue. If we do not spend our research and development budget efficiently or effectively, our business may be harmed and we may not realize the expected benefits of our strategy. Moreover, research and development projects can be technically challenging, time-consuming and expensive. The nature of these research and development cycles may cause us to experience delays between the time we incur expenses associated with research and development and the time we are able to offer compelling platform updates and generate revenue, if any, from such investment. Additionally, anticipated enterprise demand for a solution or solutions we are developing could decrease after the development cycle has commenced, and we would nonetheless be unable to avoid substantial costs associated with the development of any such solutions or solutions. If we expend a significant amount of resources on research and development and our efforts do not lead to the successful introduction or improvement of solutions that are competitive in our current or future markets, our business and results of operations would be adversely affected.

If we are unable to develop and maintain successful relationships with channel partners, our business, results of operations, and financial condition could be adversely affected.

To date, we primarily have relied on our direct sales force, online marketing and word-of-mouth to sell subscriptions to our Unified-CXM platform. Although we have developed relationships with certain channel partners, such as referral partners, resellers and integration partners, these channels have resulted in limited revenue to date. We believe that continued growth in our business is dependent upon identifying, developing and maintaining strategic relationships with additional channel partners that can drive additional revenue. Our agreements with our existing channel partners are non-exclusive, meaning our channel partners may offer enterprises the products of several different companies, including products that compete with ours. They also may cease marketing our Unified-CXM platform with limited notice and with little or no penalty. We expect that any additional channel partners we identify and develop will be similarly non-exclusive and not bound by any requirement to continue to market our Unified-CXM platform. If



we fail to identify additional channel partners in a timely and cost-effective manner, or at all, if we are unable to assist our current and future channel partners in independently selling and implementing our Unified-CXM platform, or if our channel partners choose to use greater efforts to market their own products or those of our competitors, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected. Furthermore, if our channel partners do not effectively market and sell our Unified-CXM platform, or fail to meet the needs of our customers, our reputation and ability to grow our business also may be adversely affected.

Sales by channel partners are more likely than direct sales to involve collection issues, in particular sales by our channel partners into developing markets, and, accordingly, variations in the mix between revenue attributable to sales by channel partners and revenue attributable to direct sales may result in fluctuations in our results of operations.

If we are not able to maintain and enhance our brand, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

We believe that maintaining and enhancing our reputation as a differentiated and category-defining company in Unified-CXM is critical to our relationships with our existing customers and key employees and to our ability to attract new customers and talented personnel. The successful promotion of our brand depends on a number of factors, including the effectiveness of our marketing efforts, our ability to continue to develop a high-quality platform, our ability to provide reliable services that continue to meet the needs of our customers, our ability to maintain our customers' trust and our ability to successfully differentiate our Unified-CXM platform from competitive solutions, which we may not be able to do effectively. We do not have sufficient operating history to know whether our brand promotion activities will ultimately be successful or yield increased revenue, and, if they are not successful, our business may be adversely affected. Any unfavorable publicity of our business or platform generally, for example, relating to our privacy practices, terms of service, service quality, litigation, regulatory activity, the actions of our employees, partners or customers or the actions of other companies that provide similar solutions to us, all of which can be difficult to predict, could adversely affect our reputation and brand. In addition, independent industry analysts often provide reviews of our Unified-CXM platform, as well as solutions offered by our competitors, and our brand and market place may be adversely affected. It also may be difficult to maintain and enhance our brand and marketing and sales efforts through channel or strategic partners.

The promotion of our brand also requires us to make substantial expenditures. We anticipate that these expenditures will increase as our market becomes more competitive, as we expand into new markets and as more sales are generated through our channel partners. To the extent that these activities yield increased revenue, this revenue may not offset the increased expenses we incur. If we do not successfully maintain and enhance our brand or incur substantial expenses in unsuccessful attempts to promote and maintain our brand, our business may not grow, we may have reduced pricing power relative to competitors and we could lose customers and key employees or fail to attract potential customers or talented personnel, all of which would adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We recognize revenue over the term of our customers' contracts. Consequently, increases or decreases in new sales may not be immediately reflected in our results of operations and may be difficult to discern.

We generally recognize subscription revenue from customers ratably over the terms of their contracts and a majority of our revenue is derived from subscriptions that have terms of one to three years. As a result, a portion of the revenue we report in each quarter is derived from the recognition of deferred revenue relating to subscriptions entered into during previous quarters. Consequently, a decline in new or renewed subscriptions in any single quarter may have a small impact on our revenue results for that quarter. However, such a decline will negatively affect our revenue in future quarters. Accordingly, the effect of significant downturns in sales and market acceptance of our Unified-CXM platform and potential changes in our pricing policies or rate of expansion or retention may not be fully reflected in our results of operations until future periods. We also may be unable to reduce our cost structure in line with a significant deterioration in sales. In addition, a significant majority of our costs are expensed as incurred, while revenue is recognized over the term of the agreements with our customers. As a result, increased growth in the number of our customers could continue to result in our recognition of more costs than revenue in the earlier periods of the terms of our subscription model also makes it difficult for us to rapidly increase our revenue through additional sales in any period, as revenue from new customers must be recognized over the applicable subscription term.

We may acquire or invest in companies, which may divert our management's attention and result in additional dilution to our stockholders. We may be unable to integrate acquired businesses and technologies successfully or achieve the expected benefits of such acquisitions.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to expand our Unified-CXM platform and grow our business in response to changing technologies, customer demands and competitive pressures. We have in the past, and we may in the future, attempt to do so through strategic transactions, including acquisitions of, or investments in, businesses, technologies, services, products and other assets that we believe could complement, expand or enhance our Unified-CXM platform or otherwise offer growth opportunities. We also may enter into relationships with other businesses to expand our Unified-CXM platform, which could involve preferred or exclusive licenses,

additional channels of distribution, discount pricing or investments in other companies. Identifying and negotiating these transactions can be time-consuming, difficult and expensive, and our ability to complete these transactions may often be subject to approvals that are beyond our control. We cannot predict the number, timing or size of these transactions. These transactions, even if announced, may not be completed.

Any acquisition, investment or business relationship may result in unforeseen operating difficulties and expenditures. In particular, we may encounter difficulties assimilating or integrating the businesses, technologies, products, personnel or operations of the acquired companies, particularly if the key personnel of the acquired company choose not to work for us, their software is not easily adapted to work with our Unified-CXM platform or we have difficulty retaining the customers of any acquired business due to changes in ownership, management or otherwise. Acquisitions, investments or other business relationships also may disrupt our business, divert our resources and require significant management attention that would otherwise be available for development of our existing business. Moreover, the anticipated benefits of any acquisition, investment or business relationship may not be realized or we may be exposed to unknown risks or liabilities.

Our international sales and operations, including our planned business development activities outside of the United States, subject us to additional risks and challenges that can adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

During the three months ended April 30, 2024, approximately 41% of our sales were to customers outside of the Americas. As part of our growth strategy, we expect to continue to expand our international operations, which may include opening additional offices in new jurisdictions and providing our Unified-CXM platform in additional languages and on-boarding new customers outside the United States. Any new markets or countries into which we attempt to sell subscriptions to our Unified-CXM platform may not be receptive to our business development activities. We currently have sales personnel and sales and customer and product support operations in the United States and certain countries across Europe, the Asia Pacific region and the Americas. We believe that our ability to attract new customers to our Unified-CXM platform and to convince existing customers to renew or expand their use of our Unified-CXM platform is directly correlated to the level of engagement we achieve with our customers in their home countries. To the extent that we are unable to effectively engage with non-U.S. customers, we may be unable to effectively grow in international markets.

Our international operations also subject us to a variety of additional risks and challenges, including:

- · increased management, travel, infrastructure and legal compliance costs associated with having operations and developing our business in multiple jurisdictions;
- providing our Unified-CXM platform and operating our business across a significant distance, in different languages, among different cultures and time zones, including
 the potential need to modify our Unified-CXM platform and products to ensure that they are culturally appropriate and relevant in different countries;
- compliance with non-U.S. data privacy, protection and security laws, rules and regulations, including data localization requirements, and the risks and costs of noncompliance;
- longer payment cycles and difficulties enforcing agreements, collecting accounts receivable or satisfying revenue recognition criteria, especially in emerging markets;
- hiring, training, motivating and retaining highly-qualified personnel, while maintaining our unique corporate culture;
- · increased financial accounting and reporting burdens and complexities;
- longer sales cycle and more time required to educate enterprises on the benefits of our Unified-CXM platform outside of the United States;
- · requirements or preferences for domestic products;
- limitations on our ability to sell our Unified-CXM platform and for our solution to be effective in non-U.S. markets that have different cultural norms and related business practices that de-emphasize the importance of positive customer and employee experiences;
- · differing technical standards, existing or future regulatory and certification requirements and required features and functionality;
- political and economic conditions and uncertainty in each country or region in which we operate and general economic and political conditions and uncertainty around the world;
- compliance with laws and regulations for non-U.S. operations, including anti-bribery laws, import and export control laws, tariffs, trade barriers, economic sanctions and
 other regulatory or contractual limitations on our ability to sell our Unified-CXM platform and develop our business in certain non-U.S. markets, and the risks and costs
 of non-compliance;

- heightened risks of unfair or corrupt business practices in certain geographies and of improper or fraudulent sales arrangements that may impact our financial condition
 and result in restatements of our consolidated financial statements;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates and related effects on our results of operations;
- · difficulties in repatriating or transferring funds from or converting currencies in certain countries;
- · communication and integration problems related to entering new markets with different languages, cultures and political systems;
- new and different sources of competition;
- · differing labor standards, including restrictions related to, and the increased cost of, terminating employees in some countries;
- the need for localized subscription agreements;
- · the need for localized language support and difficulties associated with delivering support, training and documentation in languages other than English;
- · increased reliance on channel partners;
- reduced protection for intellectual property rights in certain non-U.S. countries and practical difficulties of obtaining, maintaining, protecting and enforcing such rights abroad; and
- compliance with the laws of numerous foreign taxing jurisdictions, including withholding tax obligations, and overlapping of different tax regimes.

Any of these risks and challenges could adversely affect our operations, reduce our revenue or increase our operating costs, each of which could adversely affect our ability to expand our business outside of the United States and thereby our business more generally, as well as our results of operations, financial condition and growth prospects.

Compliance with laws and regulations applicable to our international operations substantially increases our cost of doing business. We may be unable to keep current with changes in government requirements as they change from time to time. Failure to comply with these regulations could have adverse effects on our business. In many foreign countries it is common for others to engage in business practices that are prohibited by our internal policies and procedures or U.S. or other regulations applicable to us. Although we have implemented policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with these laws and policies, there can be no assurance that our employees, contractors, partners and agents will comply with these laws and policies. Violations of laws or our policies by our employees, contractors, partners or agents could result in delays in revenue recognition, financial reporting misstatements, enforcement actions, disgorgement of profits, fines, civil and criminal penalties, damages, injunctions, other collateral consequences and increased costs, including the costs associated with defending against such actions, or the prohibition of the importation or exportation of our Unified-CXM platform and related services, each of which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We face exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, and if foreign currency exchange rates fluctuate substantially in the future, our results of operations and financial condition, which are reported in U.S. dollars, could be adversely affected.

We conduct our business in countries around the world and a portion of our transactions outside the United States are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. While we have primarily transacted with customers and vendors in U.S. dollars to date, from time to time we have transacted in foreign currencies for subscriptions to our Unified-CXM platform and may significantly expand the number of transactions with customers that are denominated in foreign currencies in the future. The majority of our international costs are also denominated in local currencies. In addition, our international subsidiaries maintain net assets or liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the functional operating currencies of these entities. Accordingly, changes in the value of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar can affect our revenue and results of operations due to transactional and translational remeasurements that are reflected in our results of operations. As a result of such foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, it could be more difficult to detect underlying trends in our business and results of operations.

We currently do not maintain a program to hedge transactional exposures in foreign currencies, but we may do so in the future. The future use of hedging instruments may introduce additional risks if we are unable to structure effective hedges with such instruments. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in managing our exposure to currency exchange rate risks, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property

Our Unified-CXM platform utilizes open source software, which may subject us to litigation, require us to re-engineer our Unified-CXM platform or otherwise divert resources away from our development efforts.



We use open source software in connection with our Unified-CXM platform and products and operations. Some open source software licenses require users who distribute open source software as part of their software to publicly disclose all or part of the source code to such software or make available any derivative works of the open source code (which may include our modifications or product code into which such open source software has been integrated) on unfavorable terms allowing further modification and redistribution and at no or nominal cost, and we may be subject to such terms. The terms of many open source licenses have not been interpreted by U.S. or foreign courts, and there is a risk that these open source licenses could be construed in a way that imposes unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to commercialize our products. While we monitor our use of open source software and try to ensure that none is used in a manner that would require us to disclose source code that we have decided to maintain as proprietary or that would otherwise breach the terms or fail to meet the conditions of an open source license or third-party contract, such use could inadvertently occur, or could be claimed to have occurred, in part because open source license terms are often ambiguous. We could be subject to suits by parties claiming ownership of or demanding release of the open source licensing terms or alleging that our use of such software infringes, misappropriates or otherwise violates a third party's intellectual property rights. We may as a result be subject to claims for breach of contract, infringement of intellectual property rights, or indemnity, required to release our proprietary source code, pay damages, royalties, or license fees or other amounts, seek licenses, re-engineer our applicable license could have ould adversely affect our business. Any actual or claimed requirement to disclose our proprietary source code or pay damages for breach of the applicable license could harm our business a

Additionally, the use of certain open source software can lead to greater risks than use of third-party commercial software, as open source licensors generally do not provide warranties or controls on the origin of software. There is typically no support available for open source software, and we cannot ensure that the authors of such open source software will implement or push updates to address security risks or will not abandon further development and maintenance. Many of the risks associated with the use of open source software, such as the lack of warranties or assurances of tile or performance, cannot be eliminated, and could, if not properly addressed, negatively affect our business. We have processes to help alleviate these risks, including a review process for screening requests from our developers for the use of open source software, but we cannot be sure that all open source software is identified or submitted for approval prior to use in our products and services. Any of these risks could be difficult to eliminate or manage, and, if not addressed, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Any failure to obtain, maintain, protect, defend or enforce our intellectual property rights could impair our ability to protect our proprietary technology and our brand and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our success and ability to compete depend in part upon our ability to obtain, maintain, protect, defend and enforce our intellectual property. As of April 30, 2024, we owned 38 U.S. issued patents and 11 pending non-provisional or provisional U.S. patent applications. We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws in the United States and internationally, as well as technological measures and contractual provisions, such as confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, customers, partners, and other third parties, to establish and protect our brand, maintain our competitive position and protect our intellectual property rights from infringement, misappropriation or other violation. However, the steps we take to protect our intellectual property rights may be inadequate or ineffective, and our intellectual property may be challenged, invalidated, narrowed in scope or rendered unenforceable through administrative proceesses, including re-examination, inter partes review, interference and derivation proceedings and equivalent proceedings in foreign jurisdictions (e.g., opposition proceedings) or litigation. The steps we take to protect our intellectual property rights may not be sufficient to effectively prevent third parties from infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating our intellectual property or to prevent unauthorized disclosure or unauthorized use of our trade secrets or other confidential information. We cannot guarantee that any of our pending applications will issue or be approved or that our existing and future intellectual property rights will be sufficiently broad to protect our proprietary technology.

Additionally, effective trademark, copyright, patent and trade secret protection may not be available in every country in which we conduct business, and we may fail to maintain or be unable to obtain adequate protections for certain of our intellectual property rights in such foreign countries. Further, intellectual property law, including statutory and case law, particularly in the United States, is constantly developing, and any changes in the law could make it harder for us to enforce our rights. Failure to comply with applicable procedural, documentary, fee payment and other similar requirements with the United States Patent and Trademark Office and various similar foreign governmental agencies could result in abandonment or lapse of the affected patent, trademark or application. If this occurs, our competitors might be more successful in their efforts to compete with us. Effective protection of intellectual property rights is expensive and difficult to maintain, both in terms of application and registration costs, as well as the costs of defending and enforcing those rights.

We attempt to protect our intellectual property, technology, and confidential information in part through confidentiality, non-disclosure and invention assignment agreements with our employees, consultants, contractors, corporate collaborators, advisors and other third parties who develop intellectual property on our behalf or with whom we share information. However, we cannot guarantee that we have entered into such agreements with each party who has developed intellectual property on our behalf and each party that

has or may have had access to our confidential information, know-how and trade secrets. These agreements may be insufficient or breached, or may not effectively prevent unauthorized access to or unauthorized use, disclosure, misappropriation or reverse engineering of, our confidential information, intellectual property, or technology. There can be no assurance that these agreements will be self-executing or otherwise provide meaningful protection for our trade secrets or other intellectual property or proprietary information. Moreover, these agreements may not provide an adequate remedy for breaches or the unauthorized use or disclosure of our confidential information or technology or infringement of our intellectual property. Enforcing a claim that a party illegally disclosed or misappropriated a trade secret or know-how is difficult, expensive, and timeconsuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, trade secrets and know-how can be difficult to protect, and some courts inside and outside the United States are less willing or unwilling to protect trade secrets and know-how. If any of our trade secrets were to be lawfully obtained or independently developed by a competitor or other third party, we would have no right to prevent them from using that technology or information to compete with us, and our competitive position would be materially and adversely harmed. The loss of trade secret protection could make it easier for third parties to compete with our products and services by copying functionality. Additionally, individuals not subject to invention assignment agreements may make adverse ownership claims to our current and future intellectual property, and, to the extent that our employees, independent contractors or other third parties with whom we do business use intellectual property rights, including possible efforts to enforce rights against us. Additionally, could arise that may permit one or more third parties to practice or enforce our intellectual property rights, including possible ef

Moreover, policing unauthorized use of our technologies, trade secrets, and intellectual property may be difficult, expensive and time-consuming, particularly in foreign countries where the laws may not be as protective of intellectual property rights as those in the United States and where mechanisms for enforcement of intellectual property rights may be weak or inadequate. Furthermore, we may not always detect infringement, misappropriation or other violation of our intellectual property rights, and any infringement, misappropriation or other violation of our intellectual property rights, even if successfully detected, prosecuted and enjoined, could be costly to deal with and could harm our business. In addition, there can be no assurance that our intellectual property rights will be sufficient to protect against others offering products or services that are substantially similar to ours and competing with our business, and third parties, including our competitors, may independently develop similar technology, duplicate our services or design around our intellectual property disclosure of our trade secrets or confidential information, and we may be unable to detect the unauthorized use of, or take appropriate steps to enforce, such trade secrets, confidential information, and other intellectual property rights. Any of the foregoing could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

In order to protect our intellectual property rights, we may be required to spend significant resources to monitor and protect these rights. Litigation brought to protect and enforce our intellectual property rights could be costly, time-consuming and distracting to management, and could result in the impairment or loss of portions of our intellectual property. Uncertainties resulting from the initiation and continuation of patent litigation or other proceedings could have a material adverse effect on our ability to compete in the marketplace. Furthermore, our efforts to enforce our intellectual property rights may be met with defenses, counterclaims and countersuits attacking the validity and enforceability of our intellectual property rights, which could result in the impairment or loss of portions of our intellectual property portfolio. An adverse determination of any litigation proceedings could put our intellectual property at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly and could put our related patents, pending patent applications and trademark filings at risk of being invalidated, not issuing or being cancelled. Furthermore, because of the substantial amount of discovery required in connection with intellectual property litigation, there is a risk that some of our confidential or sensitive information could be compromised by disclosure in the event of litigation. In addition, during the course of litigation there could be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions or other interim proceedings or developments. Despite our efforts, we may not be able to prevent third parties from infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating, or from successfully challenging, our intellectual property rights. If securities analysts or investors perceive these results to be negative, it could have a substantial adverse effect on the price of our Class A common stock. Such litigation or proceedings could substantially increase our operating losses and reduce the resources available for development a

We may face claims by third parties alleging infringement, misappropriation or other violation of their intellectual property, trade secrets or proprietary rights.

There is considerable patent and other intellectual property development activity in our industry and companies in the technology industry frequently enter into litigation based on allegations of infringement, misappropriation or other violations of intellectual property rights. Our future success depends in part on our ability to develop and commercialize our products and services without

infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating the intellectual property and proprietary rights of others. From time to time, we have received and may in the future receive claims from third parties, including our competitors, alleging that our Unified-CXM platform and underlying technology infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate such third party's intellectual property rights, including their trade secrets, and we may be found to be infringing upon such rights. For example, on February 25, 2022, we agreed to settle all outstanding claims with Opal Labs Inc. ("Opal") with respect to Opal's complaints alleging breach of contract and violation of Oregon's Uniform Trade Secrets Act, among other claims, and, on March 1, 2022, the court dismissed those claims with prejudice. The Company and Opal finalized the settlement on March 15, 2022, and it was paid on March 30, 2022.

As we face increasing competition and become increasingly high profile, the possibility of receiving a larger number of intellectual property claims against us grows. It is possible that we may be unsuccessful in such proceedings, resulting in a loss of some portion or all of our patent rights. Any claims or litigation, regardless of their merit, could cause us to incur significant expenses, pay substantial amounts in costs or damages, ongoing royalty or license fees or other payments, or could prevent us from offering all or aspects of our Unified-CXM platform or using certain technologies, require us to re-engineer all or a portion of our Unified-CXM platform, force us to implement expensive workarounds or re-designs, distract management from our business or require that we comply with other unfavorable terms. If any of our technologies, products or services are found to infringe, misappropriate or violate a third party's intellectual property rights, we may seek to obtain a license under such third party's intellectual property rights in order to bring an end to certain claims or actions asserted against us to continue commercializing or using such technologies, products and services. However, we may not be able to obtain such a license on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Even if we were able to obtain a license, it could be non-exclusive, thereby giving our competitors and other third party access to the same technologies licensed to us, and it could require us to make substantial licensing and royalty payments.

Any litigation also may involve patent holding companies or other adverse patent owners that have no relevant solution revenue, and, therefore, our patent portfolio may provide little or no deterrence, as we would not be able to assert our patents against such entities or individuals. Such "non-practicing entities" and other intellectual property rights holders may attempt to assert intellectual property claims against us or seek to monetize the intellectual property rights they own to extract value through licensing or other settlements. We have in the past and may in the future be requested to and/or obligated to indemnify our customers or business partners in connection with any such litigation and to obtain licenses or refund subscription fees, which could further exhaust our resources. Even if we were to prevail in the event of claims or litigation against us, any claim or litigation of our management and other employees from our business operations. Such disputes also could disrupt our Unified-CXM platform and products, which would adversely impact our client satisfaction and ability to attract customers. In the case of infringement, misappropriation or other violation caused by technology that we obtain from third parties, any indemnification or other contractual protections we obtain from such third parties, if any, may be insufficient to cover the liabilities we incur as a result of such infringement or misappropriation.

In a patent infringement claim against us, we may assert, as a defense, that we do not infringe the relevant patent claims, that the patent is invalid or both. The strength of our defenses will depend on the patents asserted, the interpretation of these patents, and our ability to invalidate the asserted patents. However, we could be unsuccessful in advancing non-infringement or invalidity arguments in our defense. In the United States, issued patents enjoy a presumption of validity, and the party challenging the validity of a patent claim must present clear and convincing evidence of invalidity, which is a high burden of proof. Conversely, the patent owner need only prove infringement by a preponderance of the evidence, which is a lower burden of proof. We also may be unaware of the intellectual property rights of others that may cover some or all of our technology. Because patent applications can take years to issue and are often afforded confidentiality for some period of time, there may currently be pending applications, unknown to us, that later result in issued patents that could cover one or more of our products. If we are required to make substantial payments or undertake any of the other actions noted above as a result of any intellectual property infringement, misappropriation or violation claims against us, such payments, costs or actions could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial condition and results of operations.

Indemnity and other provisions in various agreements potentially expose us to substantial liability for intellectual property infringement and other losses.

Our agreements with customers and other third parties may include indemnification or other provisions under which we agree to indemnify or otherwise be liable to such third parties for losses suffered or incurred as a result of claims of intellectual property infringement, misappropriation or other violation, damages caused by us to property or persons or other liabilities relating to or arising from our Unified-CXM platform or our acts or omissions. We have in the past and may in the future receive indemnification requests from our customers related to such claims. In addition, customers typically require us to indemnify or otherwise be liable to them for breach of confidentiality or failure to implement adequate security measures with respect to their data stored, transmitted or processed by our Unified-CXM platform. The terms of these contractual provisions often survive termination or expiration of the applicable agreement. Large indemnity payments or damage claims from contractual breach could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. Although we generally attempt to contractually limit the scope of our liability with respect to such obligations, we are not always successful, and we may incur substantial liability related to them. Any dispute with a customer with respect to such

obligations could have adverse effects on our relationship with that customer and other current and prospective customers, reduce demand for our Unified-CXM platform and harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Further, certain of our customer agreements contain provisions permitting the customer to become a party to, or a beneficiary of, a source code escrow agreement under which we place the proprietary source code for certain of our solutions in escrow with a third party. Under these source code escrow agreements, our source code may be released to the customer upon the occurrence of specified events, such as in situations of our bankruptcy or insolvency or our failure to support or maintain our solutions. Disclosing the content of our source code may limit the intellectual property protection we can obtain or maintain for our source code or our solutions containing that source code and may facilitate intellectual property infringement, misappropriation or other violation claims against us.

Following any such release, we cannot be certain that customers will comply with the restrictions on their use of the source code and we may be unable to monitor and prevent unauthorized disclosure of such source code by customers. Additionally, following any such release, customers may be able to create derivative works based on our source code and may own such derivative works. Any increase in the number of people familiar with our source code as a result of any such release also may increase the risk of a successful hacking attempt. Each of these could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Related to Litigation, Regulatory Compliance and Governmental Matters

Our business and operations could be negatively affected if we become subject to any securities litigation or stockholder activism.

Our business and operations could be negatively affected if we become subject to any securities litigation or stockholder activism, which could cause us to incur significant expenses, hinder the execution of our business and growth strategy and impact the price of our Class A common stock.

In the past, securities class action litigation often has been brought against a company following a decline in the market price of its securities. In addition, stockholder activism, which could take many forms and arise in a variety of situations, has been increasing recently, and new universal proxy rules could significantly lower the cost and further increase the ease and likelihood of stockholder activism. This risk is especially relevant for us because technology companies have experienced significant stock price volatility in recent years. Volatility in our stock price or other reasons may in the future cause us to become the target of securities litigation or stockholder activism. Securities litigation and stockholder activism, including potential proxy contests, could result in substantial costs, including significant legal fees and other expenses, and divert our management and board of directors' attention and resources from our business. Additionally, securities litigation and stockholder activism could give rise to perceived uncertainties as to our future, adversely affect our relationships with customers and business partners, adversely affect our reputation, and make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified personnel. Our stock price could also be subject to significant fluctuation or otherwise be adversely affected by the events, risks and uncertainties of any securities litigation and stockholder activism.

We are subject to governmental export and import controls and economic sanctions laws and regulations that could impair our ability to compete in international markets and subject us to liability if we are not in full compliance with applicable laws.

Our business activities are subject to various restrictions under U.S. export and similar laws and regulations, including the United States Department of Commerce's Export Administration Regulations and various economic and trade sanctions regulations administered by the United States Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Controls. The U.S. export control laws and economic sanctions laws include restrictions or prohibitions on the sale or supply of certain products and services to certain embargoed or sanctioned countries, governments, persons and entities. In addition, we may incorporate encryption technology into certain of our offerings, and encryption offerings and the underlying technology may be exported outside of the United States only with the required export authorizations, including by license, and we cannot guarantee that any required authorization will be obtained. If we are found to be in violation of U.S. economic sanctions or export control laws, it could result in substantial fines and penalties for us and for the individuals working for us. We also may experience other adverse effects, including reputational harm and loss of access to certain markets.

In addition, various countries regulate the import of certain technology and have enacted or could enact laws that could limit our ability to provide our customers access to our Unified-CXM platform or could limit our customers' ability to access or use our Unified-CXM platform in those countries. Changes in our Unified-CXM platform or future changes in export and import regulations may prevent our customers with international operations from utilizing our Unified-CXM platform globally or, in some cases, prevent the export or import of our Unified-CXM platform to certain countries, governments or persons altogether. Any decreased use of our Unified-CXM platform or limitation on our ability to export or sell our Unified-CXM platform could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Failure to comply with anti-bribery, anti-corruption and anti-money laundering laws could subject us to penalties and other adverse consequences.

We are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (the "FCPA"), the U.K. Bribery Act and other anti-corruption, anti-bribery and anti-money laundering laws in the jurisdictions in which we do business, both domestic and abroad. These laws generally prohibit us and our employees from improperly influencing government officials or commercial parties in order to



obtain or retain business, direct business to any person or gain any advantage. The FCPA, U.K. Bribery Act and other applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws also may hold us liable for acts of corruption and bribery committed by our third-party business partners, representatives and agents. In addition to our own sales force, we leverage third parties to sell our products and conduct our business abroad. We and our third-party business partners, representatives and agents may have direct or indirect interactions with officials and employees of government agencies or state-owned or affiliated entities and we may be held liable for the corrupt or other illegal activities of these third-party business partners and intermediaries, our employees, representatives, contractors, channel partners and agents, even if we do not explicitly authorize such activities. These laws also require that we keep accurate books and records and maintain internal controls and compliance procedures designed to prevent any such actions. While we have policies and procedures to address compliance with such laws, we cannot assure you that our employees and agents will not take actions in violation of our policies or applicable law, for which we may be ultimately held responsible and our exposure for violating these laws increases as our international presence expands and as we increase sales and operations in foreign jurisdictions. Any violation of the FCPA, U.K. Bribery Act or other applicable anti-bribery, anti-corruption laws and anti-money laundering laws could result in whistleblower complaints, adverse media coverage, investigations, imposition of significant legal fees, loss of export privileges, severe criminal or civil sanctions or suspension or debarment from U.S. government contracts, substantial diversion of management's attention, a decline in the market price of our Class A common stock or overall adverse consequences to our reputation and business, all of which may have an adverse effect on our results of operations

Our business could be adversely affected by changes in laws and regulations related to the Internet or changes in access to the Internet generally.

The future success of our business depends upon the continued use of the Internet as a primary medium for communication, business applications and commerce. Federal or state government bodies or agencies have in the past adopted, and may in the future adopt, laws or regulations affecting the use of the Internet as a commercial medium. Legislators, regulators or government bodies or agencies also may make legal or regulatory changes or interpret or apply existing laws or regulations that relate to the use of the Internet in new and materially different ways. Changes in these laws, regulations or interpretations could require us to modify our Unified-CXM platform in order to comply with these changes, to incur substantial additional costs or divert resources that could otherwise be deployed to grow our business, or expose us to unanticipated civil or criminal liability, among other things.

In addition, federal and state government agencies and private organizations have imposed, and may in the future impose, additional taxes, fees or other charges for accessing the Internet or commerce conducted via the Internet. Internet access is frequently provided by companies that have significant market power and could take actions that degrade, disrupt or increase the cost of our customers' use of our Unified-CXM platform, which could negatively impact our business. In December 2017, the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") repealed its 2015 "network neutrality" rules, effective June 2018. The 2015 network neutrality rules were designed to ensure that all online content and services were treated the same by internet service providers and granted providers of broadband internet access services greater freedom to make changes to their services, including, potentially, changes that may discriminate against or harm our business. In April 2024, the FCC adopted an order that substantially reinstated the 2015 rules. In addition, a number of states have adopted or are adopting or considering legislation or executive actions that would regulate the conduct of broadband providers. For example, California began enforcing a state-specific network neutrality and on March 25, 2021. A number of other states have adopted or are adopting or considering legislation or executive actions that would regulate the conduct of broadband providers. The FCC's April 2024 order permits it to preempt any state-level network neutrality requirements that go beyond the requirements adopted in that order, but specifically held that the California law would not be preempted. We cannot predict the actions that the FCC may take, whether any new FCC order or state initiatives regulating providers will be modified, overturned, or vacated by legal action, federal legislation, or the FCC itself, or the degree to which additional federal or state regulatory action – or inaction – may adversely affect our business. We could incur greater opera

These developments could limit the growth of Internet-related commerce or communications generally or result in reductions in the demand for Internet-based platforms and services such as ours, increased costs to us or the disruption of our business. In addition, as the Internet continues to experience growth in the number of users, frequency of use and amount of data transmitted, the use of the Internet as a business tool could be adversely affected due to delays in the development or adoption of new standards and protocols to handle increased demands of Internet activity, security, reliability, cost, ease-of-use, accessibility and quality of service. The performance of the Internet and its acceptance as a business tool has been adversely affected by data security and privacy issues, and the Internet has experienced a variety of outages and other degradations as a result of damage to portions of its infrastructure. If the use of the Internet generally, or our Unified-CXM platform specifically, is adversely affected by these or other issues, we could be forced to incur substantial costs, demand for our Unified-CXM platform could decline and our results of operations and financial condition could be harmed.

Our business could be adversely impacted by laws and regulations related to the telecommunications industry.

We provide certain communications and voice services that are or could become subject to existing or potential domestic or international regulations around telecommunications. For example, we are registered as an interconnected Voice Over Internet

Protocol ("VoIP") provider in the United States, which subjects us to the FCC's rules and regulations applicable to VoIP providers such as filings and regulatory assessments (including contributions to FCC-mandated funds), call authentication requirements, access to emergency services, requirements around the provision or portability of phone numbers, data privacy, and law enforcement access laws. We may seek to expand business activities to new jurisdictions, which could subject us to new or increased regulations, increase compliance costs or limit the level of services we offer, each of which could affect our business strategies and potential customer base. In addition, existing and future laws and regulations could limit our ability to make telephone numbers available to customers who request them. Legislators or the agencies may expand the scope of our regulatory obligations or limit our rights at any time. If we do not comply with any current or future regulations that apply to our business, we could be subject to substantial fines and penalties, we may have to restructure our product offerings, exit certain markets, or raise the price of our products, any of which could ultimately harm our business and results of operations. Any enforcement action by the regulators, which may be a public process, would hurt our reputation in the industry, possibly impair our ability to sell our services to our customers and harm our business.

Risks Related to Privacy, Information Technology and Cybersecurity

Interruptions in availability or suboptimal performance associated with our technology and infrastructure may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We seek to maintain the integrity and availability of our products and confidentiality of our confidential information through certain controls, such as business continuity and disaster recovery plans, redundant designs of operational systems and processes, training and availability of key employees, contractual and technical assurances by our thirdparty service providers to maintain their services to us, regular tests and audits of critical systems and plans, capacity planning for current and future system and process needs, enterprise risk management, and periodic review of our plans. Notwithstanding these efforts, we cannot ensure that our systems or those of our third-party partners are not or will not be vulnerable to disruptions from natural or man-made disasters or other security incidents. We are exposed to threats and resulting risks that may result in a significant disruption of our ability to deliver our products to our customers.

Our continued growth, brand, reputation and ability to attract and retain customers depend in part on the ability of our customers to access our Unified-CXM platform at any time and within an acceptable amount of time. Our Unified-CXM platform is proprietary, and we are dependent on the expertise and efforts of members of our engineering, operations and software development teams for its continued performance. We have experienced, and may in the future experience, service disruptions, outages and other performance problems due to a variety of factors, including infrastructure changes, introductions of new functionality, human or software errors, capacity constraints due to an overwhelming number of users accessing our Unified-CXM platform concurrently and denial of service attacks or other security-related incidents. Frequent or persistent interruptions in our products and services could cause customers to believe that our products and services are unreliable, leading them to switch to our competitors or to avoid our products and services. Additionally, our insurance policies may be insufficient to cover a claim made against us by any such customers affected by any errors, defects or other infrastructure problems. In some instances, we may not be able to rectify, remediate or even identify the cause or causes of these performance increasingly difficult to maintain and improve our performance, especially during peak usage times, as our Unified-CXM platform becomes more complex and our user traffic increases. If our Unified-CXM platform is unavailable or if users are unable to access our Unified-CXM platform within a reasonable amount of time, or at all, our business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely affected. Moreover, some of our customer agreements include performance guarantees and service-level standards that obligate us to provide credits or termination rights in the event of a significant disruption in the functioning of our Unified-CXM platform.

To the extent that we do not effectively address capacity constraints, upgrade our systems and data centers as needed and continually develop our technology and network architecture to accommodate actual and anticipated changes in technology or an increased user base, we may experience service interruptions and performance issues, which may result in a disruption of our products, delay the development of new products and features, result in a loss of current and future revenue, result in negative publicity and harm to our reputation, require us to pay significant penalties or fines or subject us to litigation, claims or other disputes, any of which could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We are subject to stringent and changing obligations related to data privacy and security. Our actual or perceived failure to comply with such obligations could lead to regulatory investigations or actions, litigation or mass arbitration demands, fines and penalties, disruptions of our business operations, reputational harm, loss of revenue or profits, loss of customers or sales, and other adverse business consequences.

In the ordinary course of business, we collect, receive, store, process, generate, use, transfer, disclose, make accessible, protect, secure, dispose of, transmit and share (which we collectively refer to as "process") proprietary and confidential data, including personal data, intellectual property, and trade secrets, of ours or our customers (collectively, "confidential information"). Additionally, our customers can utilize our Unified-CXM platform to process confidential information of their employees, customers, partners and other individuals. Our data processing activities subject us to numerous global data privacy and security obligations, such as various laws, regulations, guidance, industry standards, external and internal privacy and security policies, contracts, and other obligations that govern the processing of confidential information by us and on our behalf.

In the United States, federal, state, and local governments have enacted numerous data privacy and security laws, including data breach notification laws, personal data privacy laws, and consumer protection laws (such as Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act), and other laws, including wiretapping laws. For example, some privacy laws and other obligations may require us or our customers to obtain consent to process personal data in certain circumstances. For example, some of our data processing practices may be challenged under wiretapping laws, as we obtain customer information from third parties through various methods, including chatbot and session replay providers, or via third-party marketing pixels. In addition, we must comply with the FCC's regulations that require us to protect private customer information about their use of telecommunications services, known as customer proprietary network information. Our inability or failure to adhere to applicable requirements could result in adverse consequences, including class action litigation, mass arbitration demands and statutory fines for noncompliance. In the past few years, numerous U.S. states have enacted comprehensive privacy laws that impose certain obligations on covered businesses, including providing specific disclosures in privacy notices and affording residents with certain rights concerning their personal data. As applicable, such rights may include the right to access, correct, or delete certain personal data, and to opt-out of certain data processing activities, such as targeted advertising, profiling, and automated decision-making, which, even if not directly applicable to Sprinklr as a data processor, may be applicable to our customers. The exercise of these rights may impact our business and ability to provide our products and services. These state laws also allow for statutory fines for noncompliance. For example, under the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, as amended by the California Privacy Rights Act of 2020 (collectively, "CCPA") noncompliance may carry fines of up to \$7,500 per intentional violation; the CCPA also allows for a private right of action for certain data breaches. These laws, as well as other laws or regulations relating to data privacy and security, particularly any new or modified laws or regulations that require enhanced protection of certain types of data or new obligations with regard to data retention, transfer or disclosure, may result in further uncertainty with respect to data privacy and security issues, and will require us to incur additional resource, costs and expenses in an effort to comply. The enactment of various laws has prompted similar legislative developments in other states, which has created a patchwork of overlapping but different state laws, as certain state laws may be more stringent, broader in scope or offer greater individual rights with respect to personal data than federal, foreign or other state laws, which may complicate compliance efforts. The federal government is also still considering comprehensive privacy legislation.

In addition, as we continue to expand our business activities, we are accessing additional types and greater volumes of potentially confidential or sensitive information that may subject us to additional privacy and security laws and obligations. For example, in certain limited instances, we may agree with specific customers to permit the exchange of protected health information through certain approved platform components. Our access to protected health information for specific agreed use cases on behalf of those customers that are covered entities and therefore subject to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (collectively, "HIPAA"), may subject us to HIPAA's specific requirements relating to the privacy, security, and transmission of protected health information. To the extent that we become subject to HIPAA, our failure to comply could result in significant penalties. Additionally, to the extent that additional customers with whom we did not agree to permit the exchange of protected health information in violation of their contractual obligations with us, we could also be subject to additional compliance risks. Similar privacy, security, and transmission obligations may apply to us outside the United States if we process health information and other categories of confidential information and our failure to comply could result in significant penalties.

As another example, we process an increasing amount of credit card data through our Secure Forms module, and we have entered contractual relationships requiring us to comply with the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard ("PCI DSS"). The PCI DSS requires companies to adopt certain measures to ensure the security of cardholder information, including using and maintaining firewalls, adopting proper password protections for certain devices and software, and restricting data access. Noncompliance with PCI-DSS can result in penalties ranging from \$5,000 to \$100,000 per month by credit card companies, litigation, damage to our reputation, and revenue losses.

Outside of the United States, an increasing number of laws, regulations, and industry standards apply to data privacy and security. Some examples of these laws include the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation ("EU GDPR"), the United Kingdom's GDPR ("UK GDPR" and, together with EU GDPR, "GDPR"), Brazil's General Data Protection Law (Lei Geral de Proteção de Dados Pessoais) (Law No. 13,709/2018), China's Personal Information Protection Law, India's Digital Personal Data Protection Act, and Japan's Protection of Personal Information. These laws all impose strict requirements for processing personal data. For example, noncompliance with the EU GDPR carries fines of up to the greater of $\pounds 20$ million or 4% of global annual turnover (and under the UK GDPR, up to the greater of $\pounds 17.5$ million or 4% of global annual turnover) and can result in data processing bans, other administrative penalties and litigation brought by classes of data subjects or consumer protection organizations authorized at law to represent their interests, together with associated damage to our reputation.

Europe and other jurisdictions have enacted industry-specific laws requiring data to be localized in some limited circumstances or limiting the transfer of personal data to other countries. European and other data protection laws, including the GDPR, place some restrictions on the ability of companies to freely transfer personal data to countries deemed to be inadequate for privacy purposes, and there are fairly rigorous restrictions regarding transfers of personal data from China (although these have been softened recently). Other jurisdictions may also adopt stringent data localization and cross-border data transfer requirements and, in many circumstances,

these may be requirements outside of the scope of privacy law, including industry-specific or national security requirements. Although there are currently various mechanisms that may be used to enable the transfer of personal data from the European Economic Area ("EEA") and UK to the United States in compliance with the law, such as the EU-US Data Privacy Framework and the UK extension thereto (to which we are an active participant) and the EU's standard contractual clauses, these mechanisms continue to be subject to legal challenges, and there is no continued assurance that we can satisfy or rely on these measures to lawfully transfer personal data to the United States or other countries with "inadequate" data protection regimes without the potential for future challenge. If there is no lawful manner for us to transfer personal data from the EEA, the UK, or other jurisdictions, outside of the origin territory, or if the requirements for a legally-compliant transfer are too onerous, we could face significant adverse consequences, including the prohibition on further transfers (including remote access by employees in support teams in certain regions), the interruption or degradation of our operations, the need to relocate part of or all of our business or data processing activities to other jurisdictions against our processing or transferring of personal data necessary to operate our business. Additionally, companies that transfer personal data out of the EEA and UK to other jurisdictions, particularly to the United States, can be subject to increased scrutiny from regulators, individual litigants, and activits groups.

We may also become subject to new laws in the EEA that regulate cybersecurity and non-personal data, such as the European Data Act. Depending on how these laws are interpreted, we may have to adapt our business practices and products to comply with such obligations.

UK and EEA data privacy regulations in relation to electronic communications also require opt-in consent to send certain unsolicited marketing emails or other electronic communications to individuals or for the use of cookies and the data obtained using cookies and similar technologies for advertising, analytics and certain other purposes – activities on which our products and marketing strategies rely. Enforcement of these requirements has increased, and a new regulation proposed in the European Union, known as the ePrivacy Regulation, makes these requirements, as well as requirements around tracking technologies, such as cookies, more stringent and increases the penalties for violating them. Such restrictions could increase our exposure to regulatory enforcement action, increase our compliance costs, and adversely affect our business.

We sometimes rely on data obtained from third-party data suppliers, and the sale of data to third parties has become subject to increased regulatory scrutiny. Therefore, obtaining information from third parties carries risk to us as a data purchaser and onward provider to our customers. Regulators are increasingly scrutinizing the activities of third-party data suppliers, as well as those using the data from those third parties, and laws in the United States (including the CCPA and California Delete Act) and other jurisdictions, such as Europe (including GDPR, and the ePrivacy Directive), are likewise regulating such activity. These laws pose additional, material compliance risks to such suppliers, and these suppliers may not be able to supply us with personal data in compliance with these laws. Such laws may make it difficult for our suppliers to provide the data as the costs associated with the data materially increase. For example, some data suppliers are required to register as data brokers under California, Vermont, Texas and Oregon law and file reports with regulators, which exposes them to increased scrutiny. Additionally, the California Delete Act requires the California Privacy Protection Agency to establish by January 1, 2026 a mechanism to allow California consumers to submit a single, verifiable request to delete all of their personal data held by all registered data brokers and their service providers. Moreover, third-party data suppliers to provide data to us that the costs associated with the data materially increase or may make it so difficult for our suppliers to provide us. In addition, we may face compliance risks and limitations on our ability to use certain data provided by our third-party suppliers have not complied with applicable privacy laws, provide dappropriate notice to data subjects, obtained necessary consents given notices, or established a legal basis for the transfer and processing of the data by us, or if there are restrictions in their terms of use of which we are not aware.

In addition to data privacy and security laws, our contractual obligations relating to data privacy and security have become increasingly stringent due to changes in data privacy and security and the expansion of our service offerings. For example, certain data privacy and security laws, such as the GDPR and the CCPA, require us to impose specific contractual restrictions on our service providers.

Moreover, we are certified or assessed to be compliant with UK Cyberessentials, System and Organization Controls ("SOC") 1, SOC 2, SOC 3, ISO 27001, PCI-DSS 3.2 and HIPAA (under Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements ("SSAE") 21 reporting) and maintain a Federal Risk and Authorizations Management Program ("FedRAMP") LI-SaaS Authority to Operate ("ATO"). If we are unable to maintain these certifications or meet these standards, it could adversely affect our ability to provide our solutions to certain customers and could harm our business.

Furthermore, we make numerous statements in our privacy policies and terms of service, through our certifications to certain industry standards and in our marketing materials that describe the security and privacy practices of our Unified-CXM platform, including detailed descriptions of security measures we employ. Although we endeavor to comply with our public statements and documentation, we may at times fail to do so or be alleged to have failed to do so. Our privacy policies and other statements regarding

data privacy and security can subject us to potential government or legal action if they are found to be deceptive, unfair, or misrepresentative of our actual practices. Should any of these statements prove to be untrue or be perceived as untrue, even though circumstances beyond our reasonable control, we may face litigation, disputes, claims, investigations, inquiries or other proceedings including, without limitation, by the U.S. Federal Trade Commission, federal, state and foreign regulators, our customers and private litigants, which could adversely affect our business, reputation, results of operations and financial condition.

Business partners and other third parties with a strong influence on how consumers interact with our products, such as Apple, Google, Meta, Microsoft and Mozilla, may create new privacy controls or restrictions on their products and platforms, limiting the effectiveness of our services. With obligations relating to data privacy and security changing and imposing new and stringent obligations, and with some uncertainty over the interpretation and application of these and other obligations, we may face challenges in addressing their requirements and making necessary changes to our policies and practices, and may incur significant costs and expenses in an effort to do so.

Additionally, if the third parties we work with, including our vendors or third-party service providers, violate applicable laws, rules or regulations or our policies, such violations also may put our or our customers' data at risk and could in turn have an adverse effect on our business. Any failure or perceived failure by us or our third party partners to comply with our data privacy or security obligations to customers or other third parties, or any of our other legal obligations relating to data privacy or security, may result in governmental investigations or inquiries (which have occurred in the past and may occur in the future), enforcement actions, litigation and mass arbitration demands, disputes or other claims, indemnification requests, restrictions on providing our services, claims or public statements against us by privacy advocacy groups or others, adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. In particular, plaintiffs have become increasingly more active in bringing privacy-related claims against companies, including class claims and mass arbitration demands. Some of these claims allow for the recovery of statutory damages on a per violation basis, and, if viable, carry the potential for monumental statutory damages, depending on the volume of data and the number of violations.

The cost of compliance with, and other burdens imposed by, laws, rules, regulations and other obligations relating to data privacy and security applicable to the businesses of our customers may adversely affect our customers' ability and willingness to process personal data from their employees, customers and partners, which could limit the use, effectiveness and adoption of our Unified-CXM platform and reduce overall demand. Furthermore, the uncertain and shifting regulatory environment, as well as changes in consumer expectations concerning data privacy may cause concerns regarding data privacy and may cause our data vendors, customers or our customers' customers to resist providing the data necessary to allow our customers to use our services effectively. Even the perception of privacy concerns, whether or not valid, may inhibit market adoption, effectiveness or use of our applications.

If we or the third parties with whom we work experience a cybersecurity breach or other security incident or unauthorized parties otherwise obtain access to our customers' data, our data or our Unified-CXM platform, our Unified-CXM platform may be perceived as not being secure, our reputation may be harmed, demand for our Unified-CXM platform may be perceived as not being secure, our reputation may be harmed, demand for our Unified-CXM platform may be perceived as not being secure, our reputation may be harmed, demand for our Unified-CXM platform may be reduced and we may incur significant liabilities.

In the ordinary course of our business, we process confidential information. Use of our Unified-CXM platform also involves processing our customers' information, including personal data regarding their customers, employees or other individuals.

Cyberattacks, malicious internet-based activity online and offline fraud and other similar activities threaten the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our confidential information, are prevalent and continue to increase in frequency, intensity and sophistication. Further, these threats are becoming increasingly difficult to detect and come from a variety of sources, including traditional computer "hackers," threat actors, "hacktivists," organized crime threat actors, personnel (such as through theft or misuse), sophisticated nation-states, and nation-state-supported actors.

Some actors now engage and are expected to continue to engage in cyber-attacks, including, without limitation, nation-state actors for geopolitical reasons and in conjunction with military conflicts and defense activities. During times of war and other major conflicts, we, the third parties with whom we work, and our customers may be vulnerable to a heightened risk of these attacks, including retaliatory cyber-attacks, that could materially disrupt our systems and operations, supply chain, and ability to produce, sell and distribute our goods and services.



We and the third parties with whom we work may be subject to a variety of evolving threats, including, but not limited to, social-engineering attacks (including through deep fakes, which may be increasingly more difficult to identify as fake, and phishing attacks), malicious code (such as viruses and worms), malware (including as a result of advanced persistent threat intrusions), volumetric or application-level denial-of-service attacks, credential stuffing attacks, credential harvesting, personnel misconduct or error, ransomware attacks, supply-chain attacks, software bugs, server malfunctions, misconfiguration, software or hardware failures, access deprovisioning failures, loss of data or other information technology assets, attacks enhanced or facilitated by AI. In particular, ransomware attacks, including by organized criminal threat actors, nation-states, and nation-state-supported actors, are prevalent and severe and can lead to significant interruptions in our operations, loss of data and income, reputational harm, and diversion of funds. Extortion payments may alleviate the negative impact of a ransomware attack, but we may be unwilling or unable to make such payments due to, for example, applicable laws or regulations prohibiting such payments. Adware, telecommunications failures, earthquakes, fires, floods, adverse weather events, and man-made disasters may also impact the availability of our systems and operations.

Furthermore, our services are important to the internal processes of many of our customers worldwide and, as a result, if our products are compromised, a significant number or, in some instances, all of our customers and their data could be simultaneously affected, which could cause serious disruption and harm. The potential liability and associated consequences we could suffer as a result could be significant.

Our remote workforce poses increased risks to our information technology systems and data, as more of our employees utilize network connections, computers, and devices outside our premises or network, including while working from home, while in transit, and in public locations. Future or past business transactions (such as acquisitions or integrations) could expose us to additional cybersecurity risks and vulnerabilities, as our systems could be negatively affected by vulnerabilities present in acquired or integrated entities' systems and technologies. We may also discover security issues that were not identified during due diligence of such acquired or integrated entities, and it may be difficult to integrate other companies into our information technology environment and security program.

We rely upon third parties and third-party technologies to operate critical business systems to process confidential information in a variety of contexts, including, without limitation, third-party providers of cloud-based infrastructure, encryption and authentication technology, employee email, content delivery to customers, and other functions. While we require the third parties with whom we work to process confidential information on our behalf to meet certain security requirements and give contractual commitments to us regarding their data processing activities, our ability to monitor these third parties' information security practices is limited, and despite such assurance and commitments, these third parties may not have, or may not continue to have, adequate information security measures in place. If the third parties with whom we work experience a security incident or other interruption, we could experience adverse consequences. While we may be entitled to damages if these third parties fail to satisfy their privacy or security-related obligations to us, any award may be insufficient to cover our damages or protect our reputation, or we may be unable to recover any such awarded damages. Moreover, supply-chain attacks have increased in frequency and severity, and we cannot guarantee that third parties and infrastructure in our supply chain or in the third parties' with whom we work supply chains have not been compromised or that they do not contain exploitable vulnerabilities, defects or bugs that could result in a breach of or disruption to our information technology systems (including our products and services) or the third-party information technology systems that support us and our services.

Additionally, the reliability and continuous availability of our platform is critical to our success. We take steps designed to detect, mitigate, and remediate vulnerabilities in our information systems (such as our hardware, software, and products, and those of the third parties with whom we work). However, our information systems may contain errors, defects, security vulnerabilities, or software bugs that are difficult to detect and correct, and some of these may pose a significant risk to our business and ability to provide our products and services, particularly when such vulnerabilities are first introduced or when new versions or enhancements of our platform are released. We have not always been able in the past and may be unable in the future to detect and remediate all such vulnerabilities in our information systems including on a timely basis. Despite our efforts to identify and remediate vulnerabilities may require immediate attention, but we may still experience delays in developing and deploying remedial measures designed to address any such vulnerabilities. Even if we have issued or otherwise made patches or information for vulnerabilities in our information systems, our customers may be unwilling or unable to deploy such patches and use such information effectively and in a timely manner. Vulnerabilities could be exploited and result in a security incident.

Any of the previously identified or similar threats could cause a security incident or other interruption that could result in unauthorized, unlawful, or accidental acquisition, modification, destruction, loss, alteration, encryption, disclosure of, or access to our confidential information. A security incident or other interruption could disrupt our ability (and that of third parties with whom we work) to provide our Unified-CXM platform and our services. We may expend significant resources or modify our business activities to try to protect against security incidents. While we have implemented security measures designed to protect against security incidents, there can be no assurance that these measures will be effective. We have in the past and may in the future be subject to

attempted or successful cybersecurity attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized access to our or our customers' confidential information or to disrupt our ability to provide our Unified-CXM platform.

Our data privacy and security obligations under applicable laws and our customer agreements may require us to implement and maintain specific security measures, industrystandard or reasonable security measures to protect our information technology systems and confidential information.

We operate our products for the benefit of our customers who have documented responsibilities to maintain certain security controls, such as provisioning and deprovisioning users, in their respective environments without oversight or control by us. Our customers may weaken or incorrectly configure security controls provided by us to maintain the security of their environments, resulting in a loss of confidentiality or integrity of such customer's data or processes. Such an event also may result in a compromise to our information technology systems or a security incident, or public disclosures and negative publicity for us and such customer, which may have a negative impact on our ability to achieve our corporate goals and could adversely affect our business, reputation, results of operations and financial condition. Such an event may also result in a compromise to our information technology systems or a security incident.

Applicable data privacy and security obligations, both legally and contractually, may require us to notify relevant stakeholders of security incidents. Such notifications are costly, and the notifications or the failure to comply with such requirements could lead to adverse consequences, including breach of contract or applicable legislation. If we (or a third party with whom we work) experience a security incident or are perceived to have experienced a security incident, we may experience adverse consequences. These consequences may include: government enforcement actions (for example, investigations, fines, penalties, audits, and inspections); additional reporting requirements and/or oversight; restrictions on processing confidential information (including personal data); litigation (including class claims); indemnification obligations; negative publicity; reputational harm; monetary fund diversions; interruptions in our operations (including availability of data); financial loss; and other similar harms. Security incidents and attendant consequences may prevent or cause customers to stop using our Unified-CXM platform, deter new customers from using our Unified-CXM platform, and negatively impact our ability to grow and operate our business.

Our contracts may not contain limitations of liability, and even where they do, there can be no assurance that limitations of liability in our contracts are sufficient to protect us from liabilities, damages, or claims related to our data privacy and security obligations.

We cannot be sure that our insurance coverage will be adequate or sufficient to protect us from or to mitigate liabilities arising out of our privacy and security practices, that such coverage will continue to be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or that such coverage will pay future claims.

In addition to experiencing a security incident, third parties may gather, collect, or infer sensitive information about us from public sources, data brokers, or other means that reveals competitively sensitive details about our organization and could be used to undermine our competitive advantage or market position.

Risks Related to Tax and Accounting Matters

Our results of operations may be harmed if we are required to collect sales, value-added, goods and services or other similar taxes for subscriptions to our products and services in jurisdictions in which we have not historically done so.

Sales tax, value-added tax ("VAT"), goods and services tax ("GST"), and other similar transaction tax laws and rates differ greatly by jurisdiction and are subject to varying interpretations that may change over time. The application of these tax laws to services provided electronically is evolving. In particular, the applicability of sales taxes to our products and services in various jurisdictions is unclear.

Furthermore, an increasing number of states have considered or adopted laws that attempt to impose tax collection obligations on out-of-state companies. The Supreme Court of the United States ruled in South Dakota v. Wayfair, Inc. et al ("Wayfair"), that online sellers can be required to collect sales and use tax despite not having a physical presence in the buyer's state or "economic nexus." In response to Wayfair, or for other reasons, states or local governments have adopted and begun to enforce, and other states or local governments may adopt, or begin to enforce, laws requiring us to calculate, collect, and remit taxes on sales in their jurisdictions. Similarly, many non-U.S. jurisdictions have considered or adopted laws that impose VAT, digital service, or similar taxes, on companies despite not having a physical presence in the non-U.S. jurisdiction.

We collect sales tax, VAT or similar transaction taxes in a number of jurisdictions. It is possible, however, that we could face sales tax, VAT, GST or similar tax audits and that our liability for these taxes could exceed our estimates if state, local, and non-U.S. tax authorities assert that we are obligated to collect additional tax amounts from our customers and remit those taxes to those authorities. We also could be subject to audits in state, local and non-U.S. jurisdictions for which we have not accrued tax liabilities. A successful assertion by one or more states, localities or non-U.S. jurisdictions requiring us to collect taxes where we presently do not do so, or to collect more taxes in a jurisdiction in which we currently do collect some taxes, could result in substantial tax liabilities, including taxes on past sales, as well as penalties and interest. Such tax assessments, penalties, and interest, or future requirements may adversely affect our results of operations.



Our international operations subject us to potentially adverse tax consequences.

We generally conduct our international operations through subsidiaries and are subject to income taxes as well as non-income-based taxes, such as payroll, value-added, goods and services and other local taxes in various jurisdictions. Our domestic and international tax liabilities are subject to rules regarding the calculation of taxable income in various jurisdictions worldwide based upon our business operations in those jurisdictions. Our intercompany relationships are subject to complex transfer pricing regulations administered by taxing authorities in various jurisdictions. The relevant taxing authorities may disagree with our determinations as to the value of assets sold or acquired or the income and expenses attributable to specific jurisdictions. If such a disagreement were to occur and our position were not sustained, we could be required to pay additional taxes, interest and penalties, which could result in one-time tax charges, higher effective tax rates, reduced cash flows and lower overall profitability of our operations.

Changes in, or interpretations of, tax rules and regulations may adversely affect our effective tax rates.

Changes in tax law (including tax rates) could affect our future results of operations. Due to the expansion of our international business activity, any such changes could increase our worldwide effective tax rate and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. For example, recent legislation in the United States, commonly referred to as the Inflation Reduction Act, enacts a minimum tax equal to 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income of certain large U.S. corporations, as well as a one percent excise tax on stock repurchases imposed on public corporations making such repurchases. It is possible that the Inflation Reduction Act could increase our tax liability. The current or future U.S. presidential administration could propose or enact changes to U.S. tax laws that we cannot currently predict and that could materially affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. Additionally, the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") has released guidance covering various topics, including transfer pricing, country-by-country reporting and definitional changes to permanent establishment that could ultimately impact our tax liabilities as countries adopt the OECD's guidance. The OECD Pillar 2 guidelines address the increasing digitalization of the global enony and re-allocating taxing rights among countries. The European Union and many other member states have committed to adopting Pillar 2, which calls for a global minimum tax of 15% to be effective for tax years beginning in 2024. The OECD guidelines published to date include transition and safe harbor rules around the implementation of the Pillar 2 global minimum tax. We are monitoring developments and evaluating the impacts these new rules will have on our tax rate, including eligibility to qualify for these safe harbor rules.

We are subject to tax examinations of our tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), and other domestic and foreign tax authorities. An adverse outcome of any such audit or examination by the IRS or other tax authority could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We are, and expect to continue to be, subject to audit by the IRS and other tax authorities in various domestic and foreign jurisdictions. As a result, we have received, and may in the future receive, assessments in multiple jurisdictions on various tax-related matters. Taxing authorities also have challenged, and may in the future challenge, our tax positions and methodologies on various matters. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from ongoing tax examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. These assessments can require considerable estimates and judgments. The calculation of our tax liabilities involves uncertainties in the application of complex tax laws and regulations in a variety of jurisdictions. There can be no assurance that our tax positions and methodologies are accurate or that the outcomes of ongoing and future tax examinations will not have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Our ability to use our net operating losses and other tax assets to offset future taxable income or tax liability be subject to certain limitations.

We have U.S. federal and state net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards as a result of prior period losses, some of which, if not utilized, may expire. Certain of our federal NOLs will begin to expire in fiscal year 2022 and our state NOLs began to expire in fiscal year 2023. If these net operating loss carryforwards expire unused, they will be unavailable to offset future income tax liabilities, which could adversely affect our potential profitability.

In addition, under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), if a corporation undergoes an "ownership change," its ability to use its prechange net operating loss carryforwards and other tax attributes to offset its post-change taxable income or tax liability may be limited. Such an "ownership change" generally occurs if there is a greater than 50 percentage point change (by value) in our equity ownership by one or more stockholders or groups of stockholders who own at least 5% of our stock over a three-year period. We have experienced ownership changes in the past and may experience ownership changes in the future as a result of subsequent shifts in our stock ownership. As a result, if we earn net taxable income, our ability to use our pre-change net operating loss carryforwards and other pre-change tax attributes to offset U.S. federal and state taxable income or tax liability may be subject to limitations, which could potentially result in increased future tax liability to use in any taxable year is limited to 80% of our taxable income in such year, where taxable income is determined without regard to the net operating loss deduction itself. Under current U.S. federal tax laws, net operating losses generally are not permitted to be carried back to prior taxable years. There is also a risk that, due to regulatory changes, such as suspensions of the use



of NOLs, or other unforeseen reasons, our existing NOLs could expire or otherwise be unavailable to offset future income tax liabilities. For these reasons, we may not be able to realize a tax benefit from the use of our NOLs, whether or not we attain profitability.

Risks Related to Being a Public Company, Ownership of Our Class A Common Stock and Other General Risks

Our stock price may be volatile, and the value of our Class A common stock may decline.

The market price of our Class A common stock may fluctuate or decline substantially depending on a number of factors, including those described in this "Risk Factors" section, many of which are beyond our control and may not be related to our operating performance, including:

- · price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market from time to time;
- · announcements of new products, solutions or technologies, commercial relationships, acquisitions or other events by us or our competitors;
- · changes in how enterprises perceive the benefits of our Unified-CXM platform and products;
- · departures of key personnel;
- · the public's reaction to our press releases, other public announcements and filings with the SEC;
- fluctuations in the trading volume of our shares or the size of our public float;
- sales of large blocks of our common stock;
- market manipulation, including coordinated buying or selling activities;
- actual or anticipated changes or fluctuations in our results of operations;
- whether our results of operations meet the expectations of securities analysts or investors;
- · changes in actual or future expectations of investors or securities analysts;
- actual or perceived significant data breach involving our Unified-CXM platform;
- · litigation involving us, our industry or both;
- · governmental or regulatory actions or audits;
- regulatory developments in the United States, foreign countries or both;
- general economic, political and market conditions and overall fluctuations in the financial markets in the United States and abroad, including as a result of recent bank closures, public health crises or geographical tensions and wars, such as the Russia-Ukraine war and the Israel-Hamas war (including any escalation or geographical expansion of these conflicts); and
- · "flash crashes," "freeze flashes" or other glitches that disrupt trading on the securities exchange on which we are listed.

The market for technology stocks and the stock market in general have recently experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have affected and continue to affect the market prices of equity securities of many companies, including our own. These fluctuations have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. Broad market and industry fluctuations, as well as general economic, political, regulatory and market conditions, may continue to negatively impact investor confidence and the market price of equity securities, including our Class A common stock. In the past, following periods of volatility in the trading price of a company's securities litigation. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources from our business. This could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The dual class structure of our common stock as contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation has the effect of concentrating voting control with our executive officers and directors and their affiliates, limiting your ability to influence corporate matters.

Our Class B common stock has ten votes per share, and our Class A common stock has one vote per share. The holders of our Class B common stock as of April 30, 2024 beneficially held approximately 43.4% of our outstanding capital stock, but controlled approximately 88.5% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock. Therefore, the holders of Class B common stock have control over our management and affairs and over all matters requiring stockholder approval, including election of directors and significant corporate transactions, such as a merger or other sale of us or our assets, for the foreseeable future.



In addition, the holders of Class B common stock collectively will continue to be able to control all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval even if their stock holdings represent less than a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock. This concentrated control will limit your ability to influence corporate matters for the foreseeable future, and, as a result, the market price of our Class A common stock could be adversely affected.

Our directors, executive officers and their respective affiliates are able to exert significant control over us, which limits your ability to influence the outcome of important transactions, including a change of control.

As of April 30, 2024, our directors, executive officers and their respective affiliates beneficially owned, in the aggregate, approximately 98.0% of our Class B common stock, and controlled approximately 88.3% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock. As a result, our directors, executive officers and their respective affiliates, if acting together, are able to determine or significantly influence all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the elections of directors, amendments of our organizational documents and approval of any merger, sale of assets or other major corporate transaction.

These stockholders may have interests that differ from yours and may vote in a way with which you disagree, and which may be adverse to your interests. This concentration of ownership will limit the ability of other stockholders to influence corporate matters and may cause us to make strategic decisions that could involve risk to holders of our Class A common stock or that may not be aligned to the interest of holders of our Class A common stock, including decisions to delay, prevent or discourage acquisition proposals or other offers for our capital stock that you may feel are in your best interest as a stockholder and ultimately could deprive you of an opportunity to receive a premium for your Class A common stock as part of a sale of our company, which in turn might adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

We cannot guarantee that our share repurchase program will be fully consummated or that it will enhance long-term stockholder value. Share repurchases could also increase the volatility of the trading price of our common stock and could diminish our cash reserves.

Our board of directors has approved a share repurchase program to repurchase up to \$300 million of our Class A common stock through January 31, 2025 in open market purchases at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions off the market, including, without limitation, accelerated share repurchase transactions, collared accelerated share repurchase transactions, volume weighted average purchase prepaid forward transactions and similar arrangements (the "2024 repurchase program"). Although our board of directors has authorized the 2024 repurchase program, it does not obligate us to repurchase any specific dollar amount or to acquire any specific number of shares. The actual timing, manner, price and total amount of future repurchases will depend on a variety of factors, including business, economic and market conditions, corporate and regulatory requirements, prevailing stock prices, restrictions under the terms of loan agreements and other considerations. The 2024 repurchase program may be modified, suspended, or terminated at any time, and we cannot guarantee that the program will be fully consummated or that it will enhance long-term stockholder value. The 2024 repurchase program could diminish our cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities.

If we fail to maintain an effective system of disclosure controls and internal control over financial reporting, our ability to produce timely and accurate financial statements or comply with applicable regulations could be impaired.

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. We have expended, and anticipate that we will continue to expend, significant resources in order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. In addition, pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes Oxley-Act, we are required to perform system and process evaluation and testing of our internal control over financial reporting to allow our management to furnish a report on, among other things, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, and we are also required to have our independent registered public accounting firm issue an opinion on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting on an annual basis.

Our current controls and any new controls that we develop may become inadequate because of changes in the conditions in our business, including increased complexity resulting from our international expansion. Further, weaknesses in our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting have been and may be discovered in the future. Any failure to develop or maintain effective controls, or any difficulties encountered in their implementation or improvement, could harm our results of operations or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations and may result in a restatement of our financial statements for prior periods. Any failure to implement and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting also could adversely affect the results of periodic management evaluations and annual independent registered public accounting firm attestation reports regarding the effective ess of our internal control over financial reporting also could cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial and other information, which would likely adversely affect the market price of our Class A



common stock. In addition, if we are unable to continue to meet these requirements, we may not be able to remain listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

If we are unable to assert that our internal control over financial reporting is effective, or if our independent registered public accounting firm is unable to express an opinion on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, investors could lose confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, the market price of our common shares could decline and we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by the New York Stock Exchange, the SEC or other regulatory authorities. Any failure to maintain effective disclosure controls and internal control over financial reporting could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition and could cause a decline in the market price of our Class A common stock.

Unstable market and economic conditions and catastrophic events may have serious adverse consequences on our business, financial condition and share price.

The global economy, including credit and financial markets, has experienced extreme volatility and disruptions, including severely diminished liquidity and credit availability, declines in consumer confidence, declines in economic growth, increases in unemployment rates, increases in inflation rates, higher interest rates, disruptions in access to bank deposits or lending commitments due to bank failures and uncertainty about economic stability. For example, the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in widespread unemployment, economic slowdown and extreme volatility in the capital markets. Similarly, the Russia-Ukraine war has also added to, and the Israel-Hamas war and related regional tensions may add to, the extreme volatility in the global capital markets and is expected to have further global economic consequences, including disruptions of the global supply chain and energy markets. In addition, rising inflation and other macroeconomic pressures in the U.S. and the global economy could exacerbate extreme volatility in the global capital markets and bisruptions may have adverse consequences on us or the third parties on whom we rely. If the equity and credit markets continue to deteriorate, including as a result of recent bank closures, public health crises, or political unrest, war or a global or domestic recession or the fear thereof, it may make any necessary debt or equity financing more difficult to obtain in a timely manner or on favorable terms, more costly or more dilutive. Increased inflation rates can adversely affect us by increasing our costs, including labor and employee benefit costs. In addition, higher inflation also could increases our customers' operating costs, which could result in reduced marketing budgets for our customers and potentially less demand for our platform. Any significant increases in inflation and related increase in interest rates could have a material adverse to feduce their budget for Unified-CXM solutions or to perecive spending on such systems as discretionary, demand for our U

In the event of a catastrophic event, including a natural disaster such as an earthquake, hurricane, fire, flood, tsunami or tornado, or other catastrophic event such as power loss, market manipulation, civil unrest, supply chain disruptions, armed conflict, computer or telecommunications failure, cybersecurity issues, human error, improper operation, unauthorized entry, break-ins, sabotage, intentional acts of vandalism and similar misconduct, war, terrorist attack or incident of mass violence in any geography where our operations or data centers are located or where certain other systems and applications that we rely on are hosted, we may be unable to continue our operations and may endure significant system degradations, disruptions, destruction of critical assets, reputational harm, delays in our application development, breaches of data security and loss of critical data, all of which could have an adverse effect on our future results of operations. We also rely on our employees and key personnel to meet the demands of our customers and run our day-to-day operations. In the event of a catastrophic event, the functionality of our employees could be negatively impacted, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, natural disasters, cybersecurity attacks, market manipulations, supply chain disruptions, acts of terrorism or other catastrophic events could cause disruptions in our or our customers' businesses, national conomies or the world economy as a whole.

Delaware law and provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws could make a merger, tender offer or proxy contest difficult, thereby depressing the market price of our Class A common stock.

Our status as a Delaware corporation and the anti-takeover provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control by prohibiting us from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, even if a change of control would be beneficial to our existing stockholders. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws contain provisions that may make the acquisition of our company more difficult, including the following:

- · vacancies on our board of directors may be filled only by our board of directors and not by stockholders;
- our board of directors is classified into three classes of directors with staggered three-year terms;
- our stockholders may only take action at a meeting of stockholders and may not take action by written consent for any matter;

- a special meeting of our stockholders may only be called by a majority of our board of directors, the chairperson of our board of directors or our Chief Executive Officer;
- advance notice procedures apply for stockholders to nominate candidates for election as directors or to bring matters before an annual meeting of stockholders;
- · our amended and restated certificate of incorporation does not provide for cumulative voting;
- · our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will allow stockholders to remove directors only for cause;
- certain amendments to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will require the approval of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of our then-outstanding common stock;
- authorize undesignated preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and shares of which may be issued by our board of directors, without further action by our stockholders; and
- certain litigation against us can only be brought in Delaware.

These provisions, alone or together, could discourage, delay or prevent a transaction involving a change in control of our company. These provisions also could discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for stockholders to elect directors of their choosing and to cause us to take other corporate actions they desire, any of which, under certain circumstances, could limit the opportunity for our stockholders to receive a premium for their shares of our capital stock, and also could affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our Class A common stock.

Our charter documents designate a state or federal court located within the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for substantially all disputes between us and our stockholders, and also provide that the federal district courts are the exclusive forum for claims under the Securities Act, which could limit our stockholders' ability to choose the judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or employees.

Our amended and restated bylaws provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the sole and exclusive forum for the following types of actions and proceedings under Delaware statutory or common law: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our stockholders; (iii) any action arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws or (iv) any other action asserting a claim that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine shall be the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if the Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware), in all cases subject to the court having jurisdiction over indispensable parties named as defendants. This exclusive forum provision will not apply to any causes of action arising under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction.

In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act. This provision is intended to benefit and may be enforced by us, our officers and directors, the underwriters to any offering giving rise to such complaint, and any other professional entity whose profession gives authority to a statement made by that person or entity and who has prepared or certified any part of the documents underlying the offering. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any of our securities shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to this provision. This exclusive-forum provision may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum of its choosing for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other employees, which may discourage lawsuits against us and our directors, officers and other employees.

If a court were to find the exclusive-forum provision in our charter documents to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving the dispute in other jurisdictions, which could harm our results of operations.



Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth information concerning our repurchase of our Class A common stock during the three months ended April 30, 2024:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Total Number of Shares Purchased ^(a)	Ave	rage Price Paid per Share ^(b)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
February 1, 2024 through February 29, 2024	1,920	\$	12.68	1,920	(c)
March 1, 2024 through March 31, 2024	909	\$	12.78	909	(c)
April 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024	5,512	\$	11.82	5,512	(c)

^(a) On January 4, 2024, we announced that our board of directors had approved a program (the "2024 Share Repurchase Program") to periodically repurchase up to \$100 million of our Class A common stock in negotiated off market transactions or in open market purchases, including through Rule 10b5-1 plans. On March 26, 2024, the board of directors approved an additional \$100 million to be added to the 2024 Share Repurchase Program. On June 3, 2024, the board of directors approved an additional \$100 million to be added to the 2024 Share Repurchase Program. The 2024 Share Repurchase Program expires January 31, 2025. For additional information related to share repurchases, see Notes 9, *Stockholders' Equity* and 15, *Subsequent Events* included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

(b)Average price paid per share includes direct acquisition costs but excludes the 1% excise tax accrued on our share repurchases as a result of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

^(c)As of April 30, 2024, the remaining amount authorized for repurchases of our Class A common stock pursuant to the 2024 Share Repurchase Program was \$69.4 million. On June 3, 2024, the board of directors approved an additional \$100 million to be added to the 2024 Share Repurchase Program, which is not reflected in the foregoing amount.

Item 5. Other Information

Insider Trading Arrangements

During our last fiscal quarter, our directors and officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act)adopted or terminated the contracts, instructions or written plans for the purchase or sale of the Company's securities set forth in the table below.

				f Trading 1gement		
Name and Position	Action	Adoption/ Termination Date	Rule 10b5-1*	Non- Rule 10b5- 1**	Total Shares of Class A Common Stock to be Sold	Expiration Date
Manish Sarin, Chief Financial Officer	Adoption	April 3, 2024	Х		221,877 ⁽¹⁾	March 31, 2025
Arunkumar Pattabhiraman, Chief Marketing Officer	Adoption	April 11, 2024	Х		171,035 ⁽²⁾	April 11, 2025
Diane K. Adams, Chief Culture and Talent Officer	Adoption	April 15, 2024	Х		355,221 ⁽³⁾	March 31, 2025

* Contract, instruction or written plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act.

** "Non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act.

⁽¹⁾ Includes up to 221,877 shares subject to restricted stock units ("RSUs") previously granted to Mr. Sarin that will vest and be released to Mr. Sarin on or prior to March 15, 2025. The actual number of shares underlying such RSUs that will be released to Mr. Sarin and sold under the Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement will be net of the number of shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of such shares and is not determinable at this time.

⁽²⁾ Includes (i) up to 32,624 shares subject to RSUs previously granted to Mr. Pattabhiraman that will vest and be released to Mr. Pattabhiraman on June 15, 2024 that may have been previously sold pursuant to Mr. Pattabhiraman's Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement adopted on April 14, 2023, as modified on January 12, 2024, which expires on July 31, 2024, and (ii) up to 138,411 shares subject to RSUs previously granted to Mr. Pattabhiraman that will vest and be released to Mr. Pattabhiraman on or prior to March 15, 2025. The actual number of shares underlying such RSUs that will be released to Mr. Pattabhiraman and sold under the Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement will be net of the number of shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of such shares and is not determinable at this time.

(3) Includes up to 117,662 shares subject to RSUs previously granted to Ms. Adams that will vest and be released to Ms. Adams on or prior to March 15, 2025. The actual number of shares underlying such RSUs that will be released to Ms. Adams and sold under the Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement will be net of the number of shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of such shares and is not determinable at this time.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as currently in effect (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-40528), filed with the SEC on June 28, 2021).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws, as currently in effect (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-40528), filed with the SEC on June 28, 2021).
10.1#+	Sprinklr, Inc. Severance and Change in Control Plan (as amended on February 3, 2024).
10.2#+	Employment Agreement, by and between the Registrant and Scott Harvey, dated February 16, 2024.
10.3#+	Transition, Separation and Release of Claims Agreement, by and between the Registrant and Paul Ohls, dated February 29, 2024.
31.1	Certification of Co-Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Co-Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.3	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibits 101)

Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

+ Certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted by redacting a portion of the text.

* The certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are not deemed "led" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 5, 2024

By: /s/ Manish Sarin

Manish Sarin Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTAIN IDENTIFIED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED FROM THIS EXHIBIT BECAUSE DISCLOSURE OF THAT INFORMATION WOULD CONSTITUTE A CLEARLY UNWARRANTED INVASION OF PERSONAL PRIVACY. "[***]" INDICATES THAT INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED.

SPRINKLR, INC. SEVERANCE AND CHANGE IN CONTROL PLAN

(Effective May 1, 2019, as amended September 24, 2023 and February 3, 2024)

Sprinklr, Inc. (the "**Company**") has adopted this Executive Severance and Change in Control Plan (this "**Plan**") for the benefit of the Company's eligible Executives. Capitalized terms shall have the meanings set forth in Section 1 herein.

This Plan is intended to secure the continued services and ensure the continued dedication and objectivity of the Executives (as defined herein) in the event of certain terminations of employment or any threat or occurrence of, or negotiation or other action that could lead to, or create the possibility of, a Change in Control (as defined herein).

This Plan is intended to qualify as an unfunded plan maintained by the Company primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees as described in sections 201(2), 301(a)(3) and 401(a)(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this Plan, the following terms shall have the respective meanings set forth below:
 - (a) "Accrued Benefits" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.

(b) "Affiliate" means any entity that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company.

(c) **"Board**" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(d) "**Cause**" means a Participant's (i) conviction of, or the entry of a plea of guilty or no contest to, a felony or other crime that causes the Company or its Affiliates public disgrace or disrepute, or materially and adversely affects the Company's or its Affiliates' operations or financial performance or the relationship the Company has with its customers, (ii) gross negligence or willful misconduct with respect to the Company or any of its Affiliates, including, without limitation fraud, embezzlement, theft or proven dishonesty in the course of his/her employment or other service; (iii) alcohol abuse or use of controlled drugs other than in accordance with a physician's prescription; (iv) refusal to perform any lawful, material obligation or fulfill any duty (other than any duty or obligation of the type described in clause (vi) below) to the Company or its Affiliates (other than due to a Disability), which refusal, if curable, is not cured within fifteen (15) days after delivery of written notice thereof, (v) material breach of any agreement with or duty owed to the Company or any of its Affiliates, which breach, if curable, is not cured within fifteen (15) days after the delivery of written notice thereof or (vi) any breach of any obligation or duty to the Company or any of its Affiliates (whether

arising or statute, common law or agreement) relating to confidentiality, noncompetition, nonsolicitation or proprietary rights; or (vii) a material violation of Company policies and procedures including race, sex, national origin, religion, disability, or age-based discrimination, or sexual harassment, which after investigation, counsel to the Company reasonably concludes may result in material liability being imposed on the Company and/or the Participant or may result in material exposure to the Company's business reputation.

(e) "Change in Control" means with respect to any entity: (i) the sale, transfer, assignment or other disposition (including by merger or consolidation, but excluding any sales by stockholders made as part of an underwritten public offering of the common stock of the entity) by stockholders of the entity, in one transaction or a series of related transactions, of more than 50% of the voting power represented by the then outstanding capital stock of the entity to one or more Persons, or (ii) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity (other than a transfer of financial assets made in the ordinary course of business for the purpose of securitization). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a "Change in Control" shall not be deemed to occur upon completion of a Venture Capital Financing. For purposes hereof, the term "Venture Capital Financing" means the sale and issuance by the Company, to one or more investors, of the Company's Common Stock, securities convertible into Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, for financing purposes in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

(f) "CIC Qualifying Termination" means a termination of the Executive's employment (1) by the Company without Cause during the CIC Period, or (2) by the Executive for Good Reason during the CIC Period.

(g) "CIC Period" means the period commencing three (3) months prior to a Change in Control and ending on the first anniversary of the Change in Control.

(h) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and all interpretive and regulatory guidance issued thereunder.

- (i) "Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board.
- (j) "Company" means Sprinklr, Inc., a Delaware corporation.
- (k) "Delay Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(c).

(1) "**Executive**" means any person who is employed in a position identified on Exhibit A; provided that (i) an Executive shall not be entitled to any benefits payable upon a Qualifying Termination or CIC Qualifying Termination under this Plan in the event that he/she is party to an individual contractual arrangement with the Company relating to the provision of severance benefits (unless such individual contract has been superseded by the Plan).

(m) "Good Reason" means during the CIC Period, and without an Executive's express written consent, the occurrence of any of the following events, to the extent not cured by the Company within thirty (30) days of Executive's written notification to the Company that a condition constituting Good Reason exists, which written notification must be provided by the Executive to the Company within thirty (30) days of the initial existence of the condition constituting Good Reason:

(1) a substantial adverse change in the nature or scope of the Executive's authority, powers, functions, duties or responsibilities; or

(2) a material reduction by the Company in the Executive's rate of annual base salary or target bonus opportunity (except for any reduction that applies generally to members of the senior executive team); or

(3) a material change in the geographic location of Executive's primary employment location from the primary location of the Executive's employment at the time of such Change in Control.

(n) "**Nonqualifying Termination**" means the termination of an Executive's employment (1) by the Company for Cause, (2) by the Executive for any reason other than Good Reason, (3) as a result of the Executive's death, or (4) by the Company due to the Executive's absence from the Executive's duties with the Company on a full-time basis for at least one hundred and eighty (180) consecutive days as a result of the Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness.

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(o) "Plan Administrator" means the Committee or such other person or persons appointed by the Committee as described

in Section 9.

- (p) "Qualifying Termination" means the termination of an Executive's employment by the Company without Cause.
- (q) "**Release**" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.
- (r) "Section 409A" means Section 409A of the Code and all interpretative and regulatory guidance issued thereunder.
- (s) "Severance Benefits" has the meaning set forth in Section 4 or Section 5, as applicable.
- (t) "Sprinklr" means Sprinklr, Inc.

(u) "**Subsidiary**" means Sprinklr or any corporation or other entity in which the Company has a direct or indirect ownership interest of 50% or more of the total combined

voting power of the then outstanding securities of such corporation or other entity entitled to vote generally in the election of directors.

(v) "**Termination Date**" with respect to an Executive means the date on which the Executive's employment is terminated for any reason.

2. <u>Termination of Employment</u>.

(a) The Company may terminate an Executive's employment at any time for Cause, or as a result of the Executive's absence from his/her duties with the Company on a full-time basis for at least one hundred and eighty (180) days as a result of the Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness.

(b) The Company may terminate an Executive's employment at any time without Cause.

(c) An Executive may terminate his/her employment at any time with or without Good Reason. Notice provided by the Executive of the events giving rise to Good Reason shall count towards satisfaction of this notice requirement.

3. <u>Payments and Benefits Upon a Nonqualifying Termination</u>. In the event of an Executive's Nonqualifying Termination, the Company shall pay to the Executive (or to the Executive's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be), all base salary, benefits, and other compensation entitlements that are accrued or vested but unpaid through and including the Termination Date (the "Accrued Benefits"), which shall be payable within the time period required by applicable law and/or the terms of the applicable benefit plans or programs.

4. <u>Payments and Benefits Upon a Qualifying Termination</u>. In the event that an Executive experiences a Qualifying Termination, the Company shall pay to the Executive (or the Executive's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be) the Accrued Benefits and the Severance Benefits described below:

(a) An amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) (for the CEO) and seventy-five percent (75%) (for all other Executives) of the Executive's annual base salary (as in effect immediately prior to the Termination Date), payable in each case in accordance with the Company's regular payroll schedule, with the first payment commencing on the payroll date coinciding with or next following the sixtieth (60th) day following the Termination Date;

(b) A pro rated target annual bonus for the fiscal year in which the Termination Date occurs, with the proration equal to the number of days elapsed during the fiscal year through the Termination Date divided by 365, payable on the same date as the first severance payment is paid;

(c) If the Executive timely elects coverage under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA"), and subject to any legal limitations under Section 105(h) of the Code, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act, or other applicable laws, such COBRA coverage for medical and dental coverage will continue for Executive and his/her eligible dependents (as applicable) at active employee rates ("**Subsidized COBRA**") for up to twelve (12) months (for the CEO) and up to nine (9) months (for all other Executives), subject to normal COBRA termination rules.

5. <u>Payments and Benefits Upon a CIC Qualifying Termination</u>. In the event that an Executive experiences a CIC Qualifying Termination, the Company shall pay to the Executive (or Executive's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be) the Accrued Benefits and the Severance Benefits described below:

(a) An amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the Executive's base salary plus one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the Executive's target annual bonus (for the CEO) and one hundred percent (100%) of Executive's base salary plus one hundred (100%) of Executive's target annual bonus (for all other Executives), with the first payment commencing on the payroll date coinciding with or next following the sixtieth (60th) day following the Termination Date;

(b) Subsidized COBRA for up to eighteen (18) months (for the CEO) and twelve (12) months (for all other Executives), subject to normal COBRA termination rules.

(c) Full vesting of all outstanding time vested equity awards. Any performance vested equity awards will be subject to the terms and conditions of the award agreements for such performance vested awards.

6. <u>Release of Claims</u>. Any Severance Benefits payable to an Executive under the Plan shall only be paid contingent upon the Executive's (or, in the event of the Executive's death or incapacity, that of the Executive's executor or other legal representative) execution and non-revocation of the Company's standard non-competition, non-solicitation of clients and employees, and confidentiality agreement and release of claims, as modified in the Company's sole discretion to preserve the enforceability of such agreement under applicable local law (the "**Release**") within twenty-one (21) or forty-five (45) days, as applicable, following the Termination Date. The Executive shall forfeit the Severance Benefits in the event that the Executive fails to execute and deliver the Release to the Company in accordance with the timing and other provisions of this Section or revokes such Release prior to the date it becomes effective.

7. <u>Reduction of Payments</u>. Anything in this Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, in the event it shall be determined that any payment or distribution by the Company to or for the benefit of the Executive (whether paid or payable or distributed or distributable pursuant to the terms of this Plan or otherwise, but determined without regard to any adjustment required under

this Section) (in the aggregate, the "**Total Payments**") would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code or any interest or penalties are incurred by the Executive with respect to such excise tax (such excise tax, together with any such interest and penalties, are hereinafter referred to as the "**Excise Tax**"), and if it is determined that (a) the amount remaining, after the Total Payments are reduced by an amount equal to all applicable federal and state taxes (computed at the highest applicable marginal rate), including the Excise Tax, is less than (b) the amount remaining, after taking into account all applicable federal and state taxes (computed at the highest applicable marginal rate), after payment or distribution to or for the benefit of the Executive of the maximum amount that may be paid or distributed to or for the benefit of the Executive without resulting in the imposition of the Excise Tax, then the payments due hereunder shall be reduced so that the Total Payments are One Dollar (\$1) less than such maximum amount. All determinations to be made pursuant to this Section 7 shall be made by the public accounting firm that serves as the Company's auditor.

8. <u>Section 409A</u>.

(a) A termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Plan providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits that are subject to the requirements of Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment, unless such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "termination of employment," or like terms shall mean "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A.

(b) Each payment to be made to an Executive under this Plan shall be treated as a "separate payment" for purposes of Section 409A.

(c) In the event that any payment or distribution or portion of any payment or distribution to be made to the Executive hereunder cannot be characterized as a "short term deferral" for purposes of Section 409A or is not otherwise exempt from the provisions of Section 409A, and the Executive is determined to be a "specified employee" under Section 409A, such portion of the payment shall be delayed until the earlier to occur of the Executive's death or the date that is six (6) months and one day following the Executive's "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A (the "**Delay Period**"). Upon the expiration of the Delay Period, the payments delayed pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the Executive or his/her beneficiary in a lump sum, and any remaining payments due under this Plan shall be payable in accordance with their original payment schedule.

(d) To the extent that the reimbursement of any expenses or the provision of any in-kind benefits under this Plan is subject to Section 409A, (i) the amount of such expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits to be provided, during any one calendar year shall not affect the amount of such expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits to be

provided, in any other calendar year; (ii) reimbursement of any such expense shall be made by no later than December 31 of the year following the year in which such expense is incurred; and (iii) the Executive's right to receive such reimbursements of in-kind benefits shall not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit.

(e) The time or schedule of any payment or amount scheduled to be paid pursuant to the terms of this Plan may not be accelerated except as otherwise permitted under Section 409A.

(f) The parties intend that this Plan and the benefits provided hereunder be interpreted and construed to comply with Section 409A to the extent applicable thereto, including the exceptions for short-term deferrals, separation pay arrangements, reimbursements, and in-kind distributions. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, the Plan shall be interpreted and construed consistent with this intent, provided that the Company shall not be required to assume any increased economic burden in connection therewith. To the extent that any provision of this Plan would fail to comply with the applicable requirements of Section 409A, the Company may, in its sole and absolute discretion, make such modifications to the Plan and/or payments to be made thereunder to the extent it determines necessary or advisable to comply with the requirements of Section 409A; provided, however, that the Company shall in no event be obligated to pay any interest, compensation, or penalties in respect of any such modifications. Although the Company intends to administer the Plan so that it will comply with the requirements of Section 409A, the Company does not represent or warrant that the Plan will comply with Section 409A or any other provision of federal, state, local, or non-United States law. Neither the Company, its Subsidiaries, nor their respective directors, officers, employees or advisers shall be liable to the Executive (or any other individual claiming a benefit through the Executive) for any tax, interest, or penalties the Executive may owe as a result of compensation paid under the Plan, and the Company and its Subsidiaries shall have no obligation to indemnify or otherwise protect the Executive from the obligation to pay any taxes pursuant to Section 409A.

9. <u>Plan Administration; Claims Procedure</u>.

(a) This Plan shall be interpreted and administered by the Committee, or if the Committee has delegated its authority to interpret and administer this Plan, by the person or persons appointed by the Committee from time to time to interpret and administer this Plan (the "**Plan Administrator**"), who shall have complete authority, in the Plan Administrator's sole discretion subject to the express provisions of this Plan, to make all determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of this Plan. All questions arising in connection with the interpretation of this Plan or its administration shall be submitted to and determined by the Plan Administrator in a fair and equitable manner in accordance with the procedure for claims and appeals described below.

(b) Any Executive whose employment has terminated who believes that he or she is entitled to receive benefits under this Plan, including benefits other than those initially determined by the Plan Administrator to be payable, may file a claim in writing with the Plan Administrator, specifying the reasons for such claim. The Plan Administrator shall, within ninety (90) days after receipt of such written claim (unless special circumstances require an extension of time, but in no event more than one hundred and eighty (180) days after such receipt), send a written notification to the Executive as to the disposition of such claim. Such notification shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant and in the event that such claim is denied in whole or in part, shall (i) state the specific reasons for the denial, (ii) make specific reference to the pertinent Plan provisions on which the denial is based, (iii) provide a description of any additional material or information necessary for the Executive to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary, and (iv) set forth the procedure by which the Executive may appeal the denial of such claim. The Executive (or his/her duly authorized representative) may request a review of the denial of any such claim or portion thereof by making application in writing to the Plan Administrator within sixty (60) days after receipt of such denial. Such Executive (or his/her duly authorized representative) may, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, review any documents pertinent to such claim, and submit in writing issues and comments in support of such claim. Within 60 days after receipt of a written appeal (unless special circumstances require an extension of time, but in no event more than one hundred and twenty (120) days after such receipt), the Plan Administrator shall notify the Executive of the final decision with respect to such claim. Such decision shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant and shall state the specific reasons for such decision and make specific references to the pertinent Plan provision on which the decision is based.

(c) The Plan Administrator may from time to time delegate any duties hereunder to such person or persons as the Plan Administrator may designate. The Plan Administrator is empowered, on behalf of this Plan, to engage accountants, legal counsel and such other persons as the Plan Administrator deems necessary or advisable for the performance of the Plan Administrator's duties under this Plan. The functions of any such persons engaged by the Plan Administrator shall be limited to the specified services and duties for which they are engaged, and such persons shall have no other duties, obligations or responsibilities under this Plan. Such persons shall exercise no discretionary authority or discretionary control respecting the administration of this Plan. All reasonable fees and expenses of such persons shall be borne by the Company.

10. <u>Withholding Taxes</u>. The Company may withhold from all payments due under this Plan to each Executive (or the Executive's beneficiary or estate) all taxes which, by applicable federal, state, local or other law, the Company is required to withhold therefrom.

11. <u>Amendment and Termination</u>. The Company shall have the right, in its sole discretion, pursuant to action by the Board, to approve the amendment or termination of this
Plan, which amendment or termination shall not become effective until the date fixed by the Board for such amendment or termination, which date, in the case of an amendment which would be materially adverse to the interests of any Executive or in the case of termination, shall be at least one (1) year after notice thereof is given by the Company to the Executives; provided, however, that no such action shall be taken by the Board during any period when the Board has actual knowledge that any person has taken steps reasonably calculated to effect a Change in Control until, in the opinion of the Board, such person has abandoned or terminated its efforts to effect a Change in Control; and provided further, that during the CIC Period or any period thereafter during which payments or benefits payable under the terms of this Plan as a result of a CIC Qualifying Termination, in no event shall this Plan be amended in a manner materially adverse to the interests of any Executive or terminated.

12. <u>Offset: Mitigation</u>. In no event shall an Executive be obligated to seek other employment or to take other action by way of mitigation of the amounts payable and the benefits provided to such Executive under any of the provisions of this Plan, and such amounts and benefits shall not be reduced whether or not such Executive obtains other employment, except as otherwise provided in Section 5(d) hereof.

13. <u>Unfunded Plan</u>. This Plan shall not be funded. No Executive entitled to benefits hereunder shall have any right to, or interest in, any specific assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, but an Executive shall have only the rights of a general creditor of the Company to receive benefits on the terms and subject to the conditions provided in this Plan.

14. <u>Payments to Minors, Incompetents and Beneficiaries</u>. Any benefit payable to or for the benefit of a minor, an incompetent person or other person incapable of giving a receipt therefor shall be deemed paid when paid to such person's guardian or to the party providing or reasonably appearing to provide for the care of such person, and such payment shall fully discharge the Company, its Subsidiaries, the Plan Administrator and all other parties with respect thereto. If an Executive shall die while any amounts would be payable to the Executive under this Plan had the Executive continued to live, all such amounts, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be paid in accordance with the terms of this Plan to such person or persons appointed in writing by the Executive to receive such amounts or, if no person is so appointed, to the estate of the Executive.

15. <u>Non-Assignability</u>. None of the payments, benefits or rights of any Executive shall be subject to any claim of any creditor, and, in particular, to the fullest extent permitted by law, all such payments, benefits and rights shall be free from attachment, garnishment, trustee's process or any other legal or equitable process available to any creditor of such Executive. Except as otherwise provided herein or by law, no right or interest of any Executive under this Plan shall be assignable or transferable, in whole or in part, either directly or by operation of law or otherwise, including without limitation by execution, levy, garnishment, attachment or pledge;

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no attempted assignment or transfer thereof shall be effective; and no right or interest of any Executive under this Plan shall be subject to any obligation or liability of such Executive.

16. <u>No Rights to Continued Employment</u>. Neither the adoption of this Plan, nor any amendment hereof, nor the creation of any fund, trust or account, nor the payment of any benefits, shall be construed as giving any Executive the right to be retained in the service of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, and all Executives shall remain subject to discharge to the same extent as if this Plan had not been adopted.

17. <u>Successors; Binding Agreement</u>. This Plan shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns of the parties, including each Executive, present and future, and any successor to the Company or one of its Subsidiaries. This Plan shall not be terminated by any merger or consolidation of the Company whereby the Company is or is not the surviving or resulting corporation or as a result of any transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company. In the event of any such merger, consolidation or transfer of assets, the provisions of this Plan shall be binding upon the surviving or resulting corporation or the person or entity to which such assets are transferred. The Company agrees that concurrently with any merger, consolidation or transfer of assets referred to in this Section, it will cause any surviving or resulting corporation or transferee unconditionally to assume all of the obligations of the Company hereunder.

18. <u>Headings</u>. The headings and captions herein are provided for reference and convenience only, shall not be considered part of this Plan and shall not be employed in the construction of this Plan.

19. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication required or permitted pursuant to the terms hereof shall have been duly given when delivered personally or by email or mailed by United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, addressed to (a) with respect to the Executive, his/her last known address on file in the Company's records, or (b) with respect to the Company, to Deborah Snow at [***]. The Committee may revise such notice period from time to time. Any notice required under the Plan may be waived by the person entitled to notice.

20. <u>Effective Date</u>. This Plan shall be effective as of the date hereof and shall remain in effect unless and until terminated by the Company in accordance with this Plan.

21. <u>Employment with, and Action by, Subsidiaries</u>. For purposes of this Plan, any references to employment with the Company or actions taken or to be taken by the Company with respect to or otherwise relating to the Executive's employment shall include employment with or actions taken or be taken by any Subsidiary.

22. <u>Governing Law; Validity</u>. This Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of Delaware (without regard to principles of conflicts of laws) to the extent not preempted by federal law, which shall otherwise

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control. If any provision of this Plan shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision hereof, and this Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such provision had not been included.

Exhibit A

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Culture and Talent Officer

Chief Marketing Officer

Chief Operating Officer

Chief Revenue Officer

Chief Technology Officer

General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

President

Executive Vice President, Customer Operations

Chief Customer Officer

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CERTAIN IDENTIFIED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED FROM THIS EXHIBIT BECAUSE DISCLOSURE OF THAT INFORMATION WOULD CONSTITUTE A CLEARLY UNWARRANTED INVASION OF PERSONAL PRIVACY. "[***]" INDICATES THAT INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED.

February 15, 2024

Via email (to [***])

Scott Harvey

[***] [***] [***]

Dear Scott,

This letter confirms our previous conversations regarding the promotion opportunity available to you with Sprinklr, Inc. ("Sprinklr" or the "Company") and sets forth the terms and conditions of that employment.

1. The Company hereby offers you full-time employment as **Chief Customer Officer** for Sprinklr commencing on **February 5**, 2024 (the "Start Date"). You will report to Ragy Thomas, Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), or his successor. During the period of your employment, you will (a) devote your entire working time at the direction of the Company or its affiliates, (b) use your best efforts to complete all assignments, and (c) adhere to the Company's lawful written procedures and policies in place from time to time.

2. Your initial base salary will be at the rate of **USD \$450,000.00** per year payable in accordance with the Company's standard payroll schedule for salaried employees (including pay periods that currently occur twice per month), subject to standard withholding and payroll taxes. You will also be eligible to earn a discretionary annual bonus of up to 90% of your base salary, subject to the terms and conditions of the Company's Annual Bonus Plan. The amount of any bonus payment is dependent upon Company achievement and individual performance, and the total amount of funds available for allocation and distribution pursuant to the Annual Bonus Plan will be determined by the compensation committee of the Company's board of directors (the "Compensation Committee") in its sole discretion. If awarded, bonus payments are generally payable in the quarter following the end of the Company's fiscal year and in accordance with the Company's regular pay practices. To be eligible, you must be actively employed on the date such bonus is paid. With your initial base salary rate and target annual bonus, this could bring your total target annual earnings potential up to **USD \$855,000.00.**

3. Sprinklr will recommend that the Compensation Committee grant you an award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") in respect of a number of common shares of Sprinklr equal to **USD \$3,650,000** (the "Promotion Award"). The price used to convert the Promotion Award will be based on the month following your date of promotion and will be calculated using the 30 trading-day average share price as determined on the 10th of that month. The Promotion Award will be granted to you on the 15th of the month following your Start Date. The vesting commencement date of your Promotion Award will vest over a four-year period as follows: the first 25% will vest one year from your vesting commencement date, and the remainder will vest in twelve substantially similar equal installments on each June 15, September 15, December 15 and March 15 thereafter, subject to your continuous employment with the Company through each vesting date. The Promotion Award will be subject to the terms and conditions under the Sprinklr, Inc. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan and the applicable RSU grant

notice and award agreement, and the Company's policies in effect from time to time. Note that, while RSUs have an estimated value at the time of grant, the actual value will depend on the future performance of the Company's stock and the fair market value of your Promotion Award upon vesting, which may be higher or lower than the value at grant.

4. The Company has established the Sprinklr, Inc. Severance and Change in Control Plan (effective May 1, 2019) (as it may be amended and or restated from time to time, the "Severance Plan"). You will be eligible to participate in the Severance Plan effective as of your Start Date. A copy of the Severance Plan is included with this letter. The Severance Plan may be revised from time to time at the discretion of the Company's board of directors.

5. During your employment with the Company you will continue to work from your home in Washington, subject to your attendance of meetings at other Company offices and/or at other locations as the Company may reasonably request. You specifically acknowledge that the position may require frequent travel to the Company's headquarters located in New York, New York.

6. During your employment with the Company, you will be eligible to participate in all of our then-current customary employee benefit plans and programs, subject to eligibility requirements, enrollment criteria, and the other terms and conditions of such plans and programs. The Company reserves the right to change or rescind its benefit plans and programs and alter employee contribution levels at its discretion. You will be eligible to participate in the Company's vacation policies in effect from time to time. Currently, the Company offers a Flexible Paid Time Off (PTO) program under which PTO is not tracked, accrued, or carried over from year to year. PTO is to be arranged with your manager in accordance with the Flexible PTO policy.

7. By executing this letter, you agree that during the course of your employment and thereafter that you shall not use or disclose, in whole or in part, any of the Company's or its clients' trade secrets, confidential and proprietary information, including client lists and information, to any person, firm, corporation, or other entity for any reason or purpose whatsoever other than in the course of your employment with the Company with the prior written permission of the CEO. You also will be required to execute the Company's Non-Disclosure and Invention Assignment Agreement annexed to this letter (the "NDA"), the terms of which are in addition to the terms of this letter. By executing this letter, you represent and warrant to the Company that you have no agreement with, or duty to, any previous employer or other person or entity that would prohibit, prevent, inhibit, limit, or conflict with the performance of your duties to the Company.

8. Although we hope that your employment with us is mutually satisfactory, employment at the Company is "at will." This means that, just as you may resign from the Company at any time with or without cause, the Company has the right to terminate your employment relationship at any time with or without cause or notice. Neither this letter nor any other communication, either written or oral, should be construed as a contract of employment, unless it is signed by both you and the CEO, and such agreement is expressly acknowledged as an employment contract.

9. This letter together with the Severance Plan and the NDA contains the entire understanding between you and the Company, supersedes all prior agreements and understandings between you and the Company related to your employment, and is governed by the laws of the State of New York. This letter may not be modified, changed or altered except in writing signed by you and the Company. If any provision of this letter agreement is determined to be invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part, this determination shall

not affect any other provision of this letter agreement and the provision in question shall be modified so as to be rendered enforceable in a manner consistent with the intent of the parties insofar as possible under applicable law. This letter may be delivered and executed via electronic mail (including .pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act or other applicable law) or other transmission method and shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and executed and effective for all purposes hereunder.

We are excited about your transition at Sprinklr! Kindly sign your name at the end of this letter to signify your understanding and acceptance of these terms and to confirm that no one at the Company has made any other representation to you.

Here's to an amazing journey together!

Sincerely,

/s/ Diane K. Adams

Diane K. Adams Chief Culture & Talent Officer

Agreed to and Accepted by:

/s/ Scott Harvey

Scott Harvey Date: February 16, 2024

NON-DISCLOSURE AND INVENTION ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT

As an employee of Sprinklr, Inc., any of its subsidiaries, affiliates, or successors (collectively, the "<u>Company</u>"), and in consideration of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me, the undersigned ("<u>I</u>") hereby agree as follows:

1. <u>Maintaining Confidential Information</u>

a. Company Information. I agree at all times during the term of my employment (if an employee) and thereafter to hold in strictest confidence, and not to use, except for the benefit of the Company, or to disclose to any person, firm or corporation without written authorization of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO") or the CEO's designee, any Proprietary Information (as defined below), except as such disclosure, use or publication may be required in connection with my work for the Company. "Proprietary Information" shall mean any and all confidential and/or proprietary knowledge, data or information of the Company, including, without limitation, all trade secrets, proprietary information relating to products, processes, know-how, designs, formulas, developmental or experimental work, computer programs (including source code and object code), data bases, other original works of authorship, customer lists, business plans, financial information or other subject matter pertaining to any business of the Company or any of its clients, customers, consultants or licensees, in whatever form. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Proprietary Information" shall not include (i) information which is at the time of disclosure, or which subsequently becomes through no fault of mine, generally available to the public; (ii) information which I received from third parties who were not under any direct or indirect obligation of confidentiality; and (iii) information which the Company has disclosed to third parties without any obligation of confidentiality. I acknowledge that Proprietary Information that is also a "trade secret," as defined by law, may be disclosed (A) if it is made (i) in confidence to a federal, state, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (B) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. In addition, in the event that I file a lawsuit for retaliation by the Company for reporting a suspected violation of law, I may disclose the trade secret to my attorney and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if I: (A) file any document containing the trade secret under seal; and (B) do not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any other agreement between the Company and me, nothing in this Agreement shall limit my right to discuss my employment or report possible violations of law or regulation with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, United States Department of Labor, the National Labor Relations Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or other federal government agency or similar state or local agency or to discuss the terms and conditions of my employment with others to the extent expressly permitted by Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act or to the extent that such disclosure is protected under the applicable provisions of law or regulation, including but not limited to "whistleblower" statutes or other similar provisions that protect such disclosure.

b. <u>Third Party Information</u>. I recognize that the Company has received and, in the future, will receive from third parties their confidential or proprietary information subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. I agree during the term of my employment and thereafter, to hold all such

confidential or proprietary information in the strictest confidence and not to disclose it to any person, firm or corporation (except as necessary in carrying out my work for the Company consistent with the Company's agreement with such third party) or to use it for the benefit of anyone other than for the Company or such third party (consistent with the Company's agreement with such third party) without the express prior written authorization of the CEO of the Company.

c. <u>Ownership</u>. I acknowledge and agree that the Proprietary Information constitutes valuable, special and unique assets of the Company, and that the Proprietary Information is and shall remain at all times the sole and exclusive property of the Company and is vital to the successful operation of the Company's business.

2. <u>Retaining and Assigning Inventions and Original Works</u>

a. <u>Inventions and Original Works Retained by Me</u>. I have attached hereto, as Exhibit A, a list describing all inventions, original works of authorship, developments, improvements, and trade secrets which were made by me prior to my employment or engagement with the Company which relate to the Company's proposed or current business, products or research and development (the "<u>Company Business</u>"), which belong to me (collectively, the "<u>Prior Inventions</u>") and which are not assigned to the Company; or, if no such list is attached, I represent that there are no such inventions. If in the course of my employment or engagement with the Company is hereby granted and shall have an non-exclusive, royalty free, irrevocable, perpetual, or world-wide license to make, have made, sublicense, modify, use and sell such Prior Invention as part of or in connection with such product, process or machine.

b. Inventions and Original Works Assigned to the Company.

(i) I agree that I will promptly make full written disclosure to the Company, will hold in trust for the sole right and benefit of the Company, and will transfer, convey, release and assign to the Company all my right, title, and interest, if any, in and to any and all inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, improvements or trade secrets, whether or not patentable or registrable under copyright or similar laws, which I may solely or jointly conceive or develop or reduce to practice, or cause to be conceived or developed or reduced to practice, during the period of time I am employed or engaged as a contractor by the Company and which relate to the Company Business.

(ii) If I have been employed or engaged by the Company for any period of time prior to the execution of this Agreement, by execution of this Agreement I hereby transfer, convey, release and assign to the Company all my right, title and interest, if any, in and to any and all inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, improvements or trade secrets which relate to the Company Business and which I have solely or jointly conceived or developed or reduced to practice, or caused to be conceived or developed or reduced to practice, during the period of time that I have been employed with or engaged by the Company. The inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, improvements, or trade secrets referred to in Subsections (i) and (ii) above are collectively referred to as the "Inventions".

(iii) I acknowledge that all original works of authorship which are made by me (solely or jointly with others) within the scope of my employment or engagement and which

are protectable by copyright are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act.

c. <u>Inventions Assigned to the United States</u>. I agree to assign to the United States government all my right, title, and interest in and to any and all Inventions whenever such full title is required to be in the United States by a contract between the Company and the United States government or any of its agencies.

d. Patent and Copyright Registrations. I agree to assist the Company, or its designee, at the Company's expense, in every proper way to secure and enforce the Company's rights in the Inventions and any copyrights, patents, mask work rights or other intellectual property rights relating thereto in any and all countries, including the disclosure to the Company of all pertinent information and data with respect thereto, the execution of all applications, specifications, oaths, assignments and all other instruments which the Company shall deem necessary in order to apply for and obtain such rights and in order to assign and convey to the Company, its successors, assigns and nominees the sole and exclusive rights, title and interest in and to such Inventions, and any copyrights, patents, mask work rights or other intellectual property rights relating thereto. I further agree that my obligation to execute or cause to be executed, when it is in my power to do so, any such instrument or papers shall continue after the termination of this Agreement. If the Company is unable because of my mental or physical incapacity or for any other reason to secure my signature to apply for or to pursue any application for any United States or foreign patents or copyright registrations covering Inventions or original works of authorship assigned to the Company as above, then I hereby irrevocably designate and appoint the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as my agent and attorney in fact, to act for and in my behalf and stead to execute and file any such applications and to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the prosecution and issuance of letters patent or copyright registrations thereon with the same legal force and effect as if executed by me.

3. <u>Returning Company Documents</u>. I agree that, at the time of leaving the employ or engagement of the Company for whatever reason or circumstance, I will deliver to the Company (and will not keep in my possession or deliver to anyone else) any and all Proprietary Information as well as any devices, records, data, notes, reports, proposals, lists, correspondence, specifications, drawings, blueprints, sketches, materials, equipment, other documents or property, or reproductions of any aforementioned items, belonging to the Company, its successors or assigns. In the event of the termination of my employment or engagement, I agree to promptly sign and deliver to the Company a certificate confirming my compliance with all terms of this Agreement in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Company.

4. <u>Representations; Covenants</u>.

a. <u>Representations</u>. I agree to execute any proper oath or verify any proper document required to carry out the terms of this Agreement. I represent that my performance of all the terms of this Agreement will not breach any agreement (i) to keep in confidence proprietary information acquired by me in confidence or in trust prior to my employment by or engagement with the Company, or (ii) to assign Inventions to any former employer or any other third party. I will not disclose to the Company or use on its behalf any confidential information belonging to others. I have not entered into, and I agree I will not enter into, any oral or written agreement in conflict herewith.

b. <u>Restrictive Covenants</u>. Because of the trade secret subject matter of the Company's business and my role with the Company, I agree that during the term of my employment with the Company or its affiliates and for a period of twelve (12) months thereafter, I will not, as an officer, director, employee, consultant, owner, partner, or in any other capacity, either directly or through others do the following:

- Solicit, induce, encourage, or participate in soliciting, inducing or encouraging any person then employed by the Company or who
 has left the employment of the Company within the preceding six (6) months, or any person or entity engaged by the Company as
 a consultant or independent contractor or who/which has ceased a service relationship with the Company within the preceding six
 (6) months, to terminate such person's or entity's relationship with the Company, even if I did not initiate the discussion or seek
 out the contact; and
- ii. Solicit, canvas, induce, encourage, or participate in soliciting, canvassing, inducing, or encouraging any clients or prospective clients of the Company to terminate such entity's relationship with Company, even if I did not initiate the discussion or seek out the contact.
- iii. In addition, I will not during the term of this Agreement and for a period of three (3) months thereafter, directly or indirectly, in any individual or representative capacity, engage or participate in or provide services to any business that is competitive with the types and kinds of business being conducted by the Company.

5. Equitable Relief. I agree that it would be impossible or inadequate to measure and calculate the Company's damages from any breach of the covenants set forth in Sections 1, 2 and/or 3 herein. Accordingly, I agree that if I breach any of such Sections, the Company will have available, in addition to any other right or remedy available, the right to obtain an injunction from a court of competent jurisdiction restraining such breach or threatened breach and to specific performance of any such provision of this Agreement. I further agree that no bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief and I hereby consent to the issuance of such injunction and to the ordering of specific performance.

6. <u>General Provisions</u>

a. <u>Employment/Engagement at Will</u>. This Agreement is not an employment agreement. I understand that the Company may terminate my employment at any time, with or without cause, subject to the terms of any separate written agreement duly executed by both parties.

b. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. I acknowledge that I have had the opportunity to consult legal counsel regarding this Agreement, that I have read and understood this Agreement, that I am fully aware of its legal effect, and that I have entered into it freely and voluntarily and based on my own judgment and not on any representations, understandings, or promises other than those contained in this Agreement.

c. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by the laws of the State of New York without giving effect to the conflicts of law principles thereof. Each party hereby irrevocably and unconditionally consents to submit to the jurisdiction of the state courts of the State of New York for any actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or relating to this Agreement. The prevailing party in any litigation hereunder shall be entitled to recover all its legal costs (including without limitation, legal fees and expenses and court costs) in connection with such action.

d. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement sets forth the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and me relating to the subject matter herein and merges all prior discussions between us. No modification of or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. Any subsequent change or changes in my duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.

e. <u>Severability</u>. If one or more of the provisions in this Agreement are deemed void or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, then the remaining provisions will continue in full force and effect.

f. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Agreement will be binding upon my heirs, executors, administrators and other legal representatives and will be for the benefit of the Company, its successors, and its assigns.

g. <u>Survival; Notification</u>. The provisions of this Agreement shall survive any termination of the employment or consulting relationship between myself and the Company, regardless of the reason for such termination. The Company may notify anyone employing or engaging me at any time of the provisions of this Agreement.

/s/ Scott Harvey

Name: Scott Harvey

Date: February 16, 2024

CERTAIN IDENTIFIED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED FROM THIS EXHIBIT BECAUSE DISCLOSURE OF THAT INFORMATION WOULD CONSTITUTE A CLEARLY UNWARRANTED INVASION OF PERSONAL PRIVACY. "[***]" INDICATES THAT INFORMATION HAS BEEN REDACTED.

Via email ([***])

Paul Ohls [***] [***]

Re: Transition, Separation and Release of Claims

Dear Paul:

This letter sets forth the terms of the transition and separation agreement (the "Agreement") that Sprinklr, Inc. ("**Sprinklr**" or the "**Company**"), is offering to aid in your transition and separation of employment.

<u>Continued Employment</u>. Provided that you timely execute this Agreement and allow it to become effective by its terms, then your employment with Sprinklr will terminate on March 16, 2024, which will become your employment termination date (the "Separation Date"), unless either you or Sprinklr terminates your employment sooner as provided in Section 2. If termination occurs earlier than March 16, 2024, the actual date of termination shall become the "Separation Date" for purposes of this Agreement.

2. Transition Period.

a. Duties. Between the date of this Agreement and the Separation Date (the "Transition Period"), your title will be "Advisor" and you will transition your duties and responsibilities, be available as needed to ensure a smooth ramp up and transition of other Sprinklr personnel to replace your prior position, and provide services to Sprinklr in any area of your expertise as requested by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO") to whom you will report. You will not be expected to attend meetings or otherwise engage in the day-to-day business of the Company, unless specifically requested, and you will be allowed a reasonable amount of time to pursue outside professional opportunities. You agree to perform your Transition Period services in good faith and to the best of your abilities. During the Transition Period, you must continue to comply with all of Sprinklr's policies and procedures and with all of your statutory and contractual obligations to Sprinklr, including,

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without limitation, the confidentiality obligations under your Contract of Employment and accompanying nondisclosure agreement dated September 23, 2022 (the "**Employment Contract**"), which you acknowledge and agree are contractual commitments that remain binding upon you, both during and after the Transition Period.

- b. Compensation & Benefits. During the Transition Period, you will continue to be paid at your current base salary rate (which will be paid according to Sprinklr regular payroll practices) and will remain eligible to participate in Sprinklr benefit plans pursuant to the terms of those plans. Except as expressly set forth in this paragraph, you will not be able to participate in any additional bonus, commissions, or incentive program.
- c. Termination. As part of this Agreement, Sprinklr agrees that it will not terminate your employment other than for Cause (as defined herein) before March 16, 2024. During the Transition Period you are entitled to resign your employment for any reason with immediate effect. If prior to March 16, 2024, Sprinklr terminates your employment with Cause or you resign your employment, then you will not be entitled to any further compensation or benefits, including without limitation, the Severance Benefits defined below. For purposes of this Agreement, "Cause" for termination during the Transition Period is as defined under Sprinklr's Severance and Change in Control Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, your employment is at-will, and nothing in this Agreement alters the at-will nature of your employment relationship with the Company.
- d. Other Work Activities / Non-Competition. Throughout the Transition Period, you shall be legally employed by Sprinklr until and including the Separation Date. You may engage in employment, consulting, or other work relationships in addition to your work for Sprinklr, provided such activity does not materially impede your ability to fulfill your obligations as set forth herein. In order to protect the trade secrets and confidential and proprietary information of the Company, you agree that, during the Transition Period, you will not obtain employment with or perform competitive work for any business entity or engage in any other work activity that is competitive with Sprinklr.
- e. Acknowledgement regarding Notice Period. You represent, acknowledge, and agree that the Transition Period terms, and other provisions of this Agreement satisfy and exceed any termination and/or notice obligations of Sprinklr to provide you with advance notice of your employment termination, whether under the Employment Contract or otherwise.

- 3. <u>Final Pay</u>. On the Separation Date, Sprinklr will pay you all accrued salary earned through the Separation Date, subject to standard payroll deductions and withholdings. You are entitled to this payment regardless of whether or not you sign this Agreement. You acknowledge and agree that consistent with Sprinklr's non-accrual of paid time off, as of the Separation Date you will not have any accrued but unused vacation, holiday, or paid time off for which you are entitled to payment.
- 4. <u>Severance Benefits</u>. If you (i) timely return this fully signed Agreement to Sprinklr and allow it to become effective; (ii) comply fully with your obligations hereunder (including without limitation satisfactorily transitioning your duties during the Transition Period); (iii) remain employed with Sprinklr and perform the Transition Period services as set forth above through March 16, 2024, and (iv) after March 16, 2024 and on or before March 22, 2024, execute and return to Sprinklr the release of claims in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Separation Date Release"), then Sprinklr will provide you the following as your sole severance benefits (the "Severance Benefits"):
 - a. **Base Salary Severance**. Sprinklr will pay you an amount equal to 75% of your annual base salary rate in effect as of the Separation Date (in the total amount of USD \$328,421.34, payable in a lump sum in the Company's usual payroll cycle which is not less than sixty days following the Separation Date (but in no event earlier than the Release Effective Date (as defined in the Separation Date Release)).
 - b. Target Bonus Severance. In keeping with the Company's discretionary annual corporate bonus plan, Sprinklr will pay you i) for Fiscal Year 2024, an amount equal to USD \$152,745.62, based on the specific bonus allocation for participants on the Executive Leadership Team as determined under the corporate bonus plan; and ii) for Fiscal Year 2025, an amount equal to USD \$48,588.36, which is your prorated target annual bonus based upon the number of days you were employed by Sprinklr during such year. Payments will be paid in a lump sum, less withholdings, and deductions, on or before the Company's usual payroll cycle which is not less than sixty days following the Separation Date (but in no event earlier than the effective date of the Separation Date Release).
 - c. Health Insurance. Your active participation in Sprinklr's group health insurance plan(s), if any, will end on March 31, 2024. Coverage under any other group benefit plans or programs in which you participated, if any, will also end on March 31, 2024. Regardless of whether you enter into this Agreement, you may have the right to continue the medical and/or dental insurance coverage that you had in effect as of the Separation Date (generally for up to 18 months) under COBRA or state law equivalent. To continue health insurance coverage under COBRA or a state law

equivalent, you must pay the full premium cost plus the administrative fee. You will receive benefits continuation notices and information about your 401(k) account (if any), in separate letters. If you had group life insurance, you also will receive information about the option to convert this coverage to an individual policy.

Provided that you timely elects COBRA coverage, and accepts this Agreement and it becomes effective by its terms, the Company will make a payment equivalent to the employer and the employee portion of your healthcare continuation payment for you and your qualified dependents for any benefits elected at the time of your separation under COBRA for three (3) months (the "**COBRA Subsidy Period**"). You will be responsible for paying the employee portion at the same rate as paid for coverage by active employees for the duration of the COBRA Subsidy Period. You will be responsible for paying the cobra subsidy Period. You understand and acknowledge that if you elect COBRA coverage, coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace (also known as healthcare exchanges) (the "**Marketplace**") generally will not be available until the next annual open enrollment period offered by the Marketplace. Accordingly, you understand and acknowledge that the opportunity to obtain possibly less expensive coverage through the Marketplace may not be available until the following January.

- d. **Tax Treatment.** You will be responsible for all taxes with respect to the Severance Benefits and any other aspect of this Agreement, and you agree to indemnify, hold harmless and defend Sprinklr from any and all claims, liabilities, damages, taxes, fines or penalties sought or recovered by any governmental entity, including any governmental taxing authority, arising out of or in connection with this Agreement.
- 5. No Other Compensation or Benefits. You acknowledge that, except as expressly provided in this Agreement, you have not earned, will not earn and will not receive any additional compensation, severance, or benefits from Sprinklr, on or after the Separation Date. You further acknowledge and agree that: the benefits provided by and as set forth in this Agreement satisfy in full and exceed any and all obligations of Sprinklr to provide you with any benefits, compensation, or severance in connection with your employment termination, whether pursuant to the Severance and Change in Control Plan adopted by the Company and applicable to you, effective May 1, 2019, your Employment Contract, any other offer letter agreement or employment agreement between you and Sprinklr, or otherwise; to the extent this Agreement differs from any severance or other separation benefits you may be eligible to receive under any agreement, plan or policy, this Agreement nevertheless supersedes Sprinklr's obligation to provide you any such benefits; and upon your execution of this Agreement, any and all of Sprinklr's obligations to provide you any severance or

other separation benefits, and your eligibility to participate in any severance plan or other agreement or policy providing for potential severance benefits, shall be waived and extinguished. For the avoidance of doubt, your participation in any equity plans will be governed by the terms of those plans.

6. No Consideration Absent Execution of this Agreement/Time for Execution. You understand and agree that you would not receive the Transition Period and Severance Benefits specified in herein without your execution of this Agreement and fulfillment of the promises contained herein. You have 21 days to consider this Agreement. If not executed and returned to Sprinklr within 21 days, this Agreement will no longer be valid. This Agreement shall not become effective until the eighth (8th) day after you sign, and do not revoke, this Agreement ("Effective Date"). No payments due to you as Severance Benefits under this Agreement shall be made or begin before the Effective Date.

7. General Release, Claims Not Released, and Related Provisions.

a. General Release of All Claims. You knowingly and voluntarily release and forever discharge Sprinklr, Inc. and its affiliates, subsidiaries, divisions, predecessors, insurers, successors and assigns, and their current and former employees, attorneys, officers, directors and agents thereof, both individually and in their business capacities, and their employee benefit plans and programs and their administrators and fiduciaries (collectively referred to throughout the remainder of this Agreement as "Releasees"), of and from any and all claims, known and unknown, asserted or unasserted, which you have or may have against Releasees as of the date of execution of this Agreement, including, but not limited to, any alleged violation of the following: Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Sections 1981 through 1988 of Title 42 of the United States Code; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") (as modified below); the Immigration Reform and Control Act; the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 ("ADEA"); the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act; the Fair Labor Standards Act; the Fair Credit Reporting Act; the Family and Medical Leave Act; the Equal Pay Act; the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008; the Texas Commission on Human Rights Act, Tex. Lab. Code Ch. 21; Texas Payday Act, Tex. Lab. Code Ann. §451.001 et seq.; Texas Genetic Testing Law, Tex. Lab. Code Ann. §21.401 et seq.; Any other provision of the Texas Labor Code; Texas Health and Safety Code; Texas Civil Practices and Remedies Code Ann. Ch. 38 and Ch. 122; Texas Leave Laws;

Austin AIDS-Based Discrimination Ordinance, §7-4-120; any other federal, state or local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance; any public policy, contract, tort, or common law; or any basis for recovering costs, fees, or other expenses including attorneys' fees incurred in these matters.

- b. **ADEA Waiver**. You acknowledge that you are knowingly and voluntarily waiving and releasing any rights you may have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (the "ADEA"), and that the consideration given for the waiver and release in this section is in addition to anything of value to which you are already entitled. You further acknowledge that you have been advised, as required by the ADEA, that: (i) your waiver and release do not apply to any rights or claims that may arise after the date that you sign this Agreement; (ii) you should consult with an attorney prior to signing this Agreement (although you may choose voluntarily not to do so); (iii) you have twenty-one (21) days to consider this Agreement (although you may choose voluntarily to sign it earlier); (iv) you have seven (7) days following the date you sign this Agreement to revoke it (by providing written notice of your revocation to me); and (v) this Agreement will not be effective until the date upon which the revocation period has expired, which will be the eighth day after the date that this Agreement is signed by you provided that you do not revoke it.
- c. Claims Not Released. You are not waiving any rights you may have to: (a) your own vested accrued employee benefits under Sprinklr's health, welfare, or retirement benefit plans as of the Separation Date; (b) benefits and/or the right to seek benefits under applicable workers' compensation and/or unemployment compensation statutes; (c) pursue claims which by law cannot be waived by signing this Agreement; (d) enforce this Agreement; and (e) challenge the validity of this Agreement.
- d. **Protected Activity**. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement (including any exhibits) to the contrary, nothing herein shall prevent or prohibit you from: (a) disclosing the fact or terms of this Agreement as part of any government investigation; (b) filing a charge, complaint, or report with, or otherwise communicating with, providing information to, cooperating with, or participating in any investigation or proceeding by or before any federal, state or local government agency or commission; or (c) making truthful statements or disclosures about alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, retaliation, or other activity. While this Agreement does not limit your right to receive an award for information provided to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, you otherwise waive, to the fullest extent permitted by

law, any and all rights you may have to individual monetary relief or other individual remedies based on any claims that you have released and any rights you have waived by signing this Agreement.

- e. Collective/Class Action Waiver. If any claim is not subject to release, to the extent permitted by law, you waive any right or ability to be a class or collective action representative or to otherwise participate in any putative or certified class, collective or multi-party action or proceeding based on such a claim in which Sprinklr or any other Release identified in this Agreement is a party.
- 8. Acknowledgments and Affirmations. In signing this Agreement, you make the following affirmations:

You have not filed, caused to be filed, or presently is a party to any claim against Sprinklr;

You have been paid and/or has received all compensation, wages, bonuses, commissions, and/or benefits which are due and payable as of the date you sign this Agreement;

You have been granted any leave to which you were entitled under the Family and Medical Leave Act or related state or local leave or disability accommodation laws;

You have no known workplace injuries or occupational diseases;

You have not divulged any proprietary or confidential information of Sprinklr and will continue to maintain the confidentiality of such information consistent with Sprinklr's policies and your agreement(s) with Sprinklr and/or common law;

You have not been retaliated against for reporting any allegations of wrongdoing by Sprinklr or its officers, including any allegations of corporate fraud; and

You affirm that all Sprinklr's decisions regarding your pay and benefits through your Separation Date were not discriminatory based on age, disability, race, color, sex, religion, national origin, or any other classification protected by law.

9. <u>Confidential Information</u>. You agree that at all times during the term of your employment, and at all times thereafter, to hold in strictest confidence, and not to use, except for the benefit of the Company, or to disclose to any person, firm or corporation without written authorization of the CEO or the CEO's designee, any Confidential

Information (as defined below), except as such disclosure, use or publication may be required in connection with my work for the Company. "Confidential Information" shall mean any and all confidential and/or proprietary knowledge, data or information of the Company, including, without limitation, all trade secrets, proprietary information relating to products, processes, know-how, designs, formulas, developmental or experimental work, computer programs (including source code and object code), data bases, other original works of authorship, customer lists or prospect lists in any form, pricing information, business plans, financial information or other subject matter pertaining to any business of the Company or any of its prospects, clients, customers, consultants or licensees, in whatever form. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Confidential Information" shall not include (i) information which is at the time of disclosure, or which subsequently becomes through no fault of yours, generally available to the public; (ii) information which you received from third parties who were not under any direct or indirect obligation of confidentiality; and (iii) information which the Company has disclosed to third parties without any obligation of confidentiality.

- 10. <u>Nondisparagement</u>. You agree not to disparage Sprinklr, including any of its respective officers, directors, employees, shareholders, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, and agents, in any manner likely to be harmful to the Company or its business, business reputation or personal reputation. Sprinklr agrees to instruct the Company's current Executive Leadership Team not to disparage you in any manner likely to be harmful to you or your business or personal reputation. Notwithstanding the foregoing in this paragraph, either you or Sprinklr (including each of Sprinklr's current Executive Leadership Team individually) may respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry, or request for information when required by legal process. In addition, nothing in this provision or this Agreement is intended to prohibit or restrain you in any manner from making disclosures that are protected under the whistleblower provisions of any applicable law or regulation or as set forth in the Section of this Agreement entitled "Protected Activity."
- 11. Limited Disclosure and Return of Property. You agree not to disclose any information regarding the underlying facts leading up to or the existence or substance of this Agreement, except to your spouse, tax advisor, an attorney with whom you choose to consult regarding your consideration of this Agreement, and/or to any federal, state, or local government agency. You affirm that you have returned all Sprinklr's property, documents, and/or any confidential information in your possession or control. You also affirm that you are in possession of all your property that you had at Sprinklr's premises and that Sprinklr is not in possession of any of your property.

- 12. <u>Expense Reimbursements</u>. You agree that, within 15 days after the Separation Date, you will submit your final documented expense reimbursement statement reflecting all business expenses you incurred through the Separation Date, if any, for which you seek reimbursement. The Company will reimburse you for these expenses pursuant to its regular business practice.
- 13. <u>Governing Law and Interpretation</u>. This Agreement shall be governed and conformed in accordance with the laws of Texas without regard to its conflict of laws provision. In the event of a breach of any provision of this Agreement, either party may institute an action specifically to enforce any term or terms of this Agreement and/or to seek any damages for breach. Should any provision of this Agreement be declared illegal or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction and cannot be modified to be enforceable, excluding the general release language, such provision shall immediately become null and void, leaving the remainder of this Agreement in full force and effect.
- 14. <u>Nonadmission of Wrongdoing</u>. The Parties agree that neither this Agreement nor the furnishing of the consideration for this Agreement shall be deemed or construed at any time for any purpose as an admission by Releasees of wrongdoing or evidence of any liability or unlawful conduct of any kind.
- 15. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may not be modified, altered, or changed except in writing and signed by both Parties wherein specific reference is made to this Agreement.
- 16. <u>Confirmation of Prior Agreement</u>. You acknowledge, reaffirm, and agree to comply with your obligations under the Non-Disclosure and Invention Assignment Agreement that you previously executed for the benefit of the Company, which agreement also remains in full force and effect. You acknowledge that you have not relied on any representations, promises, or agreements of any kind made to you in connection with your decision to accept this Agreement, except for those set forth in this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company agrees to affirmatively waive any noncompetition obligations you owe to the Company as a result of the Non-Disclosure and Invention Assignment Agreement or otherwise.

YOU ARE ADVISED THAT YOU HAVE UP TO TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS TO CONSIDER THIS AGREEMENT. YOU ARE ALSO ADVISED TO CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY PRIOR TO YOUR SIGNING OF THIS AGREEMENT.

YOU MAY REVOKE THIS AGREEMENT FOR A PERIOD OF SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE DATE YOU SIGN THIS AGREEMENT. ANY REVOCATION WITHIN THIS PERIOD MUST BE SUBMITTED IN WRITING TO DIANE ADAMS AND STATE, "I HEREBY REVOKE MY ACCEPTANCE OF OUR AGREEMENT." THE REVOCATION MUST BE SENT VIA EMAIL OR REGISTERED MAIL TO DIANE ADAMS AND POSTMARKED WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER YOU SIGN THIS AGREEMENT. YOU AGREE THAT ANY MODIFICATIONS, MATERIAL OR OTHERWISE, MADE TO THIS AGREEMENT, DO NOT RESTART

YOU AGREE THAT ANY MODIFICATIONS, MATERIAL OR OTHERWISE, MADE TO THIS AGREEMENT, DO NOT RESTART OR AFFECT IN ANY MANNER THE ORIGINAL UP TO TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAY CONSIDERATION PERIOD. YOU FREELY AND KNOWINGLY, AND AFTER DUE CONSIDERATION, ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT INTENDING TO WAIVE, SETTLE AND RELEASE ALL CLAIMS YOU HAVE OR MIGHT HAVE AGAINST RELEASEES.

The Parties knowingly and voluntarily sign this Agreement as of the date set forth below: Sprinklr, Inc.

By: /s/ Diane K. Adams /s/ Paul Ohls Diane K. Adams Paul Ohls Chief Culture and Talent Officer Date: February 16, 2024 Date: February 29, 2024

Exhibit A

SEPARATION DATE RELEASE

(To be signed and returned on or after March 16, 2024, and before March 22, 2024. Note that your 21-day period for consideration of this Separation Date Release commences upon the date which you receive the Agreement)

In consideration for the benefits to be provided to you by Sprinklr, Inc. ("Sprinklr" or the "Company") pursuant to the terms of the separation and release agreement between you and the Company to which this Exhibit A is attached (the "Agreement"), you agree to the terms below. You understand this Separation Date Release (the "Release") will be effective on the eighth day following the date you sign (the "Release Effective Date").

In exchange for the consideration to which you are not otherwise entitled, as defined in and to be provided to you by the Company under the terms of the Agreement, you hereby generally and completely release the Company and any affiliate or subsidiary entities, and its and their current and former directors, officers, employees, shareholders, partners, agents, attorneys, predecessors, successors, insurers, affiliates, and assigns (collectively, the "**Released Parties**") from any and all claims, liabilities and obligations, both known and unknown, that arise out of or are in any way related to events, acts, conduct, or omissions occurring prior to or on the date that you signs this Release. This general release includes, but is not limited to: (i) all claims arising out of or in any way related to your employment with the Company or the termination of that employment; (ii) all claims related to your compensation or benefits from the Company, including salary, bonuses, commissions, vacation pay, paid time off, sick time, expense reimbursements, severance pay, fringe benefits, and contributions to retirement plan; (iii) all claims for breach of contract, wrongful termination, and breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (iv) all tort claims, including claims for fraud, defamation, emotional distress, and discharge in violation of public policy; and (v) all claims available to you at law or equity, including claims for discrimination, harassment, retaliation, attorneys' fees, or other claims arising under the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 (as amended), the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the federal Age Discrimination in Employment Act (as amended) (the "**ADEA**"), and any other claims arising under the laws of any jurisdiction in which you have provided services to the Company.

ADEA Waiver. You acknowledge that you are knowingly and voluntarily waiving and releasing any rights you may have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (the "ADEA"), and that the consideration given for the waiver and release in this section is in addition to anything of

value to which you are already entitled. You further acknowledge that you have been advised, as required by the ADEA, that: (i) your waiver and release do not apply to any rights or claims that may arise after the date that you sign this Agreement; (ii) you should consult with an attorney prior to signing this Agreement (although you may choose voluntarily not to do so); (iii) you have had twenty-one (21) days since your receipt of this Exhibit A to consider this Exhibit A; (iv) you have seven (7) days following the date you sign this Agreement to revoke it (by providing written notice of your revocation to me); and (v) this Agreement will not be effective until the date upon which the revocation period has expired, which will be the eighth day after the date that this Agreement is signed by you provided that you do not revoke it.

You are not releasing the following (the "**Excluded Claims**"): (i) any rights or claims for indemnification you may have pursuant to any written indemnification agreement with the Company to which you are a party or under applicable law; (ii) any rights which are not waivable as a matter of law; and (iii) any claims for breach of this Release. You hereby represent and warrant that, other than the Excluded Claims, you are not aware of any claims you have or may have against any of the Released Parties that are not included in the Release.

YOU UNDERSTAND THAT THIS RELEASE INCLUDES A RELEASE OF ALL KNOWN AND UNKNOWN CLAIMS, EVEN IF THOSE UNKNOWN CLAIMS THAT, IF KNOWN BY YOU, WOULD AFFECT YOUR DECISION TO ACCEPT THIS RELEASE. In giving the release herein, which includes claims which may be unknown to you at present, you hereby expressly waive and relinquish all rights and benefits under any law of any jurisdiction with respect to your release of any unknown or unsuspected claims herein.

You further agree not to disparage Sprinklr's officers, directors, employees, shareholders, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, and agents, in any manner likely to be harmful to them or their business, business reputation or personal reputation; provided that you may respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry or request for information when required by legal process. In addition, nothing in this provision or this Release is intended to prohibit or restrain Employee in any manner from making disclosures that are protected under the whistleblower provisions any governmental law or regulation or otherwise as expressly allowed under this Release.

You hereby represent that you have been paid all compensation owed and for all time worked, you have received all the leave and leave benefits and protections for which you are eligible, pursuant any statutory leave act, the Company's policies, applicable law, or otherwise, and you have not suffered any on-the-job injury or illness. You represent that You have no lawsuits, claims or actions pending in your name, or on behalf of any other person or entity, against Sprinklr or any of the Released Parties. By:_____

Paul Ohls

Date:_____

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Ragy Thomas, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sprinklr, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of
 operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this
 report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 5, 2024

 By:
 /s/ Ragy Thomas

 Name:
 Ragy Thomas

 Title:
 Founder, Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer

(Co-Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Trac Pham, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sprinklr, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of 3. operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 4. 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable b. assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's d. fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting: and
- The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit 5 committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the a registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting. b.

By:

Date: June 5, 2024

/s/ Trac Pham Trac Pham Name: Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer (Co-Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.3

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Manish Sarin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sprinklr, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of
 operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this
 report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 5, 2024

By:	
Name:	
Title:	

/s/ Manish Sarin Manish Sarin Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATIONS OF CO-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Ragy Thomas, Founder, Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer of Sprinklr Inc. (the "Company"), Trac Pham, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Manish Sarin, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge and pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended April 30, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: June 5, 2024

/s/ Ragy Thomas

Ragy Thomas Founder, Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer (Co-Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Trac Pham

Trac Pham Co-Chief Executive Officer (Co-Principal Executive Officer) /s/ Manish Sarin

Manish Sarin Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)